

**AARUPADAI VEEDU INSTITUTE OF
TECHNOLOGY, PAIYANOOR, CHENNAI**

&

**VINAYAKA MISSION'S KIRUPANANDA VARIYAR
ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SALEM**

**(Constituent Colleges of Vinayaka Mission's Research Foundation,
Deemed to be University, Salem, Tamil Nadu, India)**

(AICTE APPROVED AND NAAC ACCREDITED)



AVIT
AARUPADAI VEEDU INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



VINAYAKA MISSION'S
RESEARCH FOUNDATION
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of the UGC Act 1956)



Accredited by NAAC



Approved by AICTE

Faculty of Engineering and Technology

REGULATIONS 2017

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Programme:

B.E / B.Tech. CIVIL ENGINEERING

Full Time (4 Years)

STRUCTURED CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (SCBCS)

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS

(Semester I to VIII)

**VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION
(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)
SALEM, INDIA
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING/ TECHNOLOGY (B.E/B.TECH.)
FULL TIME DEGREE PROGRAMME
UNDER
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
REGULATIONS 2017
STRUCTURED CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
(FOR THE STUDENTS ADMITTED FROM 2017-18 ONWARDS)**

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Revised Memorandum of Association (RM2010) and Revised Bye-Laws (RB2010) of the Vinayaka Mission's Research Foundation (Deemed to be University), Salem, Board of Management of the University hereby issue the following regulations pertaining to the undergraduate Programme and the award of the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E. / B.TECH.) at this University.

1. TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

These regulations shall be called "**REGULATIONS FOR BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY (B.E / B.TECH.)-FULL TIME DEGREE PROGRAMME –2017 (R2017)**".

These regulations **come into force with effect from Academic year 2017-18** and are subject to such modifications as may be approved by the apex bodies of the University from time to time.

2. PREAMBLE

The Degree of Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E/B.TECH.) in Faculty of Engineering and Technology shall be awarded to a candidate who, as per these regulations, has successfully undergone the programme, passed the prescribed examinations and thereby qualified to receive the degree.

3. DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURE

In the Regulations, unless the context to the contrary requires, certain terms used and their meanings are as under.

- i. "MHRD" means Ministry of Human Resources Development.
- ii. "UGC" means University Grants Commission.
- iii. "AICTE" means All India Council for Technical Education.
- iv. "University" means Vinayaka Mission's Research Foundation (Deemed to be University), Salem.
- v. "Vice Chancellor or VC" means Vice Chancellor of the University.
- vi. "Board of Management or BoM" means Board of the Management- the highest governing body of the University.
- vii. "Academic Council or AC" means Academic - Council the highest academic body of the University, chaired by the Vice Chancellor.
- viii. "Board of Studies or BoS" means Board of Studies of the University under the Faculty of Engineering and Technology.
- ix. "CoE" means Controller of Examinations of the University.
- x. "Dean" means Dean for the Faculty of Engineering and Technology of the University.
- xi. "Institution or College" means Engineering College constituted under University.
- xii. "Programme" means Under Graduate Programme leading to the award of Degree B.E./B.TECH. approved by the UGC, AICTE and University.
- xiii. "Branch" means specialization or discipline of B.E./B.TECH. Degree Programme, such as Mechanical Engineering, Electronics and Communication Engineering etc.
- xiv. "Course" means every paper/subject of study offered by various departments.
- xv. "Credit" is the Course work which is measured in units, based on hours conducted/week and content of course.

- xvi. "Head of Institution or HoI" means Principal of the Constituent Engineering College of the University.
- xvii. "HoD" means Head of the Department of the College.
- xviii. "Curriculum and Syllabus" means the various components/courses studied in each programme that provides appropriate knowledge in the chosen branch. The curriculum and syllabus for study is as prescribed by the Board of Studies (BoS) with the approval of the concerned Academic Council (AC) based on the UGC/AICTE regulations.
- xix. "Teaching Staff or Teacher" means The Dean of Faculty, The Principal of the college, Professors, Associate Professors, Assistant Professors, Pro-term Lecturers and other persons engaged in teaching of the students and assisting the students in the conduct of studies and Research in the College/University.

4. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

i. First year Admission

The candidate seeking admission to the first semester Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E./B.TECH.) degree programme should have passed the Higher secondary examination or the Indian School Certificate Examination which is equivalent to 10+2 Higher Secondary Examination with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics/Biology/ Botany and Zoology put together with English OR should have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of Vocational stream (Vocational groups in Engineering/ Technology with Mathematics/Physics/Chemistry as one of the subjects of study) as prescribed by the concerned State Government.

ii. Lateral Entry Admission

The candidate seeking admission to the third semester of Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E./B.TECH.) programme should have passed a 10 + 3 Diploma (any stream) in Engineering / Technology awarded by State Board of Technical Education or its equivalent in relevant fields or B.Sc. Degree with Mathematics as a subject are eligible to apply for Lateral entry admission to the third semester.

iii. The Academic council of the university from time to time may include any other examination which in scope and standard is found to be equivalent to the intermediate technical examination of an Indian University/Board, taking Physics, Chemistry and Biology/ Mathematics including practical test in each of these subjects and English. The candidates also shall satisfy the conditions regarding the minimum marks, age and physical fitness as may be prescribed by the Academic council of the university from time to time.

iv. The candidates with disability should produce the Disability Certificate issued by the duly constituted District Medical Board.

v. MIGRATION

Migration/Transfer of students from one Engineering college/University to another Engineering college/University may be granted on any genuine ground subject to the availability of vacancy in the college where migration is sought and fulfilling the other requirements. The eligibility criteria decided by Academic Council time to time will be applicable for these students.

5. ADMISSION

Guidelines issued time to time for admission of students in educational institutions by State Govt. of Tamil Nadu and All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) is adhered and followed strictly for admission of eligible students to various Under Graduate programmes.

6. REGISTRATION OF CANDIDATE IN UNIVERSITY

A candidate admitted in the Under Graduate Programme in the constituent Engineering Colleges of the University shall register with the University by remitting the prescribed fees along with the application form for registration duly filled in and forwarded to the Controller of Examinations of this University through the Head of the Institutions within the stipulated date.

7. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

i. Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E./B.TECH.)—REGULAR (Ist Semester Onwards)

The duration for the Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E /B.TECH.)REGULAR DEGREE programmes shall extend **over a period of 4 years (8 semesters) for the students admitted in first semester but in any case not more than 8 years (16 semesters).**

ii. Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E./B.TECH.)–REGULAR – LATERAL ENTRY (III Semester Onwards)

The duration for the Bachelor of Engineering/Technology (B.E/B.TECH.)REGULAR DEGREE- **Lateral Entry programmes** shall extend **over a period of 3 years (6 semesters) for the students admitted in third semester and not more than 7 years (14 semesters).**

iii. The total duration for completion of the programme reckoned from the commencement of the first semester to which the student was admitted shall not exceed the maximum durations specified.

iv. The academic year is divided into **two Semesters, odd semester normally spanning from July to December and the even semester from January to June.**

8. EXTENSION OF MAXIMUM DURATION

The candidates who fail to complete the year-wise programme as mentioned in clause 7 would be permitted to complete the programme within a period of 8 years (7 years for Lateral Entry candidates) from the date of admission to the course. Those who fail to complete within the extended period may apply for extension to the Vice-Chancellor. The decision of Vice-Chancellor will be final.

9. COMMENCEMENT OF THE COURSE

The academic year for the programme shall commence in the month of July every year except first year. The first year classes shall commence in the month of August.

10. WORKING DAYS IN AN ACADEMIC YEAR

Each semester normally consists of **90 working days** including Tests, Model exams and Practicals.

11. BREAK OF STUDY – MAXIMUM ONE YEAR

i. Maximum **two semesters or One Year break of study** will be allowed in the entire duration of the course for genuine reasons like serious health problems and calamitous family situations.

ii. The Vice chancellor is vested with the power to permit the break and rejoining the course for which the candidate must apply in the prescribed form enclosing necessary supporting documents and fees through his/her Head of the Institution (HoI).

iii. **If a student is detained for want of requisite attendance, progress and good conduct, the period spent in that semester shall not be considered as permitted Break of Study.**

12. CHANGE OF PROGRAMME OF STUDY / BRANCH

A student may opt for changes of his/her programme of study/branch i.e. one programme to another programme. In general, most of the common courses are prescribed in first semester only; this option is admissible maximum up to commencement of 2nd semester only. Even in the midst of 2nd semester, exercising of this option is not feasible.

13. DISCIPLINE

i. Every student is required to be disciplined and maintain decorum both inside and outside the college campus.

ii. Students should not indulge in any activity which can bring down the reputation of the University or College.

iii. The Principal shall constitute a disciplinary committee consisting of Principal, two Heads of Departments, and faculty advisor of the student and others as per the discretion of Principal to

enquire into acts of indiscipline and notify the Academic Council about the disciplinary action taken.

14. PROGRAMMES OF STUDY – B.E./B.TECH DEGREE AND STRUCTURE OF COURSES – SCBCS AND OBE

i) Programmes

Every student shall undergo a period of certified study extending over 4 academic years allocated into 8 semesters (3 academic years allocated into 6 semester for lateral entry students) with the duration of six months period from the date of commencement of his/her study for the subjects comprising the Engineering/Technical curriculum to the date of completion of the examination.

Sl.No.	Degree	Programme
1.	B.E / B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering
2.	B.E / B.Tech.	Automobile Engineering
3.	B.Tech.	Biotechnology
4.	B.E / B.Tech.	Biomedical Engineering
5.	B.E / B.Tech.	Computer Science and Engineering
6.	B.E / B.Tech.	Cloud Computing
7.	B.E / B.Tech.	Civil Engineering
8.	B.E / B.Tech.	Electronics and Communication Engineering
9.	B.E / B.Tech.	Electrical and Electronics Engineering
10.	B.E / B.Tech.	Mechatronics
11.	B.E / B.Tech.	Mechanical Engineering
12.	B.E / B.Tech.	Solar and Alternate Energy
13.	B.Tech.	Information Technology

ii) Structured Choice Based Credit System (SCBCS)

The tremendous growth of Science and Technology has made inroads in every sphere of human activity. It has created opportunities, challenges and opened new horizon in the pursuit of knowledge, career and accomplishments. Aspirants are crossing oceans in the pursuit of knowledge and for successful career. The globalization and subsequent opening of our economy have provided ample opportunities in the quest of knowledge to the students of our Nation. Hence a need has arisen to provide flexible, need based, versatile and learner oriented Education / Knowledge to our students and make them competitive. If the present rigid academic system and the Institution methodologies are continued to be imposed, the learners may not have the choice of courses of their liking and hence will not meet the requirements to strengthen their knowledge in specific areas needed for their career. In view of the above a move has to be initiated from Institution centric to learner oriented education system.

The **Structured Choice Based Credit System (SCBCS)** provides ample opportunity for multiple entries, large number of electives, flexible pace for earning credits, carryover of such credits, and choice of courses from other branches.

Further it has the ability to accommodate diverse choices that the students may like to have. SCBCS is a way in which a student has complete freedom in tailoring his course the way he wishes. Students have the flexibility to pursue their other interests in sports or club activities and scheduling classes accordingly.

It is a beautiful system that is tailor made to suit all the kinds of students with all learning needs, whether someone wishes to complete subjects early or pursue subjects at his own pace satisfying the criteria of minimum and maximum duration of completion of degree.

In addition, this system ensures offerings of subjects from all disciplines encouraging students to pursue multiple interests and develop themselves wholly.

iii) Outcome Based Education (OBE)

Outcome Based Education (OBE) is an educational theory that bases each part of an educational system around goals (outcomes). By the end of the educational experience, each student should have achieved the goal. There is no single specified style of teaching or assessment in OBE; instead, classes, opportunities, and periodic assessments should all help students achieve the specified outcomes. The role of the faculty adapts into instructor, trainer, facilitator, and/or mentor based on the outcomes targeted.

It accommodates the wants and needs of the entire student community as a whole. With this system, a student can prepare his/her own timetable with the specific courses he/she intends to do in that semester along with the timings of classes and choice of teachers.

Outcomes of OBE

(a) Clarity

The focus on outcomes creates a clear expectation of what needs to be accomplished by the end of the course. Students will understand what is expected of them and teachers will know what they need to teach during the course. Clarity is important over years of student's academic tenure and when team teaching is involved. Each team member will have a clear understanding of what needs to be accomplished in each class, or at each level, allowing students to progress. Those designing and planning the curriculum are expected to work backwards once an outcome has been decided upon; they must determine what knowledge and skills will be required to reach the outcome.

(b) Flexibility

With a clear sense of what needs to be accomplished, teachers will be able to structure their lessons around the student's needs. OBE does not specify a specific method of instruction and it provides freedom to the teachers to teach the student using any method.

Teachers will also be able to recognize diversity among students by using various teaching and assessment techniques during their class. OBE is meant to be a [student centered learning](#) model. Teachers are meant to guide and help the students understand the material in any necessary way, study guides, and group work are some of the methods teachers can use to facilitate students learning.

(c) Involvement

Student involvement in the classroom is a key part of OBE. Students are expected to do their own learning, so that they gain a full understanding of the material. Increased student involvement allows students to feel responsible for their own learning, and they should learn more through this individual learning. Other aspects of involvement are parental and community, through developing curriculum, or making changes to it. OBE outcomes are meant to be decided upon within the college system, or at a local level. Parents and community members are asked to give input in order to uphold the standards of education within a community and to ensure that students will be prepared for life after college.

15. Curriculum Design and Components

The curriculum shall be submitted to the Academic Council for approval based on the recommendation of concerned Board of faculty and Board of Studies. Each programme shall have a curriculum comprising of Theory, Theory cum Practical and Practical courses with well defined **Program Outcomes and Programme Educational Objectives (PEO) as per Outcome Based Education (OBE) framework. The content of each course and Course Outcomes (CO) are well mapped with Program Outcomes (PO) and Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)**

The details of structure of courses and range of credits (Minimum and Maximum Credits to be earned by students) for each category are as described below.

CREDIT STRUCTURE OF COURSE CATEGORY

Sl. No.	Category of Courses	Credits to be earned Min – Max.
01	A. Foundation Courses (FC)	54 - 63
	i. Humanities and Sciences (English and Management Subjects)	12 – 21
	ii. Basic Sciences (Maths, Physics and Chemistry Subjects)	24 – 33
	iii. Engineering Sciences (Basic Engineering Courses)	18 - 27
02	B. Core courses (CC) relevant to the chosen programme of study.	81
03	C. Elective Courses (EC)	18 - 27
	i. Programme Specific (Class Room or Online)	12 – 15
	ii. Open Elective (Class Room or Online)	6 - 9
04	D. Project + Internship + Industry Electives (P + I + I)	18
	i. Project	9
	ii. Internship / Industry Supported Courses	9
05	**E. Employability Enhancement Courses + Co - Curricular Courses + Extra Curricular Courses	9 - 18
	i. Employability Enhancement Courses (Personality Development Training, Participation in Seminars, Professional Practices, Summer Project, Case Study etc.)	3 - 6
	ii. Co - Curricular Courses (NCC, NSS, Sports, Games, Drills and Physical Exercises)	3 - 6
	iii. Extra Curricular Courses	3 - 6
Minimum Credits to be earned		180
** - Mandatory, Credits would be mentioned in Mark sheets but not included for CGPA Calculations. For overall CGPA calculations, a student has to earn minimum 171 credits in Categories A to D.		

i) Components of Curriculum

(a) Category A - Foundation Courses (FC) (Min – 54 & Max 63 Credits)

The student has to choose the course belongs to Humanities and Sciences (English and Management Subjects- Min – 12& Max 21 Credits), Basic Sciences (Maths, Physics and Chemistry Subjects- Min – 24& Max 33 Credits) and Engineering Sciences (Basic Engineering Courses - Min – 18& Max 27 Credits) fulfilling the criteria of minimum and maximum credit to be earned. The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

(b) Category B - Core Courses relevant to the Programme (81Credits)

The courses related to the Programme have been specified during board of studies. The students have to choose the course as per their convenience and with consultation of faculty advisor. **It is mandatory for a student to earn 81 Credits in core courses.** The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

(c) Category C - Elective Courses (EC) (Min 18 & Max 27Credits)

The courses under this category are grouped under two categories:

(i) Programme Specific Elective (Min 12& Max15Credits)

Programme Specific electives are courses offered by the same department relevant to the **core or specialization**. These courses may or may not have any prerequisites and can be chosen as and when required by students. **The students have to select electives from the list specified in respective board of studies.** The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

(ii) Open Elective (Min 06& Max09Credits)

A student should opt for minimum TWO (Total 06 Credits) and maximum THREE courses (Total 09 Credits), as Open Elective Course offered by other departments. Course offered under this category should not have pre-requisite conditions. The course will be offered with the approval of both Head of the Departments. The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

(d) Category D -Project, Internship and Industry Electives (18 Credits)

(i) Project (9 Credits)

The student has to earn 9 credits compulsorily by doing a quality project depicting his earned knowledge in his/her domain in 8th Semester. Project work cannot be undertaken before and has to be completed in 8th semester or final semester of the studies (if it is after 8th semester). The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

(ii) Internship / Industrial Training/Mini Project (Max. 3 Credits)

It is mandatory for every student to undergo In-plant training in any industry/ organization during the program of studies and earn Credits. **Every 2 weeks (14 Days) of internship/training/Mini Project, whole or sum total of part, in industry is equivalent to 1 credit. The credits earned(Max. 3) will be awarded to the student after the submission of internship/training report to the Head of the Department.** The report will be evaluated by a team of faculty members nominated by the Head of the Department. Based on the recommendation by the team, the student will be awarded credits in this category and the results will be sent to The Controller of Examinations after the approval by the Head of the Institution. The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

The final semester project period at industry/research organization will not be considered as industrial training/internship for earning credits in this category.

(iii) Industry Supported Courses (6 Credits)

Students can opt for one-credit, two credit and three credit courses, offered by industry/ research organizations and approved by academic council. Students can register such courses as and when these courses are conducted by different departments. A student is also permitted to register for these courses of other departments, provided the student has fulfilled the necessary pre-requisites of the course being offered and subject to the approval of both the heads of departments. A student can register for only one course in a semester. These courses are evaluated by the respective course coordinator of the programme. **The maximum number of credits earned from industry supported courses is limited to 6.** The credits earned in this category will be used for overall CGPA calculation.

If a student who registers for industry supported one-credit, two credit and three credit courses does not successfully complete the course, the registration of that course will be considered as cancelled. Further, it will not be treated as arrear and no supplementary examination will be conducted; alternatively, if he/she wishes, he/she can re-register for the same course in the ensuing semesters and successfully complete it as and when it is offered subsequently.

(e) Category E - Employability Enhancement Courses / Co-Curricular Courses / Extra Curricular Courses (Min 09& Max 18 Credits)

(i) Employability Enhancement Courses (Min 03& Max 06 Credits)

Students will be offered a set of employability enhancement courses through placement and training cell such as development of communication skills, skill development programmes related to technical aspects, personality development training, participation in seminars, professional practices, summer project, case study etc. **Every 2 weeks (14 Days) of training, whole or sum total of part, is equivalent to 1 credit. The credits earned** will be awarded to the student after the submission of training report to the Head of the Department. The report will be evaluated by Head of the Department and based on the recommendation of HoD, the student will be awarded credits in this category and the results will be sent to The Controller of Examinations after the approval by the Head of the Institution. **The credits earned in this category will not be used for overall CGPA calculation.**

(ii) Co-Curricular Courses (Min 03 & Max 06 Credits)

(a) Personality and Character Development

All students shall register, on admission, in any one of the **personality and character development programmes (NCC/NSS)** and undergo training and attend camps as prescribed by the respective officers / coordinators. The training shall include classes on hygiene and health awareness and also training in first aid.

National Cadet Corps (NCC) will have a number of parades/camps specified by the NCC officer.

National Service Scheme (NSS) will have social service activities in and around the college specified by the NSS coordinator.

Sports, games, drills and physical exercises specified by the Physical Director

While the training activities will normally be during weekends, the camp will normally be in vacation period. Every student shall put in a minimum attendance in the training and attend the camp. **A student attending 10 days NCC Camp or two weeks (14 days) of NSS Camp, whole or sum total of part, will be awarded One Credit. In sports, representation in Intra-University, Inter-University, State and National Levels will be equivalent to 1, 2 and 3 Credits respectively.** Based on the recommendation of NCC /NSS Officer, Physical Director, respective HoD and approval of HoI, credits will be awarded to the student and the same will be forwarded to Controller of Examinations. **The credits earned in this category will not be used for overall CGPA calculation.**

(iii) Extra –Curricular Courses (Min 03 & Max 06 Credits)

Students are encouraged to register for online courses (extra-disciplinary, inter-disciplinary, societal, environmental etc.) in SWAYAM, NPTEL, IIT BOMBAY, NITTTR Chandigarh etc.) which are provided with certificate after evaluation of the performance. The courses should not include areas already covered as core or elective.

15 Hours of the course will be equivalent to One Credit. **Credits earned in these courses will not be counted for giving degree with MINOR.** On successful completion of the course, he/she has to submit the copy of the certificate to the Head of the Department. Based on the recommendation by the Head of the Department, the student will be awarded credits in this category and the results will be sent to The Controller of Examinations after the approval of Head of the Institution. **The credits earned in this category will not be used for overall CGPA calculation.**

Employability Enhancement Course, Co-Curricular Course and Extra Curricular Course will be endorsed in marks statement along with credits earned in these courses. A consolidated list of students with all requisite details will be submitted by HoI of constituent college to CoE, VMRFDU for updation and endorsement in marks statement.

Bloom's taxonomy is a set of **three (cognitive, affective and psychomotor domain) hierarchical models** used to classify **educational learning objectives** into **levels of complexity and specificity**. The three models cover the learning objectives in cognitive, affective and sensory domains. The cognitive domain list has been the primary focus of most traditional education and is frequently used to structure curriculum learning objectives, assessments and activities.

Each course contents are structured to fulfil the requirement of learning objectives and course outcomes with respect to “**Remember, Understand, Apply, Analyze, Evaluate, and Create**” which covers all the three models of Bloom’s taxonomy for achieving the targets specified in Program Outcomes.

17. COURSE CODE

Courses are assigned with a Course Code which is based on year of regulation (first two digits), two letters alphabetical code of offering department like ME for Mechanical Engineering, AR for Aeronautical Engineering etc., category (HS for Humanities & Sciences, BS for Basic Sciences, ES for Engineering Sciences, EC for Elective Courses, SE for Specialisation Elective Courses etc.) which it belongs followed by two numerical digits which is based on the order of the course in the category of courses (starts from 01 for theory courses and 81 for Practical Courses).

For Example:

Course Name	Year of Regulation	Offering Department	CATEGORY	Order of the Course	CODE
Engineering Mathematics	2017	Mathematics (MA)	Basic Science (BS)	01	17MABS01
Technical English	2017	English (EG)	Humanities & Sciences (HS)	01	17EGHS01
English Language Lab	2017	English (EG)	Humanities & Sciences (HS)	81	17EGHS81
Essentials of Computing	2017	Computer Science (CS)	Engineering Sciences (ES)	01	17CSES01
Principles of Flight	2017	Aeronautical (AR)	Core Courses (CC)	01	17ARCC01
Flight Lab	2017	Aeronautical(AR)	Core Courses (CC)	81	17ARCC81

18. REGISTRATION OF COURSES – EVEN/ODD SEMESTER

- The students will register courses to be studied in semester (Even/Odd) with their department in first week of commencement of semester or whenever it is asked for. The selection of courses should satisfy the credit structure of courses as per the components of curriculum. A prior confirmation of offering of the course is to be obtained from respective HoD for open electives. Faculty advisor will assist and provide necessary guidance to the students for planning and selection of courses.

- b. In a semester (Even / Odd), a student can register fresh courses to be studied in the semester for minimum 14 Credits and maximum 30 credits. The criteria for registration of courses for minimum 14 will not be applicable for those students who are having less than 14 credits to be earned for awarding of degree. In such cases, the students will be allowed to register for the remaining courses for less than 14 credits. The limit of Maximum 30 credits do not include courses of reappearance i.e. 'RA' grade in courses awarded in previous attempt. The students are having liberty in registration of any number of courses in which 'RA' grade is obtained. Courses of reappearance with 'RA' grade will be considered as arrears. Students have to register afresh for exams of courses they have not passed in previous semesters.
- c. The students are at liberty to drop the course (except pre-requisite courses) in which reappearance "RA" grade is obtained and can choose a new course. The student may attend the class when the course is offered in the department but it is not mandatory.
- d. The students must fulfil the requirement of attendance percentage in Pre-requisite courses in a semester before choosing other courses for which Pre-requisite condition is specified in subsequent semesters.
- e. Internal Assessment (IA) Marks already awarded for the courses studied including pre-requisite courses will be taken into consideration and valid for three attempts only. The students, if they wish, can apply for the improvement of IA Marks of the courses to CoE Office through HoI by paying required fee. The student will be awarded with improved IA after submission of fresh assignments and appearing in internal exams conducted by faculty in-charge for that particular course. Improved IA marks with required fee should be forwarded to CoE office through HoI.

19. Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction for lectures, examinations and project work is English, except for language courses other than English.

20. Course Evaluation in a Semester

Course work is measured in units called credit hours or simply credits. In assigning the credits for the courses, 1 Period lecture/week, 2 Period tutorial/week, 2 Period practical/week, 2 Period project work or 2 seminar/week is equivalent to 1 credit. The number of periods or hours of a course per week is the number of credits for that course. Accordingly, the course is designed and assigned with 1, 2, 3 and 4 Credits.

The total number of credits a student earns during the course of study period will be called the **total credits earned**. For successful completion of B.E/B.TECH. programme, a student must earn minimum 180 credits including 9 credits from Category 'E' courses if it is a Regular (8 semesters) programme and 130 credits including 9 credits from Category 'E' courses if it is a Lateral Entry (6 semesters) programme. The credits earned in Category 'E' courses will not be used for overall CGPA Calculations. **Overall CGPA will be calculated out of 171 Credits and 121 Credits for Regular (8 semesters) and Lateral Entry (6 semesters) programmes respectively.**

21. Academic Structure

a) Faculty Advisor

To help the students in planning the courses and for general guidance on the academic programme, the Head of the Department will allot a certain number of student's teacher of the department who shall function as faculty advisor throughout their period of study. The faculty advisor shall advise the students and monitor the courses undergone by the students, check attendance and progress of the students and counsel them periodically. The faculty advisor may also discuss with the HoD and inform parents periodically about the progress of the students. The faculty advisor maintains a diary regarding his/her student profile.

b) Class Committee

The class committee shall be constituted within the first week of commencement of every semester.

Every class will have a class committee constituted by the HOD. Members of the class committee will be consisting of one Chair-person (a teacher who is not normally teaching any course for the class), all teacher handling courses for the class, and Students (minimum of 4 students consisting of 2 boys and 2 girls on pro-rata basis). Duties and responsibilities of the class committee shall include the following:

- i. Clarify the regulations of the programme and the detail so far as there in.
- ii. Inform the student representatives, the academic schedule including the dates of assessment examinations and the syllabus coverage for each assessment.
- iii. Inform the student representatives regarding weightage used for each assessment. In the case of practical courses (laboratory/drawing/projectwork/seminar etc.) the breakup of marks for each experiment/exercise/module of work etc. should be clearly discussed in the class committee meeting and informed to the students.
- iv. Analyse the performance of the students of the class after each test and initiate steps for improvement.
- v. Identify slow learners, if any, and request the teachers concerned to provide help/guidance/coaching to such students.
- vi. Discuss and sort out other problems experienced by students in the classroom and in the laboratories.
- vii. The chairperson of the class committee may invite the faculty advisor and the Head of the Department to the meeting of the class committee. The principal may participate in any class committee meeting of the Institution.
- viii. The chair person is required to prepare the minutes of every meeting, submit the same through the Head of the Department to the Principal within two days of the meeting and arrange to circulate the same among the students and teachers concerned.
- ix. Points requiring action by the University shall be brought to the notice of the University by the Principal.
- x. The first meeting of the class committee shall be held within one week from the date of commencement of these semester, in order to inform the students about the nature and weightage of assessments as per the framework of the Regulations. Two or three subsequent meetings may be held in a semester at suitable intervals. During these meetings the student representatives shall meaningfully interact and express opinions and suggestions of the students of the class to improve the effectiveness of the teaching learning process.

c) Course Committee for Common Courses

Generally, in 1st and 2nd semester, common courses are offered to maximum students. Each common course offered to more than one class/ branch by more than one teacher shall have a course committee comprising of all the teachers teaching the common course with one of them nominated as Course Coordinator.

The HoD will nominate the course committee for common course/courses handled in their department. The Principal will nominate the course committee for common courses handled in more than one department. **This course committee will ensure that a common question paper is prepared for the tests/exams and uniform evaluation is carried out.** The Course committee will meet a minimum of 3 times in each semester.

22. UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

a) Commencement of Examinations

The University Examinations will be conducted twice in an academic year. The Controller of Examinations would notify the dates of examinations to the candidates. There shall be two main examinations in a year to be held not later than 6 months after the publication of results.

b) The duration of the Examination should be 3 hours. The maximum marks for each and every question paper is 100 marks. The Evaluation will be for 100 marks for each course, followed by conversion of marks for out of 50 as external assessment which will be added with IA Mark (out of 50) and result will be declared by CoE as per the grades specified.

c) A student who has appeared and passed in any course is not permitted to reappear in the course/exam for the purpose of improvement of the Grades. However, he/she may apply for revaluation of answer script by paying prescribed fee.

d) Admission to Examinations

No candidate shall be permitted to appear for the Examination unless he/she secures 75% of overall attendance in that semester. If a candidate fails to satisfy the requirement of 75% attendance, he/she is required to repeat that incomplete course(s) whenever offered.

Note: All students are expected to attend all classes and secure 100% attendance. The above provision of minimum 75% attendance is made to compensate for unavoidable reasons such as medical leave/permitted participation in sports and Co-curricular activities.

The days of suspension of a student on disciplinary grounds will be considered as days of absence for calculating the percentage of attendance.

Examination applications completed in all respect will be forwarded by HoI of constituent colleges to office of CoE, VMRFDU for further necessary action.

e) Submission of Students Attendance to CoE

The Head of the Institutions of the Constituent Colleges has to furnish attendance particulars specifying the number of working days attended by the candidate to the Controller of Examinations of the University, after 45 days of commencement of semester and before commencement of examination in both hard and soft copy.

The final attendance particulars of students for registration of students for semester ending university examinations are to be submitted two weeks prior to the commencement of the Examination. As the candidate would have paid the fees for the particular Examination, it could be presumed that he/she would attend the rest of the classes in the remaining two weeks after submission of attendance particulars to the University and appear in the Examination.

f) Lack of Attendance

A student who has an attendance less than 75% in a course during odd/even semester, will not be allowed to appear for the immediate odd/even semester examination in that course.

g) Condonation

A student who has an attendance between 65% and 74% will be allowed to write the semester ending university examinations provided the student pays the condonation fees as prescribed by the University from time-to-time.

Condonation of lack of attendance shall be taken up for consideration under the following circumstances:

- i. Any illness affecting the candidate (The candidate should submit Medical Certificate from a registered Medical Practitioner to the Dean/Principal of the faculty/college immediately after returning to college after treatment)
- ii. Any unforeseen tragedy in the family. (The parent / guardian should give in writing the reason for the ward's absence to the Principal).
- iii. Participation in NCC/NSS/YRC and other co-curricular activities representing the college or University. The Head of the Institution should permit the candidate to participate and instruct the concerned officers in charge of the student's activities in their college to endorse the leave. Such cases may be granted 10% attendance for their participation.
- iv. Any other reason the Head of Institution deems reasonable for Condonation.

23. Assessment and Evaluation – Internal and External

a) The Institution / University shall ensure that the required number of hours for lecture / practical / seminar etc., in the courses of B.E / B.TECH. are completed and examinations are to be conducted as specified in the regulations.

b) The Institution / University shall ensure that the students of the colleges, who do not fulfil the minimum requirements of Regulations for Engineering/Technology will not be permitted to appear in the semester ending university examinations.

c) Theory and practical paper examination shall be of three hours duration each.

d) Methods of Assessment/Evaluation

Evaluation of students will be done by conducting written tests, practical's, mini projects, seminars, viva voce etc. It is achieved by following two independent processes of assessment.

i) Formative or Internal Assessment (IA) is done through a series of tests and examinations conducted by the institution.

ii) Summative or External Assessment (EA) is done by evaluation of performance in semester ending university examinations conducted by CoE.

e) Courses for Internal Evaluation Only

The details of credits earned by a student in the courses mentioned below will be forwarded to office of Controller of Examinations through HoI of constituent colleges as and when the course is completed by the student for necessary updation and endorsement in marks statement along with proof of completion of courses as enclosures.

As office of Controller of Examinations do not play an active role in conducting examination and evaluation for these courses except endorsement of the credits earned by students in marks statement on the recommendation of HoI, the students are not liable to pay examination fees for these courses.

Sl. No.	Category of Courses	Credits to be Earned
1.	<u>Category D</u> (i) Internship (ii) Industry Supported Courses for which only internal evaluation by industry expert is prescribed.	9
2.	<u>Category E</u> (i) Employability Enhancement Courses (ii) Co-Curricular Courses (iii) Extra Curricular Courses	Min – 9 Max – 18
3.	<u>For awarding Degree with MINOR</u> (i) Online Courses through MOOCs (Massive Open Online Courses). (ii) Skill Development Courses by external resource persons.	Min - 20

f) Internal Assessment

- i. Weightage for the internal assessment shall be 50% of the total marks in each course.
- ii. Day to day records should be given importance during internal assessment.
- iii. The internal assessment marks for all courses should be submitted to the University endorsed by the Principal of the College within a week after the last working day.
- iv. The IA Marks shall be based on day to day assessment, evaluation of student assignment, preparation for seminar, Internal/Model/Online test etc.
- v. Internal assessment shall relate to different ways of student's participation in learning process during semesters. For example, Preparation of courses for seminar, tutorials, problem solving exercises, participation in Project Contests in the Engineering/Technology, skill and proficiency in carrying out small research project, Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) test etc.
- vi. Each Assessment mentioned above is examined and recorded. Some of the assessment can be assigned as Home work/ Vacation work.
- vii. The continuing assessment tests / examinations for theory may be held frequently, at least three times, two internal tests and one Model Examination, in a given semester and the marks of that examination shall be taken into consideration for the award of Internal Assessment (IA) marks.
- viii. A minimum of one model practical examination shall be conducted during the semester and marks for that examination shall be taken into consideration for awarding of Internal Assessment (IA) marks for Practical Course.
- ix. It is mandatory for a student to secure minimum 18 out of 50 marks in Internal Assessment in all courses registered in that semester.
- x. The students have to register courses including arrears afresh in every semester including pre-requisites. Internal Assessment (IA) Marks already awarded for the courses studied including pre-requisite courses will be taken into consideration and valid for three attempts only. The students, if they wish, can apply for the improvement of IA Marks of the courses to CoE Office through Hol by paying required fee. The student will be awarded with improved IA after submission of fresh assignments and appearing in internal exams conducted by faculty in-charge for that particular course. Improved IA marks with required fee should be forwarded to CoE office through Hol.

g) Parameters for Awarding Internal Assessment (IA) Marks

i. Attendance, Record and Marks for attendance

Every teacher is required to maintain an 'ATTENDANCE AND ASSESSMENT RECORD' for each course handled, which consists of students attendance in each lecture/practical/projectwork classes, the test marks and there cord of classwork (topics covered).

This should be submitted to the Head of the Department periodically (at least 3 times in a semester) for checking the syllabus coverage and there cords of test marks and attendance. The HoD after due verification will sign the above record. At the end of semester, the Record should be verified by the Principal.

The marks allocated for attendance in Internal Assessment (IA) marks is as follows.

%of Attendance	Marks
Less than and Equal to 75	0
76 - 80	1
81 - 85	2
86 - 90	3
91 - 95	4
96 - 100	5

ii. IA MARKS CALCULATION

a) Theory Course

Internal Assessment for Theory Course

S. No	Components for Internal Assessment Marks	Duration (in minutes)	Maximum Marks
1.	Two Continuous Assessment Tests (CAT) I, II	90	20
2.	Model Exam	180	15
3.	Assignment/ Seminar/ Online test/ Mini Project	-	10
4.	Attendance	-	05
Total Marks			50

b) Practical Courses

Practicals will be conducted in the laboratories. The objective will be to assess proficiency in skills to conduct experiment, interpretation of data and logical conclusion. Every practical exercise experiment in all practical courses will be evaluated based on the conduct of exercise/experiment and records maintained by the students. There will be at least one model practical examination.

University Practical examination will be evaluated jointly by one internal examiner and one external examiner appointed by the Controller of Examinations. The Evaluation will be for 50 marks.

Internal Assessment for Practical Course

S. No	Items	Duration (in minutes)	Maximum Marks
1.	Observation & Record	180 Minutes	20
2.	Model Practical		25
3.	Attendance		05
Total Marks			50

iii. Online Test

Each online test contains Ten Objective /Multiple Choice type questions from each subject of the current semester with one-minute time for each question. Students will login with his log-in details and start answering by clicking any one of the answers from the choices and at the end students can view the score then & there.

iv. ProjectWork

The evaluation of the project work completed in 8th Semester by the student will be placed in front of a committee constituted by the Principal on the recommendation of HoD. For each programme one such review committee will be constituted. The Review committee consists of three senior faculty members including one supervisor/Guide of the student, having expertise in the areas of project

The student shall make a presentation at least three times, on the progress made by him/her before the review committee. There will be equal weightage for all three assessments (each for 100 marks maximum) and the total marks obtained will be reduced for 90 and the remaining 10 marks will be given for attendance.

One report of the committee will be submitted to the Head of the Department for review. The HoD based on the recommendation of the review committee will take the appropriate action to improve the skill/performance of the student on his/her project with the help of his/her project supervisor.

24. Question Paper Pattern for Theory Courses

a) Theory Courses

i. The examinations and question papers are to be designed to cover Bloom's taxonomy with a view to ascertain whether the candidate has acquired the necessary knowledge, minimum skills along with clear concepts of the fundamentals in different levels (Remember, Understand, Apply, Analyse, Evaluate and Create) prescribed which are necessary for him/her to carry out his/her professional day to day work competently. Evaluation will be carried out on an objective basis.

ii. The **question paper pattern** must consist of questions in proportion as an assessment of performance of student in different levels. Questions with choice in **EITHER–OR** form should be of same level.

iii. The Question paper setter must apply the concepts mentioned below while setting the question paper for a course.

Sl. No.	Cognition Level (Bloom's Taxonomy)	Description	Percentage distribution recommended
a)	LOCQ – Lower order cognitive questions	Covering questions for testing the remembering and understanding of the concepts by the students.	20-30%
b)	IOCQ – Intermediate order cognitive questions	Covering questions that test the applying and analyzing skills of students.	40-50%
c)	Psychomotor Level	Covering questions that test the evaluating and creating abilities of the students with respect to their knowledge.	30-40%

iv. Hol may provide set of questions on each level for a course prepared by respective course handler to CoE if requested for. A common pattern will be followed for each theory courses except some industrial electives for which multiple choice questions (MCQ) are prescribed by respective industry.

25. Malpractice

If a student indulges in malpractice in any internal test / model examination / end semester examination, he / she shall be liable for punitive action as prescribed by the University.

26. Examiners

Panel of examiners for theory, practical and Project work evaluation will be approved by academic council of the university based on recommendations of the concerned Board of Studies (BOS).

27. Passing Requirements

A candidate securing not less than 50% of total marks (IA + EA) prescribed for the course in both theory and practical courses including project work in the semester ending university examinations will be declared to have passed the Examination.

28. RESULTS & READMISSION TO EXAMINATION

- i. The University may ensure that the results of the examinations are published in time so that the student who successfully completes B.E / B.TECH. Examination can complete the course within stipulated time prescribed by the regulation.
- ii. A student who fails in the examination shall be allowed to appear in next higher Semester examination.
- iii. The University may under exceptional circumstances, partially or wholly cancel any examination conducted by it, shall intimate to the Academic Council of the University and arrange to conduct the re-examination in those subjects within the period of 30 days from the date of such cancellation.
- v. Grace marks will be awarded after the approval of the Vice - Chancellor based on the recommendation of the Result Passing Board constituted by the Vice - Chancellor.

29. Redressal of Grievances in Evaluation of Answer Scripts

Students who are not satisfied with the grades awarded can seek redressal of grievances within specified time.

Redressal Sought	Methodology
Request for Revaluation of Answer Script.	Any student passed or failed, can apply through HoI to CoE VMRFDU with prescribed fee, for revaluation of answer script within 10 days from the publication of result.

30. CLASSIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE

Classification of performance of students in the examinations pertaining to the courses in a programme is done on the basis of numerical value of Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The concept of CGPA is based on Marks, Credits, Grade and Grade points assigned for different mark ranges.

i. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)

Each student is assigned a Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) on completion and declaration of result of a semester.

$$(SGPA) = \frac{\sum (C_i \times G_i)}{\sum C_i}$$

where C_i is the credit for a course in that semester and G_i is the Grade Point earned by the student for that course. The SGPA is rounded off to two decimals.

ii. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The overall performance of a student at any stage of the Degree programme is evaluated by the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) up to that point of time.

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_j \left\{ \frac{\sum_i (C_{ij} \times G_{ij})}{\sum_i C_{ij}} \right\}}$$

RANGE OF MARKS, GRADES AND GRADE POINTS

Grade	Grade Points (GP)	Range of percentage of Marks	Class
O + +	10	95 – 100	FIRST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION
O +	9.5	90 – 94	
O	9	85 -89	
A + +	8.5	80 – 84	
A +	8	70 – 79	
A	7	60 - 69	FIRST CLASS
B +	6	55 - 59	SECOND CLASS
B	5.5	51 - 54	
C	5	40 - 50	MINIMUM PASS
AB			REAPPEAR
RA			

A student is deemed to have passed and acquired the corresponding credits in a particular course if he/she has obtained any one of the following grades: 'O ++', 'O +', 'O', 'A ++', 'A +', 'A', 'B +', 'B' and 'C' as mentioned above with a minimum aggregate percentage 50 for MINIMUM PASS.

If the student is detained and not allowed for appearing in university examinations due to insufficient attendance, grade 'RA' will be awarded in that particular course.

Also, if the student has not cleared the course after appearing in university examinations, grade 'RA' will be awarded in that particular course.

If the student is absent in any of the university examinations, grade 'AB' will be awarded in that particular course.

31. AWARD OF DEGREE

A student shall be declared to be eligible for the award of the B.E./B.TECH. Degree provided the student has successfully completed the course requirements (by earning minimum 180 credits for the students joined from first semester onwards and 130 credits for lateral entry students joining from third semester onwards) and has passed all the prescribed examinations in all the Eight semesters (Six semester for lateral entry) within a maximum period of 8 years (6 years for lateral entry) reckoned from the commencement of the first semester to which the candidate was admitted.

(a) 'MINOR' IN B.E./B.TECH DEGREE PROGRAMME

If a student earns 20 extra credits beyond the minimum requirements of 180 credits for the award of B.E /B.Tech. Degree, he/she shall be awarded B.E/B.Tech. Degree in his parent discipline with MINOR in different discipline of engineering. These credits must be earned through MOOCs (Massive Open Online Courses) and Skill Development courses organized by the external resource persons. 10 hours of academic engagement will be considered to be equivalent to 1 credit. An additional Certificate of Recognition will be issued by University along with the Degree Certificate. e.g. B.E/B.Tech.in Aeronautical Engineering with MINOR in Electronics, B.E/B.Tech. in Electronics and Communication Engineering with MINOR in Computer Science.

(b) 'SPECIALIZATION' IN B.E./B.TECH DEGREE PROGRAMME

If a student earns 15 credits in area specific electives as specified in curriculum which are part of "Program Specific Electives" within the minimum requirements of 180 credits for the award of the B.E /B.Tech. Degree, he / she shall be awarded B.E /B.Tech. Degree in his parent discipline with SPECIALIZATION in the area specific to parent discipline. An additional Certificate of Recognition will be issued by University along with the Degree Certificate. For example, Under B.E / B.Tech. Aeronautical Engineering, Four Specializations – Aerospace Propulsion, Aerodynamics, Aircraft Structures and Aircraft Maintenance are offered as specializations.

32. CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEGREE AWARDED

i. First class with Distinction

A student who qualifies for the award of degree having passed the examination in all registered courses in his / her first appearance (including industry supported courses), within FIVE years (FOUR Years for Lateral Entry students) including the authorized Break of Study of One Year, and securing a CGPA of not less than 8.00 shall be declared to have passed in First class with distinction and should not have been prevented from writing end semester examination due to lack of attendance in any of the courses.

ii. First Class

A student who qualifies for the award of degree having passed the examination in all the courses within FIVE years (FOUR Years for Lateral Entry students) including the authorized Break of Study of One Year and securing a CGPA of not less than 7.0 shall be declared to have passed in First class and should not have been prevented from writing end semester examination due to lack of attendance in any of the courses.

iii. Second Class

All other students not covered above and who qualifies for the award of B.E./B.Tech. Degree having passed the examination in all the courses shall be declared to have passed in Second Class.

33. RANKING

Students obtaining top 3 position in CGPA ranking in a programme will be considered as a rank holder. They should have passed all the prescribed courses in the first appearance and should have obtained a CGPA of 8.0 and above. The student should also have a clean record of discipline during the period of study. Special certificates will be given to rank holders.

34. MODIFICATIONS OF REGULATIONS

These regulations are subject to modifications from time to time as per the decisions of the apex body of the University.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs) OR GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES

On completion of program of engineering, graduates will be able to:

Sl. No.	Outcome	Level of Outcome	Description
PO 1	Engineering knowledge	Apply	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis	Apply	Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/development of solutions	Apply	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems	Apply	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern tool usage	Create	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
PO 6	The engineer and society	Evaluate	Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability	Analyze	Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics	Evaluate	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work	Analyze	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication	Evaluate	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance	Create	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to

			manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-long learning	Create	Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

2. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

On Upon successful completion of the course the students are expected to:

Sl. No.	Outcome	Level of Outcome	Description
PSO 1	Multi-Dimensional Approach	Evaluate	Enhance the employability skills by making the students capable of qualifying National level competitive examinations
PSO 2	Develop/Design/Modify/Involve	Create	Recognise the technical competencies to deal with practical aspects of Civil Engineerig.
PSO 3	Entrepreneurial Skills	Create	Cognizance of social awareness and environmental necessity along with ethical responsibility to have a successful career and to become an entrepreneur.

Credit Requirement for Course Categories

CATEGORY	CONTENT	CREDITS TO BE OBTAINED	EARNED CREDIT
A	FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)	54-63	62
	(i). Humanities and Sciences (English, Management Subjects)	12-21	15
	(ii). Basic Sciences (Maths, Physics, Chemistry Subjects)	24-33	24
	(iii). Engineering Sciences (Basic Engineering Courses)	18-27	23
B	CORE COURSES (CC)	81	81
C	ELECTIVE COURSES (EC)	18-27	21
	(i). Programme Specific (Classroom or online)	12-15	15
	(ii). Open Electives (Classroom or online)	6-9	6
D	PROJECT+INTERNSHIP+INDUSTRY ELECTIVES (PII)	18	18
	(i). Project	9	9
	(ii). Internship / Mini project / Industry supported courses	9	9
E	EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES+ CO-CURRICULAR COURSES+ EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSES (EEC)**	9-18	

Minimum Credits to be Obtained	:	180
Total Earned Credit	:	182

** - Mandatory, credit would be mentioned in mark sheets but not included for CGPA calculations.

CURRICULUM
B.E / B.TECH.-
CIVIL
ENGINEERING -
SEMESTER
I TO VIII

CATEGORY A – FOUNDATION COURSES - HS, BS AND ES COURSES - CREDITS (54-63)

B.E / B.TECH. –CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII									
CATEGORY A – FOUNDATION COURSES - HSS, BS AND ES COURSES - CREDITS (54-63)									
(i) HUMANITIES AND SCIENCES (ENGLISH AND MANAGEMENT SUBJECTS) - CREDITS (12 - 21)									
SL. NO	CODE	COURSE	OFFERING DEPT.	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PREREQUISITE
1.	17EGHS01	TECHNICAL ENGLISH	ENGLISH	FC (HSS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17EGHS81	ENGLISH LANGUAGE LAB	ENGLISH	FC (HSS)	0	0	4	2	NIL
3.	17YMHS82	YOGA AND MEDITATION	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	FC (HSS)	0	0	4	2	NIL
4.	17EGHS82	PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT	ENGLISH	FC (HSS)	0	0	4	2	NIL
5.	17EGHS02	BUSINESS ENGLISH	ENGLISH	FC (HSS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17MBHS04	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT	MANAGEMENT	FC (HSS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17MBHS03	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT AND ETHICS	MANAGEMENT	FC (HSS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
8.	17MBHS07	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	MANAGEMENT	FC (HSS)	3	0	0	3	NIL

CATEGORY A – FOUNDATION COURSES - HS, BS AND ES COURSES - CREDITS (54-63)

(ii) BASIC SCIENCES (MATHS, PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY SUBJECTS) - CREDITS (24 - 33)									
1.	17MABS01	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	MATHEMATICS	FC (BS)	2	2	0	3	NIL
2.	17MABS08	MATHEMATICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS	MATHEMATICS	FC (BS)	2	2	0	3	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS
3.	17MABS13	PDE APPLICATION AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS	MATHEMATICS	FC (BS)	2	2	0	3	MATHEMATICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERING
4.	17MABS16	NUMERICAL METHODS	MATHEMATICS	FC (BS)	2	2	0	3	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS
5.	17PCBS02	PHYSICAL SCIENCES	PHYSICS & CHEMISTRY	FC (BS)	4	0	0	4	NIL
6.	17PCBS81	PHYSICAL SCIENCES LAB	PHYSICS & CHEMISTRY	FC (BS)	0	0	4	2	NIL
7.	17PHBS05	SMART MATERIALS	PHYSICS	FC (BS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
8.	17CHBS01	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	CHEMISTRY	FC (BS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
9.	17CHBS06	GREEN BUILDING MATERIALS	CHEMISTRY	FC (BS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
10.	17PHBS01	NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING OF MATERIALS	PHYSICS	FC (BS)	3	0	0	3	NIL
11.	17PHBS09	NANOSCIENCE & TECHONOLOGY	PHYSICS	FC (BS)	3	0	0	3	NIL

CATEGORY A – FOUNDATION COURSES - HS, BS AND ES COURSES - CREDITS (54-63)

(iii) ENGINEERING SCIENCES (BASIC ENGINEERING COURSES) - CREDITS (18 - 27)									
1.	17CSES01	ESSENTIALS OF COMPUTING (THEORY + PRACTICE)	CSE	FC(ES)	2	0	2	3	NIL
2.	17CSES05	PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON	CSE	FC(ES)	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CSES83	PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON LAB	CSE	FC(ES)	0	0	4	2	NIL
4.	17CMES02	BASICS OF CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	CIVIL & MECHANICAL	FC(ES)	4	0	0	4	NIL
5.	17CMES81	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICE LAB A. BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING B. BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	CIVIL & MECHANICAL	FC(ES)	0	0	4	2	NIL
6.	17EEES03	BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	EEE & ECE	FC(ES)	4	0	0	4	NIL
7.	17MEES84	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS (THEORY + PRACTICE)	MECHANICAL	FC(ES)	1	0	4	3	NIL
8.	17EEES82	ENGINEERING SKILL PRACTICE LAB A. BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING B. BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	EEE & ECE	FC(ES)	0	0	4	2	NIL

B.E. / B.TECH. – CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII									
CATEGORY B – CORE COURSES RELEVANT TO THE PROGRAMME - CREDITS (81)									
SL. NO	CODE	COURSE	OFFERING DEPT.	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PREREQUISITE
1	17CVCC01	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
2	17CVCC02	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS -I	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	NIL
3	17CVCC03	MECHANICS OF FLUIDS	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	NIL
4	17CVCC04	SURVEYING I	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
5	17CVCC05	CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES, EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
6	17CVCC06	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS -II	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS- I
7	17CVCC07	APPLIED HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF FLUIDS
8	17CVCC08	SURVEYING -II	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	SURVEYING -I
9	17CVCC09	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
10	17CVCC10	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS - II
11	17CVCC11	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS - II
12	17CVCC12	MECHANICS OF SOILS	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	NIL
13	17CVCC13	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS- II
14	17CVCC14	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
15	17CVCC15	RAILWAY , AIRPORT AND HARBOUR ENGINEERING	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING
16	17CVCC16	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS
17	17CVCC17	MODERN METHODS OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
18	17CVCC18	FOUNDATION ENGINEERING	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOILS
19	17CVCC19	ESTIMATION AND QUANTITY SURVEYING	CIVIL	CC	2	1	0	3	NIL
20	17CVCC20	CONSTRUCTION PLANNING AND SCHEDULING	CIVIL	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL
21	17CVCC81	COMPUTER AIDED BUILDING DRAWING LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL
22	17CVCC82	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL
23	17CVCC83	SURVEY PRACTICAL -I LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL
24	17CVCC84	HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	MECHANICS OF FLUIDS
25	17CVCC85	SURVEY PRACTICAL -II LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	SURVEY PRACTICAL -I LAB
26	17CVCC86	SOIL MECHANICS LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL
27	17CVCC87	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL
28	17CVCC88	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN AND DRAWING LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS
29	17CVCC89	CONCRETE AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY LAB	CIVIL	CC	0	0	4	2	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
30	17CVCC90	SURVEY CAMP	CIVIL	CC	0	0	2	1	SURVEY PRACTICAL -II LAB
31	17CVCC91	COMPREHENSION LAB	CIVIL	CC	1	1	0	2	NIL

CATEGORY B – CORE COURSES RELEVANT TO THE PROGRAMME - CREDITS (81)

CATEGORY C – ELECTIVE COURSES - CREDITS (18 - 27)

B.E / B.TECH. – CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII
DETAILS OF ELECTIVE COURSES FOR DEGREE WITH SPECIALISATION

CATEGORY C – ELECTIVE COURSES - CREDITS (18 - 27)

(i) PROGRAMME SPECIFIC (CLASS ROOM OR ONLINE) - CREDITS (12 - 15)

SL. NO	CODE	COURSE	OFFERING DEPT.	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PREREQUISITE
1	17CVEC01	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
2	17CVEC02	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
3	17CVEC03	GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
4	17CVEC04	REPAIR AND REHABILITATION OF STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES, EQUIPMENTS AND PRACTICES
5	17CVEC05	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING
6	17CVEC06	HYDROLOGY	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
7	17CVEC07	DISASTER MITIGATION AND MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
8	17CVEC08	REMOTE SENSING TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
9	17CVEC09	HOUSING PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
10	17CVEC10	MANAGEMENT OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING
11	17CVEC11	GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOILS
12	17CVEC12	INTRODUCTION TO SOIL DYNAMICS AND MACHINE FOUNDATIONS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	MECHANICS OF SOILS
13	17CVEC13	ELECTRONIC SURVEYING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	SURVEYING 1
14	17CVEC14	AIR POLLUTION MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
15	17CVEC15	BRIDGE STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES
16	17CVEC16	TALL BUILDINGS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES
17	17CVEC17	STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
18	17CVEC18	WIND ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
19	17CVEC19	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN OF STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	2	0	1	3	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS
20	17CVEC20	INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURE
21	17CVEC21	SMART STRUCTURES AND SMART MATERIALS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	SMART MATERIALS
22	17CVEC22	FINITE ELEMENT TECHNIQUES	CIVIL	EC	2	1	0	3	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
23	17CVEC23	DESIGN OF PLATE AND SHELL STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES
24	17CVEC24	GROUND WATER ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
25	17CVEC25	PRINCIPLES OF STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS AND SEISMIC DESIGN	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	FOUNDATION ENGINEERING
26	17CVEC26	CONTRACT LAWS AND REGULATIONS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
27	17CVEC27	TRANSPORT ECONOMICS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING
28	17CVEC28	MASS TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING
29	17CVEC29	WATER RESOURCES SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
30	17CVEC30	ARCHITECTURE	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
31	17CVEC31	PAVEMENT ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING

32	17CVEC32	STORAGE STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS
33	17CVEC33	EXPERIMENTAL ANALYSIS OF STRESS	CIVIL	EC	2	1	0	3	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
34	17CVEC34	SHORING, SCAFFOLDING AND FORM WORK	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
35	17CVEC35	MUNICIPAL SOLID AND WASTE MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL
36	17CVEC36	WASTE WATER ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL

CATEGORY C – ELECTIVE COURSES - CREDITS (18 - 27)

(ii) OPEN ELECTIVES (CLASS ROOM OR ONLINE) - CREDITS (6 - 9)									
1.	17BTEC02	OCEAN SCIENCE	BTE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17BTEC26	ECO-FRIENDLY MULTI-STOREY BUILDING	BTE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17BTEC27	RENEWABLE ENERGY AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS	BTE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17BTEC28	ENVIRONMENT FRIENDLY PRACTICES IN CIVIL ENGINEERING	BTE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17BTEC25	BIOLOGY FOR NON BIOLOGISTS	BTE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CSEC06	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY	CSE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CSCC19	INTRERNET OF THINGS	CSE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
8.	17CSCC17	CYBER SECURITY	CSE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
9.	17CSEC11	GREEN COMPUTING	CSE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
10.	17CSEC34	WEB DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT	CSE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
11.	17BMEC04	MEMS AND ITS BIOMEDICAL APPLICATIONS	BME	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
12.	17BMEC12	HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT	BME	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
13.	17BMEC20	HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEM	BME	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
14.	17BMEC05	HOME MEDICARE TECHNOLOGY	BME	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
15.	17BMEC10	BODY AREA NETWORKS AND MOBILE HEALTHCARE	BME	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
16.	17ATEC04	SPECIAL TYPES OF VEHICLES	AUTOMOBILE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
17.	17ATEC06	AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY	AUTOMOBILE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
18.	17ATEC10	ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES FOR AUTOMOBILES	AUTOMOBILE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
19.	17ATEC15	VEHICLE TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT	AUTOMOBILE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
20.	17ATEC17	VEHICLE AIR-CONDITIONING	AUTOMOBILE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
21.	17EEEC10	POWER QUALITY	EEE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
22.	17EEEC11	POWER SYSTEM PLANNING AND RELIABILITY	EEE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
23.	17EEEC16	ELECTRIC VEHICLES	EEE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
24.	17EEEC18	RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY	EEE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
25.	17EEEC21	NON CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES	EEE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
26.	17MESE12	PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT	MECH	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
27.	17MESE21	IRON AND STEEL MAKING	MECH	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
28.	17MESE25	COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS	MECH	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
29.	17MESE34	FAILURE ANALYSIS OF MATERIALS	MECH	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
30.	17MESE27	POWER PLANT ENGINEERING	MECH	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
31.	17ECEC04	DSP WITH FPGA	ECE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
32.	17ECEC06	MEMS AND SENSORS	ECE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
33.	17ECEC21	ADVANCED ROBOTICS	ECE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL

34.	17ECEC22	INNOVATIVE PROJECT	ECE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
35.	17ECEC23	MACHINE VISION	ECE	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL
36.	17MBHS06	LEAN START-UP MANAGEMENT	MBA	OE	3	0	0	3	NIL

CATEGORY D
PROJECT + INTERNSHIP + INDUSTRY ELECTIVES (P + I + I)
CREDITS (18)

B.E. / B.TECH. – CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII									
CATEGORY D – PROJECT + INTERNSHIP + INDUSTRY ELECTIVES (P + I + I)- CREDITS (18)									
(i) PROJECT - CREDITS (9)									
SL. NO	CODE	COURSE	OFFERING DEPT.	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PREREQUISITE
1.	17CVPI01	PROJECT WORK AND VIVA VOCE	CIVIL	PI	0	0	18	9	NIL
(ii) INTERNSHIP / MINI PROJECT / INDUSTRY SUPPORTED COURSES - CREDITS (9)									
SL. NO	CODE	COURSE	OFFERING DEPT.	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PREREQUISITE
1.	17CVPI02	INTERNSHIP TRAINING	CIVIL	PI	0	0	6	3	NIL
2.	17CVPI03	MINI PROJECT	CIVIL	PI	0	0	6	3	NIL
3.	17CVPI04	UNIT OPERATIONS AND PROCESS IN WATER AND WASTE WATER	CIVIL	PI	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVPI05	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	PI	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVPI06	PREFABRICATED STRUCTURES	CIVIL	PI	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVPI07	INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	PI	3	0	0	3	NIL

CATEGORY E

**EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES, CO - CURRICULAR COURSES AND
EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSES (EEC)** - CREDITS (9 - 18)**
(- MANDATORY, CREDITS WOULD BE MENTIONED IN MARK SHEETS BUT NOT
INCLUDED FOR CGPA CALCULATIONS.)**

B.E / B.TECH. – CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII									
CATEGORY E – EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES, CO - CURRICULAR COURSES AND EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSES (EEC)** - CREDITS (9 - 18) (** - MANDATORY, CREDITS WOULD BE MENTIONED IN MARK SHEETS BUT NOT INCLUDED FOR CGPA CALCULATIONS.)									
S.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	OFFERING DEPT	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PRE - REQUIST
i	EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)								
1	17APEE01	PERSONALITY SKILLS DEVELOPMENT - I	MATHS	EE	2 WEEKS OF TRAINING			1	NIL
2	17APEE02	PERSONALITY SKILLS DEVELOPMENT - II	ENGLISH & MANAGEMENT	EE	2 WEEKS OF TRAINING			1	NIL
3	17CVEE01	ADVANCED BUILDING DRAWING	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
4	17CVEE02	QUANTITY SURVEYING	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
5	17CVEE03	MUNICIPALITY BUILDING DESIGN BY LAWS	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
6	17CVEE04	STRUCTURAL DETAILING WITH THE USE OF SOFTWARES	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
7	17CVEE05	QUALITY CONTROL IN CONSTRUCTION	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
8	17CVEE06	ADVANCED LAND SURVEYING TECHNIQUES	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
9	17CVEE07	ADVANCED BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS	CIVIL	EE	0	0	4	2	NIL
CO - CURRICULAR COURSES									
1	17APEE03	NCC	NCC CELL	EE	2 WEEKS OF TRAINING IN NCC CAMP			1	NIL
2	17APEE04	NSS	NSS CELL	EE	2 WEEKS OF SOCIAL SERVICE IN NSS CAMP			1	NIL
3	17APEE05	SPORTS AND GAMES (INTER – UNIVERSITY LEVEL)	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	EE				1	NIL
4	17APEE06	SPORTS AND GAMES (INTRA- UNIVERSITY LEVEL)	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	EE				2	NIL
5	17APEE07	SPORTS AND GAMES (STATE AND NATIONAL LEVELS)	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	EE				2	NIL
EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSES									
1	17CVEE08	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE - I	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL
2	17CVEE09	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE - II	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL
3	17CVEE10	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE - III	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL
4	17CVEE11	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE - IV	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL
5	17CVEE12	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE - V	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL
6	17CVEE13	EXTRA CURRICULAR COURSE -VI	CIVIL	EE	15 HOURS			1	NIL

**FOR DEGREE WITH
SPECIALISATION**

**CATEGORY C –
PROGRAMME SPECIFIC
ELECTIVE COURSES -
CREDITS (12 - 15)**

SPECIALISATION - ERP IN CONSTRUCTION

SPECIALISATION – ERP IN CONSTRUCTION									
1.	17CVSE01	APPLICATION OF STATISTICAL METHODS IN CONSTRUCTION	MATHS	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS
2.	17CVSE02	ENTERPRISE WIDE INFORMATION SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE03	MANAGEMENT AND PROJECT PLANNING IN CONSTRUCTION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE04	CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND ADMINISTRATION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE05	TQM IN CONSTRUCTION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT
6.	17CVSE06	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE07	ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING SYSTEM	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION – IRRIGATION ENGINEERING									
1.	17CVSE08	SURFACE AND GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE09	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF IRRIGATION PROJECTS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING
3.	17CVSE10	WATERSHED CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE11	IRRIGATION SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING
5.	17CVSE12	COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE13	AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE14	MODERNIZATION OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

SPECIALISATION - IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

SPECIALISATION – DISASTER MITIGATION AND RECOVERY									
1.	17CVSE15	TPOLOGY OF NATURAL AND MANMADE DISASTERS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE16	CRISIS COMMUNICATION & MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE17	DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND DECISION MAKING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE18	VULNERABILITY MAPPING TECHNIQUES FOR DISASTERS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE19	INDUSTRIAL HAZARDS PREVENTIVE MANAGEMENT.	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE20	APPLICATION OF GIS&RS IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT.	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE21	FINANCE AND INSURANCE IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION - DISASTER MITIGATION AND RECOVERY

SPECIALISATION - MASS TRANSPORT SYSTEMS

SPECIALISATION – MASS TRANSPORT SYSTEMS									
1.	17CVSE22	ADVANCED SYSTEM DYNAMICS MODELING IN TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE23	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE24	INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE25	LOGISTICS IN TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE26	PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE27	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS IN TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE28	URBAN TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE– PLANNING AND DESIGN	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION - REAL ESTATE AND VALUATION

	SPECIALISATION – REAL ESTATE AND VALUATION								
1	17CVSE29	PRINCIPLES OF VALUATION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2	17CVSE30	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT & ECONOMICS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3	17CVSE31	REAL ESTATE HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4	17CVSE32	LAWS FOR ACQUISITION AND CONTRACT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5	17CVSE33	REAL ESTATE FINANCE& MARKETING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6	17CVSE34	VALUATION & DOCUMENTATION WRITING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7	17CVSE35	QUALITY CONTROL AND ASSURANCE IN REAL ESTATE	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION - SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

SPECIALISATION – SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY									
1.	17CVSE36	RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE37	THERMAL INSULATION INSTALLATION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE38	SUSTAINABLE URBAN SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE39	ENERGY AUDITING IN SPECIAL STRUCTURES	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE40	LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT FOR COMPLEX SYSTEMS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE41	INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT DEVELOPMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE42	GREEN AND ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION - URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE

SPECIALISATION – URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE									
1.	17CVSE43	INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING AND URBANIZATION PROCESS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE44	URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND LAW	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE45	SUSTAINABILITY IN BUILT ENVIRONMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE46	CONSTRUCTION & CONTRACT SAFETY MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE47	ICT BASED CITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE48	URBAN FINANCE	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE49	URBAN DESIGN PROJECT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

SPECIALISATION - ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

SPECIALISATION – ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING									
1.	17CVSE50	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
2.	17CVSE51	INSTRUMENTAL MONITORING OF ENVIRONMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
3.	17CVSE52	INDOOR AIR QUALITY	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
4.	17CVSE53	ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND LEGISLATIONS	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
5.	17CVSE54	SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
6.	17CVSE55	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL APPLICATION	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL
7.	17CVSE56	WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT	CIVIL	EC - PS	3	0	0	3	NIL

COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS

B.E. / B.TECH. – CIVIL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER I TO VIII									
COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS									
S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	L	T	P	C	PRE-REQUISITE	OFFERED TO
1	17CMES02	BASICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING	ES	2	0	0	2	NIL	MECHANICAL, AUTOMOBILE, AERONAUTICAL, CIVIL, CSE, ECE, EEE, MECHATRONICS & SAE
2	17CMES81	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICE LAB B. BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING	ES	0	0	2	1	NIL	MECHANICAL, AUTOMOBILE, AERONAUTICAL, CIVIL, CSE, ECE, EEE, MECHATRONICS & SAE
3	17CVCC32	FLUID MECHANICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL	AUTOMOBILE & MECHATRONICS
4	17CVCC33	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL	MECHANICAL & AERONAUTICAL
5	17CVCC34	FLUID MECHANICS AND MACHINERY	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL	MECHANICAL , AERONAUTICAL
6	17CVCC92	FLUID MECHANICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL	AUTOMOBILE, AERONAUTICAL & MECHATRONICS
7	17CVCC93	HYDRAULICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL	MECHANICAL
8	17CVCC35	FLUID AND SOLID MECHANICS	CC	3	0	0	3	NIL	SAE
9	17CVCC94	FLUID AND SOLID MECHANICS LAB	CC	0	0	4	2	NIL	SAE
10	17CVEC07	DISASTER MITIGATION AND MANAGEMENT	EC	3	0	0	3	NIL	BME, EEE, CSE, CSE-CLOUD, IT & MECHANICAL

SYLLABUS

SEMESTERS I TO VIII

(i) HUMANITIES AND SCIENCES (ENGLISH AND
MANAGEMENT SUBJECTS)

17EGHS01	TECHNICAL ENGLISH										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											HSS	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE Technical English is a life skill course necessary for all students of Engineering and Technology. It aims at developing communication skills in English, essential for understanding and expressing the ideas of different professional context. The outcome of the course is to help the students acquire the language skills of Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing competency in English language and thereby making the students competent and employable in the globalised scenario.															
PREREQUISITE: NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To enable students to develop LSRW skills in English. (Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing.)														
2	To make them to become effective communicators														
3	To ensure that learners use Electronic media materials for developing language														
4	To aid the students with employability skills.														
5	To motivate students continuously to use English language														
6	To develop the students communication skills in formal and informal situations														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Listen, remember and respond to others in different scenario												Remember			
CO2. Understand and speak fluently and correctly with correct pronunciation in different situation.												Understand			
CO3. To make the students experts in professional writing												Apply			
CO4. . To make the students in proficient technical communicator												Apply			
CO5. To make the students good communicators at the work place and to be theoretically strong.												Apply			
CO6 To make the students recognize the role of technical writing in their careers in business, technical and scientific field												Analyze			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M			M	M	S		L	S	L	S	S	M	S
CO2	L	M		L	M	M	S		L	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO3	M	L	L	M			L	L	L	M	S	S	S		
CO4		M				M	M		L	S		S	S		S
CO5	M	M		M	M	M	S	M	L	S	M	S	S	M	S
CO6	M		M			M					S	M	S	M	S
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															

SYLLABUS

LISTENING

Self introduction - Simulations using E Materials - Whatsapp, Face book, Hiker, Twitter- Effective Communication with Minimum Words - Interpretation of Images and Films - Identify the different Parts of Speech- Word formation with Prefixes and suffixes -Common Errors in English - Scientific Vocabulary (definition and meaning) - Listening Skills- Passive and Active listening, Listening to Native Speakers - Characteristics of a good listener.

SPEAKING

Articles - Phonetics (Vowels, Consonants and Diphthongs) - Pronunciation Guidelines -Listening to Indian speakers from different regions, intrusion of mother tongue - Homophones – Homonyms - Note taking and Note making - Difference between Spoken and Written English- Use of appropriate language - Listening and Responding to Video Lectures (Green India, environment, social talks) - Extempore.

REPORT WRITING

Tense forms- Verbal and Non verbal Communication - Describing objects - Process Description- Speaking Practice - Paragraph Writing on any given topic (My favourite place, games / Hobbies / School life, etc.) -Types of paragraphs - Telephone Etiquettes - Telephonic conversation with dialogue.

READING

Impersonal Passive Voice - Conditional Sentences - Technical and Non technical Report Writing (Attend a technical seminar and submit a report) - News Letters and Editing - Skimming- Scanning - How to Improve Reading Speed - Designing Invitations and Poster Preparation.

WRITING

Sentence Pattern (SVOCA) - Statement of Comparison - Transcoding (Flow Chart, Bar Chart and Pie Chart) - Informal letters - Resume Writing- Difference between Bio data, Resume and Curriculum Vitae.

TEXTBOOK

1. English for Engineers- Faculty of English – VMKV Engineering College, Salem and AVIT, Chennai

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. English for Effective Communication, Department of English, VMKV & AVIT, SCM Publishers, 2009.
2. Practical English Usage- Michael Swan (III edition), Oxford University Press
3. Grammar Builder- I, II, III, and Cambridge University Press.
- 4 Pickett and Laster. Technical English: Writing, Reading and Speaking, New York: Harper and Row Publications, 2002.

Course Designers:

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Mail ID
1.	Dr.P.Saradha / Associate Professor of English	saradhap@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr.S.K.Prem Kishor/Assistant Professor of English	Prem.english@avit.ac.in

17EGHS81	ENGLISH LANGUAGE LAB									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										HSS	0	0	4	2	
PREAMBLE English Language Laboratory provides technological support to students. It acts as a platform for learning, practicing and producing language skills through interactive lessons and communicative mode of teaching.															
PREREQUISITE: NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand communication nuisances in the corporate sector.														
2	To understand the role of mother tongue in second language learning and to avoid interference of mother tongue.														
3	To communicate effectively through different activities														
4	To understand and apply the telephone etiquette														
5	Case study to understand the practical aspects of communication														
6	To improve the oral skills of the students														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Give best performance in group discussion and interview												Understand			
CO2. Best performance in the art of conversation and public speaking.												Apply			
CO3. Give better job opportunities in corporate companies												Apply			
CO4. Better understanding of nuances of English language through audio-visual experience and group activities												Apply			
CO5. Speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability skills												Apply			
CO6. Acquire strategic competence to use both spoken and written language in a wide range of communication strategies												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PS O2	PSO3
CO1		S	M	S		L			S	S	M		M		M
CO2	M								M	S		M	S	M	S
CO3	M									S		M	M		S
CO4	M									M			M	M	M
CO5	M			S						M			S	M	S
CO6		M	M							M			M	M	
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
MODULE I: Ice Breaker, Grouping, Listening- (Hearing and listening)- Active Listening- Passive Listening – Listening to a song and understanding- (fill in the blanks) Telephone Conversation															
MODULE II: Influence of mother tongue, videos, understanding nuances of English language (video) puzzle to solve, Activity.															
MODULE III: Why is English important, Communication skills, TED (video) Communication in different scenario – a case study, ingredients of success, Activity – chart, speak the design, feedback on progress, Group wise, Individual.															
MODULE IV: Telephone Etiquette, Dining Etiquette, Meeting Etiquette.															
MODULE V: Case study of Etiquette in different scenario.															

Course Designers:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.Saradha	Associate Professor	English	saradhap@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr.S.K.Prem Kishor	Assistant Professor	English	Prem.english@avit.ac.in

17EGHS82	PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									HSS	0	0	2	1		
PREAMBLE To develop students with good presentation and writing skills (Professionally & technically). Articulate and enunciate words and sentences clearly and effectively. Develop proper listening skills. Understand different writing techniques and styles based on the communication being used.															
PREREQUISITE: NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To develop communication and personality skills.														
2	To improve Aptitude skills, train to improve self-learning / researching abilities, presentation skills & technical writing.														
3	To improve students employability skills.														
4	To develop communication and problem solving skills.														
5	To develop professional with idealistic, practical and moral values.														
6	To produce cover letters, resumes and job application strategies.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Improve students their vocabulary and use them in appropriate situation												Understand			
CO2. Demonstrate effective use of team work skills to complete given tasks.												Apply			
CO3. Speaking with clarity and confidence thereby enhancing employability skills of the students.												Apply			
CO4. Train the students in organized and professional writing												Apply			
CO5. Develop students reading skills that could be adopted while reading text												Apply			
CO6. Improve communication and personality skills.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M				M	M		M	S			S	M	S
CO2	M								S	M				M	S
CO3							M		S	S			S	S	
CO4	S											M		M	M
CO5													M	M	
CO6	S								M	S		M	S		M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
COMMUNICATION AND SELF DEVELOPMENT: Basic Concepts of Communication; Barriers in Communication; How to Overcome Barriers to Communication.															
GRAMMAR & SYNTAX: Subject verb concord, tenses, Homophones, Homonyms, Spotting errors.															
READING AND WRITING SKILLS: Reading Comprehension; and suggesting title for given passage Back office job for organizing a conference / seminar (member of organizing committee and submit a report); Jumbled sentences, respond to real time advertisement and prepare a covering letter with CV.															
SPEAKING SKILLS: Hard and soft Skills; Feedback Skills; Skills of Effective Speaking; Component of an effective Talk; how to make an effective oral presentation															

TECHNICAL REPORT, RESEARCH CASE STUDY & REPORTING: Types and Structure of Reports; Collecting Data; Technical Proposals; Visual Aids; General Tips for Writing Reports. Research Case Study and reporting, how to make an effective power point presentation

TEXTBOOK

1. The Functional Aspects of Communication Skills, Prajapati Prasad and Rajendra K.Sharma, S. K Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, Rep''nt 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Business Communication, Sinha K. K. S. Chand, New Delhi.
2. Business Communication, Asha Kaul, Prentice Hall of India
3. Business Correspondence and Report Writing A Practical Approach to Business and Technical Communication, Sharma, R.C.and Krishna Mohan, Tata Mc Graw – Hill.

Course Designers:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.Saradha	Associate Professor	English	saradhap@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr.S.K.Prem Kishor	Assistant Professor	English	Prem.english@avit.ac.in

17EGHS02	BUSINESS ENGLISH										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											HSS	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE Language is one of the most valued possessions of men. It acts as a repository of wisdom. Among all other languages English, the international language plays a vital role as a propeller for the advancement of knowledge in different fields and as a telescope to view the dream of the future.															
PREREQUISITE: NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To impart and enhance corporate communication.														
2	To enable learners to develop presentation skills														
3	To build confidence in learners to use English in Business context														
4	To make them experts in professional writing														
5	To assist students understand the role of thinking in all forms of communication														
6	To equip students with employability and job searching skills														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Communicate with a range of formal and informal context												Understand			
CO2. Students will undergo in activities, demonstrating interaction skills and consider how own communication is adjusted in different scenario												Apply			
CO3. Strengthening of oral and written skills in the business context												Apply			
CO4. Create interest among the students about a topic by exploring thoughts and ideas												Apply			
CO5. Make the students to start with pleasing note and make them to give different ideas												Apply			
CO6. Make them in better performance in the art of communication												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M		L		L	S	S		M	S		S	S		
CO2		M	S	M		M	M		L	S		S	M		
CO3	L	M				M		L		S	L	M		M	
CO4		L	M	M			L	M	M	S	L	M	M		M
CO5				M				M	L	S		L			
CO6		L		M		L	L			S		S	M	M	S
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
SUBJECT AND VERB AGREEMENT: Subject and Verb Agreement (concord) - Preposition and Relative Pronoun - Cause and effect - Phrasal Verbs-Idioms and phrases-Listening Comprehension -Listening to Audio Files and Answering Questions-Framing Questions-Negotiation Skills-Presentation Skills and Debating Skills.															
STRESS: Stress (Word Stress and Sentence Stress) Intonation- Difference between British and American English Vocabulary-Indianism-Compound Words (including Technical Terminology).															
READING SKILLS: Reading Skills-Understanding Ideas and making Inferences-Group Discussion-Types of Interviews – FAQs – E - Mail Netiquette - Sample E – mails - Watching Documentary Films and Responding to Questions.															
CORPORATE COMMUNICATION: Corporate Communication -Recommendation-Instruction-Check List- Circulars-Inter Office Memo- Minutes of Meeting and Writing Agenda - Discourse Markers - Rearranging Jumbled Sentences - Technical Articles - Project Proposals-Making Presentations on given Topics -Preparing Power Point Presentations															

CRITICAL READING: Critical Reading-Book Review-Finding Key Information and Shifting Facts from Opinions-Business Letters (Calling for Quotation, Placing Orders and Complaint Letters) - Expansion of an Idea-Creative Writing.

TEXTBOOK

1. English for Effective Communication - Faculty of English – VMKV Engineering College, Salem and AVIT, Chennai.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Grammar Builder – I, II, III – Cambridge University Press.
2. Technical English – Writing, Reading and Speaking – Pickett and Lester, Harper and Row

Course Designers:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.Saradha	Associate Professor	English	saradhap@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr.S.K.Prem Kishor	Assistant Professor	English	Prem.english@avit.ac.in

17MBHS04	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT		Category	L	T	P	Credit								
			HSS	3	0	0	3								
PREAMBLE: Quality is the mantra for success or even for the survival of any organization in this competitive global market. Total Quality Management (TQM) is an enhancement to the traditional way of doing business. TQM integrates fundamental management techniques, existing improvement efforts, and technical tools under a disciplined approach for providing quality of products and processes. It becomes essential to survive and grow in global markets, organizations will be required to develop customer focus and involve employees to continually improve Quality and keep sustainable growth.															
PREREQUISITE: Not Required															
COURSE OBJECTIVES:															
1. To understand the Total Quality Management concepts.															
2. To practice the TQM principles.															
3. To apply the statistical process control															
4. To analyze the various TQM tools															
5. To adopt the quality systems.															
COURSE OUTCOMES:															
After successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Understand the importance of quality and TQM at managerial level.												Understand			
CO2: Practice the relevant quality improvement tools to implement TQM.												Apply			
CO3: Analyse various TQM parameters with help of statistical tools.												Analysing			
CO4: Assess various TQM Techniques.												Evaluate			
CO5: Practice the Quality Management Systems in a different organization Environment.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	L	M	L	M	-	-	L
CO2	M	-	-	-	L	L	-	L	M	M	-	L	-	-	-
CO3	S	S	M	S	S	-	-	L	-	L	-	L	M	M	-
CO4	L	M	S	L	M	-	L	-	L	M	L	M	-	M	-
CO5	L	L	M	-	L	M	S	S	M	L	L	M	L	-	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS:															
INTRODUCTION															

Quality: Definition - Dimensions - Planning- costs – Analysis Techniques for Quality Costs- Basic concepts of Total Quality Management- Historical Review- Principles - Leadership – Concepts- Role of Top Management- Quality Council – Quality Statements- Strategic Planning- Deming Philosophy- TQM Implementation – Barriers.

TQM PRINCIPLES

Customer satisfaction – Perception of Quality- Complaints- Service Quality- Customer Retention- Employee Involvement – Motivation- Empowerment - Teams- Recognition and Reward- Performance Appraisal- Benefits- Continuous Process Improvement – Juran’s Trilogy- PDSA Cycle- 5S – Kaizen - Basic Concepts.

STATISTICAL PROCESS CONTROL (SPC)

The Seven tools of Quality- Statistical Fundamentals – Measures of central Tendency & Dispersion- Population and Sample- Normal Curve- Control Charts for variables and attributes- Process capability- Concept of six sigma- New seven Management tools.

TQM TOOLS

Benchmarking – Reasons - Process- Quality Function Deployment (QFD) – House of Quality- QFD Process- Benefits- Taguchi Quality Loss Function- Total Productive Maintenance (TPM) – Concept- Improvement Needs- FMEA – Stages of FMEA.

QUALITY SYSTEMS

Need for ISO 9000 and Other Quality Systems- ISO 9000:2000 Quality System – Elements- Implementation of Quality System- Documentation- Quality Auditing- QS 9000- ISO 14000 – Concept- Requirements and Benefits.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dale H.Besterfield- et al. - Total Quality Management- PHI-1999. (Indian reprint 2002).
2. Feigenbaum.A.V. “Total Quality Management- McGraw-Hill- 1991.

REFERENCES:

1. James R.Evans & William M.Lidsay - The Management and Control of Quality- (5th Edition) - South-Western (Thomson Learning) - 2002 (ISBN 0-324-06680-5).
2. Oakland.J.S. “Total Quality Management Butterworth – Heinemann Ltd - Oxford. 1989.
3. Narayana V and Sreenivasan - N.S. Quality Management – Concepts and Tasks- New Age International 1996.

COURSE DESIGNERS:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	A. Mani	Associate Professor	Management Studies	mani@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr. V. Sheela Mary	Associate Professor	Management Studies	sheelamary@avit.ac.in

Management – Nature & Scope – Functions of Management – Levels of Management – Role of Managers - Nature and purpose of planning - Planning process - Types of plans – Objectives Managing by objective (MBO) - Decision Making - Types of decision - Decision Making Process - Decision Making under different conditions.

ORGANIZING & STAFFING

9

Nature and purpose of organizing - Organization structure - Formal and informal Organization - Line and Staff authority - Departmentation - Span of control - Centralization and Decentralization - Delegation of authority - Staffing - Selection and Recruitment - Orientation - Career Development - Career stages – Training Methods - Performance Appraisal.

]DIRECTING & CONTROLLING

9

Creativity and Innovation - Motivation and Satisfaction - Motivation Theories - Leadership Styles - Communication - Barriers to effective Communication – Controlling – Controlling Techniques - Organization Culture - Elements and types of culture – Managing cultural diversity..

INTRODUCTION TO ETHICS

9

Moral dilemmas -Uses of Ethical Theories- Engineering As Social Experimentation- Engineer’s Responsibility For Safety-Codes of Ethics-Challenger Case Study

ETHICS IN ENGINEERING

9

Employed Engineers Rights and Duties- Collective Bargaining-Occupational Crime- Global Issues- Multinational Corporation- Technology transfer-Engineers as managers-Consulting Engineers-Expert Witness-Moral Leadership

TEXT BOOKS

1. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, 'Management', Prentice Hall of India, 8th edition.
2. Charles W L Hill, Steven L McShane, 'Principles of Management', Mcgraw Hill Education, Special Indian Edition, 2007.
3. Mike Martin and Roland Schinzinger, “Ethics in Engineering”, McGraw Hill, New York (2005).

REFERENCES

1. Charles D Fleddermann, “Engineering Ethics”, Prentice Hall, New Mexico, (1999).
2. Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich and Mark V Cannice, 'Management - A global & Entrepreneurial Perspective', Tata Mcgraw Hill, 12th edition, 2007.
3. Andrew J. Dubrin, 'Essentials of Management', Thomson Southwestern, 7th edition, 2007.
4. Prof. (Col) P S Bajaj and Dr. Raj Agrawal, “Business Ethics – An Indian Perspective”, Biztantra, New Delhi, (2004)
5. David Ermann and Michele S Shauf, “Computers, Ethics and Society”, Oxford University Press, (2003).

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	mail id
1	M. Manickam	Associate Professor	Management Studies	manickam@vmkvec.edu.in
2	C. M. Muthukrishna	Assistant Professor	Management Studies	Muthukrishna.mba@avit.ac.in

7MBHS07	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		HSS	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE: Ethics is a system of moral principles governing the appropriate conduct of a person or a group. Good Ethics is a fundamental requirement of any profession. Regardless of profession, ethics is an important part of work. The success depend on how the workers and their dealing with the situations ethically or unethically. Professional ethics are as important as personal ethics. Professional ethics encompass the personal and corporate standards of behavior expected by professional. Human values are the features that guide people to take into account the human element when one interacts with other human. They have many positive characters and positive feelings that create bonds of humanity between people and thus have value for all human beings and have the effect of bonding, comforting, reassuring and procuring serenity. They build space for a drive, a movement towards one another, which leads to peace.

PREREQUISITE: Not Required

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the basic concept of Human Values and Ethics.
2. To analyse the common ethical practice in the engineering professionals.
3. To Practice various code of ethics in Engineering.
4. To apply the rights, legal, ethical issues.
5. To practice ethical responsibilities of a professional engineer.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the moral values that ought to be practiced in engineering profession	Understand
CO2: Analyse the role of ethics in the field of engineering.	Analyse
CO3: Practice the code of ethics and Industrial standards	Apply
CO4: Assess the Safety, Quality Management and Risk analysis	Evaluate
CO5: Apply the skills and knowledge to handle the contemporary issues.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	M	M	L	M	-	L	-
CO2	M	-	-	-	-	S	L	M	L	M	L	M	-	L	L
CO3	M	-	M	L	L	M	-	M	-	-	M	M	-	M	-
CO4	M	M	M	-	M	L	-	M	L	L	L	M	L	M	M
CO5	M	M	M	L	L	-	-	M	L	M	M	M	L	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS:

Introduction to Human Values

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation – Commitment – Empathy –Self-Confidence–Discrimination -Character – Challenges in the work place -Spirituality –and stress management.

Overview of Engineering Ethics

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues – Moral Dilemmas- moral autonomy -Kohlberg'stheory- Gilligan'stheory-consensusandcontroversy-Profession – Types of Profession- Models of professional roles – Theories about right action – Self- Respect- Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories–Religion - Case study: Choice of the theory

Engineering as Social Experimentation

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineering Projects VS. Standard Experiments - Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics – anticorruption-A Balanced Outlook on Law.

SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk – Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination

GLOBAL ISSUES

Transnational and MNC corporations-Environmentalethics-Computerethics-Weaponsdevelopment and Ethical - stand for Engineers in creation-Engineers as managers-Consulting engineers-Engineers as expertwitnessesandadvisorsEthical Responsibilities of a Professional Engineer as an Expert Witness -Moral Leadership –Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility **Case Studies**

TEXT BOOK:

1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, “Ethics in Engineering”, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, “Engineering Ethics”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.
3. R.S. Nagarajan, A Text Book on Professional Ethics and Human Values, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers,2006

REFERENCES:

1. CharlesD.Fleddermann,“EngineeringEthics”,PearsonEducation/PrenticeHall,NewJersey, 2004
2. CharlesEHarris,MichaelS.ProtchardandMichaelJRabins,“EngineeringEthics–Concepts and Cases”,WadsworthThompsonLeatning, United States,2000
3. John R Boatright, “Ethicsandthe ConductofBusiness”, PearsonEducation,NewDelhi,2003.
4. EdmundGSeebauerandRobertLBarry,“FundamentalsofEthicsforScientistsandEngineers”, Oxford Press, 2000
5. R.Subramanian,“ProfessionalEthics“,Oxford University Press ,Reprint ,2015.

COURSE DESIGNERS:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	mail id
1	Dr. P. Marishkumar	Associate Professor	Management Studies	marishkumarp@vmkvec.edu.in
2	T. Thangaraja	Assistant Professor	Management Studies	thangaraja@avit.ac.in

**(ii) BASIC SCIENCES (MATHS, PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY
SUBJECTS)**

17MABS01	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		BS	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The driving force in Engineering Mathematics is the rapid growth of technology and is designed to provide the basic tools of calculus mainly for the purpose of modelling the engineering problems mathematically and obtaining solutions. This is a foundation course which mainly deals with topics such as single variable and multivariable calculus and plays an important role in the understanding of science, engineering, economics and computer science, among other disciplines.

PREREQUISITE --

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To identify the characteristics of a linear system with Eigen values and Eigen vectors.
2	To improve their ability in solving geometrical applications of differential calculus
3	To find a maximum or minimum value for a function of several variables subject to a given constraint.
4	To understand the integration techniques for evaluating surface and volume integrals.
5	Incorporate the knowledge of vector calculus to support their concurrent and subsequent engineering studies

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Able to understand the system of linear equations arising in all engineering fields using matrix methods.	Understand
CO2. Determine the evolute and envelope for a given family of curves	Apply
CO3. Apply differentiation to solve maxima and minima problems.	Apply
CO4. Compute the area and volume of plane using integration	Apply
CO5. Evaluate the surface and volume integral using Green's, Stokes and Gauss Divergence theorems	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO2	S	M	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO4	S	M	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

MATRICES: Characteristic equation – Eigen values and eigenvectors of a real matrix – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors (Without proof) – Cayley-Hamilton theorem (excluding proof) – Orthogonal transformation of a symmetric matrix to diagonal form.

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS: Curvature – Cartesian and Parametric Co-ordinates – Centre and radius of curvature – Circle of curvature – Evolute.

FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES: Partial Derivatives – Total Differentiation – Maxima and Minima constrained Maxima and Minima by Lagrangian Multiplier Method.

MULTIPLE INTEGRALS: Double integration – change of order of integration – Cartesian and polar coordinates – Area as a double integral – Triple integration.

VECTOR CALCULUS: Directional derivatives – Gradient, Divergence and Curl – Irrotational and solenoidal – vector fields – vector integration – Green’s theorem, Gauss divergence theorem and Stoke’s theorem (excluding proof).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “Engineering Mathematics I & II”, Department of Mathematics, VMKVEC (Salem) & AVIT (Chennai), (2017).
2. Dr.A.Singaravelu, “Engineering Mathematics I & II”, 23rd Edition, Meenakshi Agency, Chennai (2016).

REFERENCES:

1. Veerarajan T., “Engineering Mathematics”, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt, New Delhi (2011).
2. Grewal B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, 42nd Edition, Khanna Publishers, Delhi (2012).
3. Kreyszig E., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 8th Edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore (2012).
4. Kandasamy P, Thilagavathy K, and Gunavathy K., “Engineering Mathematics”, Volumes I & II (10th Edition).

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.G.Selvam	Asso.Prof	VMKVEC	selvam@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.S.Gayathri	Asst.Prof.Grade I	AVIT	gayathri@avit.ac.in

17MABS08	MATHEMATICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		BS	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

An engineering student needs to have some basic mathematical tools and techniques to apply in diverse applications in Engineering. This emphasizes the development of rigorous logical thinking and analytical skills of the student and appraises him the complete procedure for solving different kinds of problems that occur in engineering. The Laplace transform method is a powerful method for solving linear ODEs and corresponding initial value problems as well as systems of ODEs arising in Engineering. The knowledge of transformations is to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.

PREREQUISITE

Engineering Mathematics (17MABS01)

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To familiarize with the applications of differential equations.
2	To learn Laplace transform and its Inverse method to solve differential Equations and integral transforms
3	To calculate the Fourier transforms of periodic function.
4	To gain the knowledge in Z Transform and its applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Predict the suitable method to solve second and higher order differential equations	Apply
CO2. Learn the properties of Laplace transforms techniques	Understand
CO3. Apply Applications of Laplace transform to solve an ordinary differential equation.	Apply
CO4. To use the Fourier transform as the tool to connect the time domain and frequency domain to evaluate the given integral	Analyze
CO5. Solve the given difference equations using Z-transform.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO3	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO5	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Solutions of second and third order linear ordinary differential equation with constant coefficients – Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.

LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

Laplace transform – transform of elementary functions – basic properties – derivatives and integrals of transforms – transforms of derivatives and integrals – initial and final value theorems – Transform of periodic functions

INVERSE LAPLACE TRANSFORMS AND APPLICATIONS

Inverse Laplace transform – Convolution theorem – Initial and Final value theorem-Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients and first order simultaneous equation with constant coefficients using Laplace transforms.

FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Fourier transform pairs - Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms – Properties - Transforms of simple functions - Convolution theorem - Parseval's identity.

Z – TRANSFORMS

Z-Transform – Elementary Properties – Inverse Z-Transform – Convolution Theorem – Formation of Difference Equations – Solution of first and second order Difference Equations using Z-Transform.

TEXT BOOKS:

3. "Engineering Mathematics I & II ", by Department of Mathematics, VMKVEC (Salem) & AVIT (Chennai), (2017).
4. Dr.A.Singaravelu, "Engineering Mathematics I & II", 23rd Edition, Meenakshi Agency, Chennai (2016).
5. Dr.A.Singaravelu , "Transforms and Partial differential Equations", 18th Edition, Meenakshi Agency, Chennai (2013).

REFERENCES:

5. Veerarajan, T., "Engineering Mathematics I, II and III", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi (2011).
6. Grewal, B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 42nd Edition, Khanna Publishers, Delhi (2012)
7. Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 8th Edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore (2012).
8. Kandasamy .P, Thilagavathy. K. and Gunavathy. K., "Engineering Mathematics", Volumes I & II (10th Edition), S. Chand & Co., New Delhi (2014).

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.G.Selvam	Asso.Prof	VMKVEC	selvam@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.S.Gayathri	Asst.Prof.Grade I	AVIT	gayathri@avit.ac.in

17MABS13	PDE APPLICATIONS AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		BS	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

Partial Differential Equations frequently arise in the field of science and engineering which emphasizes the development of rigorous logical thinking and analytical skills of the student for solving different kinds of problems that occur in field of Hydraulics, predicting quantities of materials necessary for construction etc., The concept of complex geometry and Argand plane is very useful in constructing buildings.

PREREQUISITE

Engineering Mathematics (17MABS01)

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To formulate and solve partial differential equations.
2	To represent a periodic function as a Fourier series.
3	To be familiar with applications of partial differential equations.
4	To expose the concept of Analytical function.
5	To familiarize with Complex Integration.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Understand the basic concepts of linear, non-linear partial differential equations related to Engineering Field	Understand
CO2. Demonstrate periodic functions arising in the study of engineering problems as Fourier series of sine and cosines and compute the Fourier coefficients numerically.	Apply
CO3. Solve partial differential equations arising in engineering problems like wave equations and heat flow equation by Fourier series.	Apply
CO4. Apply bilinear transformations and conformal mappings	Apply
CO5. Identify the applicability of theorems and evaluate the contour integrals.	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO3	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M
CO5	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Formation - Solutions of standard types $f(p,q)=0$, Clairauts form, $f(z,p,q)=0, f(p,x)=g(q,y)$ of first order equations - Lagrange's Linear equation - Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients.

FOURIER SERIES

Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series - Half-range Sine and Cosine series - Parseval's identity – Harmonic Analysis.

BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS

Classification of second order linear partial differential equations - Solutions of one - dimensional wave equation, one-dimensional heat equation - Steady state solution of two-dimensional heat equation - Fourier series solutions in Cartesian coordinates.

ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

Function of a complex variable – Analytic function – Necessary conditions - Cauchy Riemann equations – Sufficient conditions (excluding proof) – Harmonic conjugate–Constructions of analytic functions-conformal mapping

$\left(w = z + c, w = z^2, w = \frac{1}{z} \right)$ bilinear transformations.

COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's expansions –Residues – Cauchy's residue theorem-contour integration over unit circle.

Text Books

1. Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" (8th Edition), John Wiley and Sons,(Asia) Pte Ltd., Singapore, 2000.
2. Kandasamy .P., Thilagavathy. K., and Gunavathy. K., "Engineering Mathematics", Volumes I & II (4th edition), S.Chand & Co., New Delhi.
3. Grewal, B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics" (35th Edition), Khanna Publishers, Delhi 2000.

Reference Books

1. T. Veerarajan, "Engineering Mathematics" (for semester III), Third Edition Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company limited, 2006.
2. A.Singaravelu,"Transforms and Partial Differential Equations", Meenakshi Agencies,Chennai.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.G.Selvam	Asso.Prof	VMKVEC	selvam@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.A.K.Bhuvaneswari	Asst.Prof. grade II	AVIT	bhuvaneswari@avit.ac.in

17MABS16	NUMERICAL METHODS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		BS	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course aims at developing the ability to formulate an engineering problem in a mathematical form appropriate for subsequent computational treatment and to choose an appropriate numerical approach. An under graduate of Engineering student needs to know sufficient numerical methods and techniques for solving engineering problems such as static or steady state problems, vibration or stability problems and initial value or transient problems etc.

PREREQUISITE

- 1.Engineering Mathematics (17MABS01)
- 2.Differential Equations and Transforms (17MABS06)

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To familiar with numerical solution of equations
2	To be get exposed to finite differences and interpolation
3	To be thorough with the numerical Differentiation and integration
4	To find numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations
5	To find numerical solutions of partial differential equations

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Solve the system of linear algebraic equations and single non linear equations arising in the field of Engineering.	Apply
CO2. Apply methods to find intermediate numerical value & polynomial of numerical data.	Apply
CO3. Apply methods to find integration, derivatives of one and two variable functions.	Apply
CO4. Solve the initial value problems using single step and multistep methods.	Apply
CO5. Solve the boundary value problems using finite difference methods.	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO3	S	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	S	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS: Method of false position, Newton-Raphson method for single variable, Solutions of a linear system by Gaussian, Gauss-Jordan, Jacobian and Gauss- Seidel methods. Inverse of a matrix by Gauss-Jordan method. Eigen value of a matrix by Power Method.

INTERPOLATION AND APPROXIMATION: Interpolation with Newton's divided differences, Lagrange's polynomial, Newton forward and backward differences, central difference Formula (Stirling's and Bessel's).

NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION: Numerical differentiation with interpolation polynomials, Numerical integration by Trapezoidal and Simpson's (both 1/3rd and 3/8th) rules. Romberg's rule, Two and Three point Gaussian quadrature formula. Double integrals using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rule.

INITIAL VALUE PROBLEMS OF ODE: Single Step Methods - Taylor Series, Euler and Modified Euler, Runge-Kutta method of fourth order -first and second order differential equations. Multistep Methods - Milne and Adam's-Bashforth predictor and corrector methods.

BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS FOR ORDINARY AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Finite difference solution for the second order ordinary differential equations, Finite difference solution for one dimensional heat equation (both implicit and explicit). One dimensional wave equation and two dimensional Laplace and Poisson equations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.K Gupta, "Numerical Methods for Engineers", New Age International Pvt. Ltd. Publishers, 2015.
2. S. R. K. Iyengar, R. K. Jain, Mahinder Kumar Jain, "Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations", New Age International publishers, 6th Edition, 2012.
3. T. Veerarajan, T.Ramachandran, "Numerical Methods with Programs in C and C++", Tata McGraw-Hill (2004).

REFERENCES:

1. Joe D. Hoffman, Steven Frankel, "Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists", 3rd Edition, 2015, Tata McGraw Hill.(New York).
2. Steven C. Chapra, Raymond P. Canale, "Numerical Methods for Engineers", McGraw Hill Higher Education, 2010.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the college	Mail ID
1	Dr. S.Punitha	Associate Professor	VMKVEC	punitha@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.A.K.Bhuvaneswari	Asst.Prof. grade II	AVIT	bhuvaneswari@avit.ac.in

17PCBS02	PHYSICAL SCIENCES PART A - ENGINEERING PHYSICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	0	0	2

PREAMBLE

Engineering Physics is the study of advanced physics concepts and their applications in various technological and engineering domains. Understanding the concepts of laser, types of lasers, the propagation of light through fibers, applications of optical fibers in communication and different types of non-destructive techniques will help an engineer to analyze, design and to fabricate various conceptual based devices.

PREREQUISITE : NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To recall the properties of laser and to explain principles of laser
2	To assess the applications of laser
3	To detail the principles of fiber optics
4	To study the applications of fiber optics
5	To explain various techniques used in Non-destructive testing

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO6. Understand the principles laser, fiber optics and non-destructive testing													Understand		
CO7. Understand the construction of laser, fiber optic and Non-Destructive testing equipments													Understand		
CO8. Demonstrate the working of laser, fiber optic and Non-Destructive testing based components and devices													Apply		
CO9. Interpret the potential applications of laser, fiber optics and Non-Destructive testing in various fields.													Apply		
CO10. Differentiate the working modes of various types of laser, fiber optic and Non-Destructive testing based devices.													Analyze		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S		M									M	S		
CO2	S		L									M	S		
CO3	S			M			M					M	S		
CO4	S	M		M	M	S	M					M	S		
CO5	S	M	M									M	S		

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

UNIT-I

LASERS: Laser characteristics - Stimulated Emission – Population Inversion - Einstein coefficients – Lasing action – Types of Laser – Nd:YAG laser, CO₂ laser, GaAs laser – Applications of Laser – Holography – construction and reconstruction of a hologram

UNIT-II

FIBRE OPTICS: Principle and propagation of light in optical fibers – numerical aperture and acceptance angle – types of optical fibers (material, refractive index, mode) – Applications: Fiber optic communication system – fiber optic displacement sensor and pressure sensor.

UNIT-III

NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING: Introduction – Types of NDT - Liquid penetrant method – characteristics of penetrant and developer - ultrasonic flaw detector – X-ray Radiography: displacement method – X-ray Fluoroscopy.

TEXT BOOK

1. Engineering Physics, compiled by Department of Physics, Vinayaka Mission's Research Foundation (Deemed to be University), Salem.
2. P.K. Palanisamy, Engineering Physics, Scientific Publishers, 2011.
3. Dr.M. N. Avadhanulu, Engineering Physics, S.Chand & Co, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Beiser, Arthur, Concepts of Modern Physics, 5th Ed., McGraw-Hill, 2009.
2. Halliday.D, Resnick.R, Walker.J, Fundamentals of Physics, Wiley & sons, 2013.
3. Gaur R. K. and Gupta S. L., Engineering Physics, DhanpatRai publishers, New Delhi, 2001.
4. Avadhanulu.M.N., Arun Murthy.T.V.S, Engineering Physics Vol. I, S.Chand, 2014.
5. Rajendran. V, Engineering Physics, Tata McGraw Hill Publication and Co., New Delhi, 2009.
6. Baldev Raj et al. Practical Non-Destructive Testing, Narosa Publications, 2017.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. C. SENTHIL KUMAR	PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	senthilkumarc@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr. R. SETHUPATHI	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	sethupathi@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Dr. G. SURESH	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	suresh.physics@avit.ac.in
4	Dr. B.DHANALAKSHMI	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	dhanalakshmi.phy@avit.ac.in

Subject Code 17PCBS02	Subject Title PHYSICAL SCIENCES PART B - ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY (Common to All Branches)	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		BS	2	0	0	2

PREAMBLE

Objective of this course is to present a better understanding of basic concepts of chemistry and its applications on different engineering domains. It also imparts knowledge on fundamentals of Electrochemistry, Energy storage technologies, properties of water and its treatment methods, classification of fuels, Non conventional sources of Energy and various advanced Engineering materials. .

PREREQUISITE

Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To impart basic knowledge in Chemistry so that the student will understand the engineering concept
2	To familiar with electrochemistry and Battery and fuel Cells
3	To lay foundation for practical applications of water softening methods and its treatment methods in engineering aspects.
4	To inculcate the knowledge of fuels and advanced material.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Describe the electrochemistry, batteries and working principle of energy storage devices	Understand
CO2. Estimate the hardness of water	Apply
CO3 Identify suitable water treatment methods	Analyze
CO4. Outline the important features of fuels and advanced materials	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	S	M	-	M	-	S	S	S	-	-	L	M	M	-	M
CO2	S	S	M	-	-	M	M	M	-	-	-	M	M	M	M
CO3	S	S	M	-	-	M	S	M	-	-	-	M	M	M	M
CO4	S	-	-	-	L	L	M	L	-	-	-	S	M	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ELECTROCHEMISTRY, BATTERIES AND FUEL CELLS:

Electrode potential - Nernst equation – Electrodes (SHE, Calomel and Glass) - cells - EMF measurement. Primary battery (Daniel and dry cell) – secondary battery (lead Acid storage battery and Nickel-Cadmium battery) – Fuel cell (H₂-O₂ fuel cell)

WATER TECHNOLOGY AND CORROSION :

Sources of water – impurities – Hardness and its determination (problems to be avoided) – boiler troubles – water softening (Zeolite & Demineralisation) – Domestic water treatment – Desalination (Electrodialysis & Reverse Osmosis).

FUELS AND CHEMISTRY OF ADVANCED MATERIALS:

Classification of Fuels (Solid, Liquid, Gaseous, Nuclear and Bio fuels) – Calorific Value of a fuel – Non Petroleum Fuels – Non conventional sources of Energy – combustion. Basics and Applications:- Organic electronic material, shape memory alloys, polymers (PVC, Teflon, Bakelite).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Chemistry piled by Department of Chemistry, Vinayaka Missions University, Salem.

REFERENCES:

1. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand& company Ltd., New Delhi
2. Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain, 15th edition Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi
3. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by ShashiChawla, Edition 2012 Dhanpatrai& Co., New Delhi.
4. Engineering Chemistry by Dr. A. Ravikrishnan, Sri Krishna Publications, Chennai.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr. V. Anbazhagan	Professor	Chemistry	anbu80@gmail.com
2	Mr. A. Gilbert Sunderraj	Assistant Professor	Chemistry	asmgill80@gmail.com
3	Dr. R. Nagalakshmi	Professor	Chemistry	nagalakshmi.chemistry@avit.ac.in
4	Dr.K.Sanghamitra	Associate Professor	Chemistry	sanghamitra.chemistry@avit.ac.in

17PCBS81	PHYSICAL SCIENCES LAB: PART A – REAL AND VIRTUAL LAB IN PHYSICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	0	0	2	1

PREAMBLE

In this laboratory, experiments are based on the calculation of physical parameters like young's modulus, rigidity modulus, viscosity of water, wavelength of spectral lines, thermal conductivity and band gap. Some of the experiments involve the determination of the dimension of objects like the size of a microparticle and thickness of a thin wire. In addition to the above real lab experiments, students gain hands-on experience in virtual laboratory.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To impart basic skills in taking reading with precision of physics experiments
2	To inculcate the habit of handling equipments appropriately
3	To gain the knowledge of practicing experiments through virtual laboratory.
4	To know the importance of units
5	To obtain results with accuracy

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to														
CO11.	Recognize the importance of units while performing the experiments, calculating the physical parameters and obtaining results												Understand	
CO12.	Operate the equipments with precision												Apply	
CO13.	Practice to handle the equipments in a systematic manner												Apply	
CO14.	Demonstrate the experiments through virtual laboratory												Apply	
CO15.	Calculate the result with accuracy												Analyze	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	S	S													
CO 2	S	S	M	M	S				M			M	M	M	
CO 3	S														
CO 4	S	S	M	M	S							S	M	M	
CO 5	S	S													

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

1. Young's modulus of a bar - Non-uniform bending
2. Rigidity modulus of a wire - Torsional Pendulum
3. Viscosity of a liquid - Poiseuille's method
4. Velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids - Ultrasonic Interferometer
5. Particle size determination using Laser
6. Wavelength of spectral lines – grating – Spectrometer
7. Thickness of a wire - Air wedge Method
8. Thermal conductivity of a bad conductor - Lee's disc
9. Band gap determination of a thermistor - Post Office Box
10. Specific resistance of a wire – Potentiometer

LAB MANUAL

Physical Sciences Lab: Part A – Real And Virtual Lab In Physics Manual compiled by Department of Physics, Vinayaka Missions Research Foundation (Deemed to be University), Salem.

COURSE DESIGNERS

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1	Dr. C. SENTHIL KUMAR	PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	senthilkumarc@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr. R. SETHUPATHI	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	sethupathi@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Dr. G. SURESH	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	suresh.physics@avit.ac.in
4	Dr. B.DHANALAKSHMI	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	PHYSICS	dhanalakshmi.phy@avit.ac.in

17PCBS81	PHYSICAL SCIENCES LAB PART B - ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB (Common to All Branches)									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										BS	0	0	2	1	
PREAMBLE															
Engineering Chemistry Lab experiments explains the basics and essentials of Engineering Chemistry. It also helps the students to understand the applications of Engineering Chemistry. The electrodes, Cell and batteries study gives clear basic application oriented knowledge about electrochemistry. Water technology study gives the idea about hardness and its disadvantages.. Now-a-days the practical and handling of equipments are needed for our fast growing life style.															
PREREQUISITE															
Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To impart basic skills in Chemistry so that the student will understand the engineering concept.														
2	To inculcate the knowledge of water and electrochemistry.														
3	To lay foundation for practical applications of chemistry in engineering aspects.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Estimate the chemical properties of water													Apply		
CO2. Determine the presence of various elements in the water													Analyze		
CO3. Calculate the strength of acids, oxidizing and reducing agents													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	-	L	M	M	S	-	-	-	M	M	S	S
CO2	S	M	M	-	L	M	M	L	-	-	-	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	-	L	M	M	M	-	-	-	M	M	S	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
1. Determination of Hardness by EDTA method															
2. Estimation of Hydrochloric acid by conductometric method															
3. Acid Base titration by pH method															
4. Estimation of Ferrous ion by Potentiometric method															
5. Determination of Dissolved oxygen by Winkler's method															
6. Estimation of Sodium by Flame photometer															
7. Estimation of Copper from Copper Ore Solution															
8. Estimation of Iron by Spectrophotometer															
TEXT BOOK															
1. Engineering Chemistry Lab Manual by VMU.															
COURSE DESIGNERS															
S.No	Name of the Faculty				Designation			Name of the College			Mail ID				
1.	Dr. V. Anbazhagan				Professor			Chemistry			anbu80@gmail.com				
2.	Mr. A. Gilbert Sunderraj				Assistant Professor			Chemistry			asmgill80@gmail.com				

3.	Dr. R. Nagalakshmi	Professor	Chemistry	nagalakshmi.chemistry@avit.ac.in
4.	Dr.K.Sanghamitra	Associate Professor	Chemistry	sanghamitra.chemistry@avit.ac.in

17PHBS05	SMART MATERIALS					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						Basic Sciences	3	0	0	3					
PREAMBLE Smart Materials gives an outlook about various types of materials having potential application in Engineering and Technology. In particular, Students learn about Smart Materials and their applications, Properties of Crystalline Materials & Nanomaterials, Characteristics of Magnetic materials. They also get a clear picture about superconducting materials.															
PRERQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To explain the fundamental properties and classification of smart materials, crystalline materials, Nano materials, Magnetic materials and Super conducting materials.														
2	To paraphrase the basic crystalline structure and its properties.														
3	To illustrate the synthesis and fabrication of Nano materials.														
4	To predict the application of smart materials, crystalline materials, Nano materials, Magnetic materials and Super conducting materials.														
5	To analyze the various parameters of crystalline materials.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Restate the properties of various materials.															
Understand															
CO2. Summarize the various structures of materials.															
Understand															
CO3. Predict the applications of various materials to designing equipments.															
Apply															
CO4. Illustrate the properties of materials to designing equipments.															
Apply															
CO5. Calculate the crystalline parameters of the materials.															
Analyze															
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	S	M	S				M			S	M	M	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S				M			M			
CO3	S	S	S	S	S				S			M	M		
CO4	S	M	S	M	S				M			M			
CO5	M	S	S	M	M				S			M			
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
SMART MATERIALS: Shape Memory Alloys (SMA) – Characteristics and properties of SMA, Application, advantages and disadvantages of SMA. Metallic glasses – Preparation, properties and applications.															
CRYSTALLINE MATERIALS: Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Miller indices – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell – atomic radius – coordination number – packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC, HCP structures.															
NANO MATERIALS: Nanophase materials – Top-down approach - Mechanical Grinding - Lithography - Bottom-up approach – Sol-gel method – Carbon nanotubes – Fabrication – applications.															
MAGNETIC MATERIALS: Basic concepts – Classification of magnetic materials – Domain theory – Hysteresis – Soft and Hard magnetic materials.															
SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS: Superconducting phenomena – properties of superconductors – Meissner effect – isotope effect – Type I and Type II superconductors – High Tc Superconductors – Applications of superconductors.															

TEXT BOOK:

Mani P, Engineering Physics II, Dhanam Publications, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics, New Age International (P) Ltd., publishers, 2018.
2. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2018.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. S. MOHAMMED HARSHULKHAN	Asst.Prof	Physics	harshulkhan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. R. SAKTHI GANAPATHY	Asst.Prof	Physics	sakthiganapthy@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Dr .G. LATHA	Professor	Physics	latha.physics@avit.ac.in
4	Dr. R. N. VISWANATH	Professor	Physics	viswanath.physics@avit.ac.in

HUMAN POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENT:Population growth - Population explosion - Family welfare programme - Environment & human health - Human rights – Value education - Women and child welfare, Role of information technology in environment and human health.

TEXT BOOK

1. Environmental Science and Engineering by Dr.A. Ravikrishnan, Sri Krishna Publications, Chennai.

REFERENCES:

1. Wager K.D. "Environmental Management", W.B. Saunders Co. Philadelphia, USA, 1998.
2. Bharucha Erach "The Biodiversity of India" Mapin Publishing Pvt Ltd, Ahmedabad, India
3. Trivedi R.K. "Handbook of Environmental Laws", Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and tandards Vol I & II, Enviro media.
4. Dr. J. Meenambal, Environmental Science and Engineering, MJP Publication, Chennai
5. Gilbert M. Masters : Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Pearson Education Pvt Ltd., II Edition, ISBN 81-297-0277-0, 2004

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr. V. Anbazhagan	Professor	Chemistry	anbu80@gmail.com
2.	Mr. A. Gilbert Sunderraj	Assistant Professor	Chemistry	asmgill80@gmail.com
3.	Dr. R. Nagalakshmi	Professor	Chemistry	nagalakshmi.chemistry@avit.ac.in
4.	Dr.K.Sanghamitra	Associate Professor	Chemistry	sanghamitra.chemistry@avit.ac.in

TEXT BOOKS:

1.Green building materials by Ross Spiegel and Dru Meadows

REFERENCES:

1.Understanding Green building materials by Traci Rose Rider, Stacy Glass and Jessica McNaughton.

Green building materials, Energy & Civil Engineering by Jimmy C.M. Kao, Wen-Pei Sung, Ran Chen

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.S.Krishnaraj	Asst..Prof	Chemistry/VMKVEC	Srajkrishna85@gmail.com
2	Dr. R. Nagalakshmi	Professor	Chemistry/AVIT	nagalakshmi.chemistry@avit.ac.in

17PHBS01	NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING OF MATERIALS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Nondestructive testing is a wide group of analysis/techniques used in science and technology industry to evaluate the properties of a material without causing damage. It is a highly valuable technique that can save both money and time in product evaluation, troubleshooting, and research.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To understand the principles of visual inspection
2	To know about the procedure followed in liquid penetrant method
3	To learn the magnetic particle testing
4	To know about in radiographic testing
5	To learn about ultrasonic testing

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Describe the principles of visual inspection to detect the defects	Understand
CO2. Identify the surface defects using LPT and Magnetic particle inspection	Apply
CO3. Identify the internal defects using X ray radiography and Ultrasonic flaw detector	Apply
CO4. Application of various NDT techniques	Apply
CO5. Inspect the defects using various techniques	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S			M	M							M			
CO2	S			M	M							M		S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M							M		S	S
CO4	S	S	M	M	M							M		M	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	M							M		M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

VISUAL INSPECTION: Scope and advantages of NDT, Comparison of NDT with DT, classifications of NDT - Visual inspection - Equipment used for visual inspection - Borescope, endoscopes or endoprobes, Flexible fiber optic borescope, video imagescope – confocal laser scanning microscopy – optical coherence tomography – laser thermography.

LIQUID PENETRANT TESTING: Liquid penetration testing - Introduction, Principle, equipment, procedures, Characteristics of penetrants - developers -Advantages, limitations and applications – High temperature penetrant testing– Low temperature penetrant testing.

MAGNETIC PARTICLE TESTING: Principle of magnetic particle testing - different methods to generate magnetic fields - magnetic particle testing equipment - magnetic particle testing procedures method of De-magnetization - Applications, advantages and limitations

RADIOGRAPHIC TESTING: X-ray radiography principle, equipment & methodology - Type of industrial radiation sources and application - Radiographic exposure factors and technique - Gama ray and X- ray equipment - Precautions against radiation hazards.

ULTRASONIC TESTING: Introduction, Principle of operation type of ultrasonic propagation - Ultrasonic probes. Types of transducers - Ultrasonic testing techniques. Method of evaluating discontinuities - applications, advantages and limitations.

TEXT BOOKS

Prasad J, Nair C G K, Non-destructive Testing and Evaluation of Materials, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2011(Second Edition)

REFERENCES:

4. American Metals Society, Non-destructive Examination and Quality Control, Metals Hand Book, Vol. 17, 9th Ed, Metals Park, OH, 1989.
5. Bray, Don E and Stanley, Roderic K, Non-destructive Evaluation: A tool in Design, Manufacturing and Service Revised, CRC Press New York, Edition 1997.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. S. MOHAMMED HARSHULKHAN	Asst.Prof	Physics	harshulkhan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. R. SAKTHI GANAPATHY	Asst.Prof	Physics	sakthiganapthy@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Dr .G. LATHA	Asso.Professor	Physics	latha.physics@avit.ac.in
4	Dr. R. N. VISWANATH	Asso.Professor	Physics	rnviswanath@avit.ac.in

17PHBS09	NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						CC	3	0	0	3					
PREAMBLE Nanotechnology is the study and application of extremely small things and can be used across all the other science fields, such as chemistry, biology, physics, materials science and engineering. Nanomaterials exhibit enhanced properties such as higher strength, lighter weight and greater chemical reactivity than their larger-scale counterparts. The study about nanomaterials is extremely important for an engineer to understand its properties and design equipments.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To identify the properties and types of nanomaterials														
2	To illustrate the preparation methods of nanomaterials														
3	To illustrate about lithography techniques														
4	To catagorize about carbon nano tubes														
5	To identify the various characterization techniques														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Describe the properties of nanomaterials									Understand						
CO2. Demonstrate the preparation methods of nanomaterials									Apply						
CO3. Interpret the properties of carbon nanotubes									Apply						
CO4. Utilize the lithographic techniques									Apply						
CO5. Categorize various characterization techniques									Analyze						
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO 1	PO2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M			M								M			
CO2	S	M	M	M	M							M		S	S
CO3	S	M	S	S	S							M		S	S
CO4	S	M	S	S	S							M		M	M
CO5	S	S	M	S	S							M		M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-MLow															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITION OF NANOTECHNOLOGY															
Introduction, Definition, Length scales, Importance of Nanoscale and Technology, History of Nanotechnology, Future of Nanotechnology: Nanotechnology Revolution, Silicon based Technology, Benefits and challenges in Molecular manufacturing, The Molecular assembler concept, Controversies and confusions, Understanding advanced capabilities, Visions and Objectives of Nanotechnology, Nanotechnology in Different Fields: Automobile, Electronics, Nano biotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nano computers, Power storage, Nanotechnology products.															
NANO PARTICLES															

Introduction, Types of Nanoparticles, Pure Metal, Gold, Silicon, Silver, Cobalt, Metal Oxides, Silica, Zinc oxide, Iron oxide, Alumina, Titania, Techniques to Synthesize Nanoparticles, Characterization of Nanoparticles, Applications, Toxic effects of Nanomaterials, Significance of Nanoparticles.

PROPERTIES

Mechanical properties: Strength of Nano crystalline SiC, Preparation for strength measurements, Mechanical properties, Magnetic properties. Electrical properties: Switching glasses with nanoparticles, Electronic conduction with nanoparticles. Optical properties: Optical properties, special properties and the coloured glasses

NANO-POWDERS

Process of synthesis of Nano powders, Electro deposition, Important Nanomaterials

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS IN NANOTECHNOLOGY & APPLICATIONS

Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano copters, Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Nanotechnology in Mechanical Industries, Nanotechnology in Health and Life Sciences, Nanotechnology in Smart Materials, Nanotechnology in Defense, Nanotechnology in Optics, Optical industry, Metrology, Nanotechnology in Environment.

TEXT BOOKS

1. A.S. Edelstein and R.C. Cammearata, eds., “Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications”, Institute of Physics Publishing, Bristol and Philadelphia, 1996.
2. N John Dinardo, “Nanoscale characterisation of surfaces & Interfaces”, 2nd Edition, Weinheim Cambridge, Wiley-VCH, 2000

REFERENCES:

1. Timp (Editor), “Nanotechnology”, AIP press/Springer, 1999
- Akhilesh Lakhtakia (Editor), “The Hand Book of Nano Technology, Nanometer Structure”, Theory, Modeling and Simulations”, Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. S. MOHAMMED HARSHULKHAN	Asst. Professor	Physics	harshulkhan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. R. SAKTHI GANAPATHY	Asst. Professor	Physics	sakthiganapthy@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Dr .G. LATHA	Asso. Professor	Physics	latha.physics@avit.ac.in
4	Dr. R. N. VISWANATH	Asso. Professor	Physics	rnviswanath@avit.ac.in

(iii) ENGINEERING SCIENCES (BASIC ENGINEERING
COURSES)

17CSES01	ESSENTIALS OF COMPUTING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		ES	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course aims to provide the fundamental concepts of Computer operations like hardware and software installation, and emphasizing principles application packages. Studying the fundamentals concepts of Algorithms, to resolve the real world application.

PRERQUISITE – Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To provide basic knowledge of hardware and software components of computers.
2	To introduce and demonstrate various software application packages.
3	To study Problem solving Techniques and program development cycle.
4	To learn about various algorithm and identifying the algorithm efficiency.
5	To learn different algorithm for various application.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. To understand the Basic knowledge on hardware and software terminologies.	Understand
CO2. To Demonstrate the various Application Packages like MS-word, MS- Excel etc.	Apply
CO3.To Understand Program Devolvment Cycle and apply various Problem Solving Techniques.	Apply
CO4.To analyze the efficiency of Algorithms.	Analyze
CO5.To Implement of Algorithms for various concepts.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-
CO2	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M	-
CO3	S	S	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	S	S	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

BASICS OF COMPUTER AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY: Computer – Generations, Types of Computers, Block diagram of a computer – Components of a computer system –Hardware and software definitions – Categories of software – Booting – Installing and Uninstalling a Software –Software piracy – Software terminologies – Applications of Computer – Role of Information Technology – History of Internet – Internet Services.

SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS: Office Automation: Application Packages – Word processing (MS Word) – Spread sheet (MS Excel) – Presentation (MS PowerPoint).

PROBLEM SOLVING METHODOLOGIES: Problems Solving Techniques - Program Development Cycle – Algorithm Development – Flow chart generation –Programming Constructs (Sequential, Decision-Making, Iteration) – Types and generation of programming Languages.

INTRODUCTION TO ALGORITHMS: Implementation of Algorithms – program verification – The efficiency of algorithms – The analysis of algorithms.

IMPLEMENTATION OF ALGORITHMS: Fundamental Algorithms: Introduction – Exchanging the values of two variables – Counting – Summation of a set of Numbers – factorial computation – Generation of the Fibonacci sequence – Reversing the digits of an integer.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “Essentials of Computer Science and Engineering”, Department of Computer Sciences, VMKVEC, Salem, Anuradha Publishers, 2017.
2. Dromey.R.G, “How to Solve it by Computer”, Prentice-Hall of India, 1996.

REFERENCES:

1. Aho.A.V., Hopcroft.J.E and Ullman.J.D, “The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms”, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Knuth D.E., “The Art of computer programming Vol 1: Fundamental Algorithms”, 3rd Edition, Addison Wesley, 1997.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	K.Karthik	Assistant Professor	CSE	karthik@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.T.Geetha	Assistant Professor	CSE	geetha@vmkvec.edu.in

17CSES05	PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON							CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT			
								ES	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE The purpose of this course is to introduce Python, a remarkably powerful dynamic programming language to write code for different operating systems along with application domain. Python has evolved on more popular and powerful open source programming tool															
PRERQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To provide basic knowledge on Python programming concepts.														
2	To introduce different methods in list, string, tuple, dictionary and sets.														
3	To compute different programs using python control statements.														
4	To learn about different functions in python.														
5	To compute the exception handling functions, file concepts and CSV and JSON.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Learn python statements, comments and indentation, tokens, input and output methods using various example programs.													Understand		
CO2. Apply the different methods involved in List, String, Tuples and Dictionary.													Apply		
CO3. Design solutions for complex programs using decision making and looping statements.													Apply.		
CO4. Apply the function programs with all the concepts like lambda, decorators and generators.													Apply.		
CO5. Compute the exception handling programs, file concept programs and understand the concepts of CSV and JSON.													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PS O2	PSO 3
CO1	S	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	-
CO2	S	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3	M	S	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
UNIT-1 INTRODUCTION Introduction to python-Advantages of python programming-Tokens-Variables-Input/output methods-Data types-Operators															
UNIT-2 DATA STRUCTURES Strings-Lists-Tuples-Dictionaries-Sets															
UNIT-3 CONTROL STATEMENTS Flow Control-Selection control Structure-if-if-else-if-elif-else-Nested if iterative control structures-while loop, for loop and range.															
UNIT-4 FUNCTIONS Declaration-Types of Arguments-Fixed arguments, variable arguments, keyword arguments and keyword variable arguments-Recursions-Anonymous functions: lambda- Decorators and Generators.															
UNIT-5 EXCEPTION HANDLING Exception Handling-Regular Expression-Calendars and clock files:File input/output operations-Dictionary operations-Reading and writing in structured files:CSV and JSON.															
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Bill Lubanovic, "Introducing Python Modern Computing in Simple Packages", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2014. 2. Programming With Python Book ‘Himalaya Publishing House Pvt Ltd 3. “Dive Into Python” by Mark Pilgrim															

REFERENCES:

1. Mark Lutz, "Learning Python", 6th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2014.
2. David Beazley, Brian K. Jones, "Python Cookbook", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.
3. Mark Lutz, "Python Pocket Reference", 6th Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr. K.Karthik	Assistant Professor	CSE	karthik@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs. T. Narmadha	Assistant Professor	CSE	narmadha@vmkvec.edu.in

17CMES02	BASICS OF CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PART -A BASICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING (Common to All Branches)	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		ES	2	0	0	2

PREAMBLE

The aim of the subject is to provide a fundamental knowledge of basic Civil Engineering

PREREQUISITE- NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To understand the basic concepts of surveying and construction materials.
2	To impart basic knowledge about building components.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.	Apply
CO2. An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data .	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2	S	M	L	S	M	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	S	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS

SURVEYING: Objects – types – classification – principles – measurements of distances – angles – levelling – determination of areas – illustrative examples.

CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS: Bricks – stones – sand – cement – concrete – steel sections.

BUILDING COMPONENTS AND STRUCTURES :

FOUNDATIONS: Types, Bearing capacity – Requirement of good foundations.

SUPERSTRUCTURE: Brick masonry – stone masonry – beams – columns – lintels – roofing – flooring – plastering – Mechanics – Internal and external forces – stress – strain – elasticity – Types of Bridges and Dams – Basics of Interior Design and Landscaping.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering”, VMU, (2017). Company Ltd., New Delhi,2009

REFERENCES:

- 1.Ramamrutham S., “Basic Civil Engineering”, Dhanpatrai Publishing Co. (P) Ltd., 2009.
2. Seetharaman S., “Basic Civil Engineering”, Anuradha Agencies.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept/ College	Mail ID
1	S. Supriya	Assist. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

17CMES02	B-BASICS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											FC(ES)	2	0	0	2
Preamble Basic Mechanical Engineering gives the fundamental ideas in the areas of manufacturing and Automobile engineering. An engineer needs to understand, the basic manufacturing techniques and working principle of an Automobile Engineering Components.															
Prerequisite –NIL															
Course Objective															
1	To demonstrate the principles of casting and metal joining processes in manufacturing.														
2	To describe and to apply the in depth knowledge in automotive engines and important components.														
Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.	Illustrate with the application of casting and metal joining processes in manufacturing.													Apply	
CO2.	Explain the operation of automotive engines and important components.													Understand	
Mapping with Programme Outcomes and Programme Specific Outcomes															
CO	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-
CO2	S	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
Syllabus															
FOUNDRY AND WELDING															
Foundry: Introduction to Casting - Types, Pattern- Definition, Function. Foundry tools. Green Sand Moulding application. Welding: Introduction to welding, Classification – Gas welding, Arc Welding, TIG, MIG, Plasma – Definitions. Arc Welding - Methods and Mechanisms – Applications.															
AUTOMOTIVE ENGINES AND COMPONENTS															
Introduction, Two stroke and four stroke cycle – Petrol and Diesel Engines - Construction and working, Fundamentals of automotive components - Brakes, Clutches, Governor, Flywheel, Axles, Drives etc., Fuel supply systems, Exhaust emission and control.															
Text Books															
1	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering, School of Mechanical Engineering Sciences, VMU, Salem														
Reference Books															
1	K.Venugopal, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Anuradha Publications, Chennai														
2	NR. Banapurmath, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Vikas Publications, Noida														
3	TJ.Prabu, Basic Mechanical Engineering, SCITECH Publications, Chennai														
Course Designers															
S.No	Faculty Name			Designation			Department / Name of the College			Email id					
1	S. Durairathilagar			Associate Professor			Mech / VMKVEC			sdurairathilagar@vmkvec.edu.in					
2	M.Saravanakumar			Asst. Prof			Mech /AVIT			saravanakumar@avit.ac.in					

17CMES81	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICE LAB PART A - BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING (Common to All Branches)	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		ES	0	0	2	2

PREAMBLE

Engineering Skills Practice is a hands-on training practice to Mechanical, Civil and Mechatronics Engineering students. It deals with fitting, carpentry, sheet metal and related exercises. Also, it will induce the habit of selecting right tools, planning the job and its execution

PREREQUISITE

Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | To understand the basic concepts of surveying and construction materials. |
| 2 | To impart basic knowledge about building components. |

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|---|-------|
| CO1.Prepare the different types of fitting. | Apply |
| CO2.Prepare the different types of joints using wooden material | Apply |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	-	S	-
CO2	S	S	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	-	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

Buildings:

- Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings, Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- Hands-on-exercise: Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.
- Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.

Hands-on-exercise: Wood work, joints by sawing, planning and cutting.

TEXT BOOK

- Basic civil engineering Lab Manual by Department of Civil Engineering, VMRF.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CMES81	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICE LAB B. BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								FC(ES)	0	0	4	2			
Preamble Workshop is a hands-on training practice to Mechanical Engineering students. It deals with fitting, carpentry, foundry and welding related exercises. Also, it will induce the habit of selecting right tools, planning the job and its execution.															
Prerequisite –NIL															
Course Objective															
1	To perform the practice in different types of fitting processes.														
2	To utilize the different type of joints using wooden materials.														
3	To perform and acquire in depth knowledge in metal joining processes.														
4	To demonstrate the pattern using foundry processes.														
Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.		Identify the different types of fitting using MS plate.												Apply	
CO2.		Predict the different types of joints using wooden material												Apply	
CO3.		Utilize the different types of joining process in metal by Arc Welding												Apply	
CO4.		Make use of different types of green sand mould												Apply	
Mapping with Programme Outcomes and Programme Specific Outcomes															
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	S	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO2	S	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO3	S	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO4	S	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
Syllabus															
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS															
Tee – Fitting Vee – Fitting Preparation of a mould for a single piece pattern Preparation of a mould for a split piece pattern Half- Lap Joint in Carpentry Dove Tail Joint in Carpentry Lap Joint – Welding Butt Joint – Welding															
Text Books															
1	BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, LAB MANUAL														
Reference Books															
1	K.Venugopal, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Anuradha Publications, Chennai														
2	NR. Banapurmath, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Vikas Publications, Noida														
Course Designers															
S.No	Faculty Name		Designation		Department / Name of the College				Email id						
1	Dr. V. K. Krishnan		Associate Professor		Mech / VMKVEC				vkkrishnan@vmkvec.edu.in						
2	B.SELVA BABU		Assistant Professor		Mech/AVIT				selvababu@avit.ac.in						

17EES03	BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING A. BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											ES	2	0	0	2
PREAMBLE It is a preliminary course which highlights the basic concepts and outline of Electrical engineering. The concepts discussed herein are projected to deliver explanation on basic electrical engineering for beginners of all engineering graduates.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand the electrical inventions, basic concepts of AC and dc circuit and basic laws of electrical engineering.														
2	To gain knowledge about the working principle, construction, application of DC and AC machines and measuring instruments.														
3	To understand the fundamentals of safety procedures, Earthing and Power system.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO 1: Explain the evolution of electricity, name the inventors, electrical quantities and basic laws of electrical engineering.													Remember		
CO 2: Demonstrate Ohm's and Faraday's Law.													Apply		
CO 3: Understand the basic concepts of measuring instruments, electrical machineries and its applications.													Understand		
CO 4: Analyze the various types of electrical loads, power rating of electrical machineries and energy efficient equipment.													Analyze		
CO 5: Explain the electrical safety and protective devices.													Understand		
CO 6: Compare the various types electrical power generation systems by application of conventional and non-conventional sources.													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	S	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	M	-	-	-
CO3	L	S	L	-	S	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	-
CO4	S	M	S	L	L	S	S	-	-	S	-	L	-	-	-
CO5	L	M	S	M	-	S	M	M	-	S	-	L	-	-	-
CO6	S	L	S	L	M	S	S	-	-	M	-	L	-	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
HISTORY OF ELECTRICITY, QUANTITIES AND CIRCUITS Evolution of Electricity and Electrical inventions, Electrical quantities- Charge, Electric potential, voltage, current– DC & AC, power, energy, time period, frequency, phase, flux, flux density, RMS, Average, Peak, phasor& vector diagram. Electric Circuits - Passive components (RLC), Ohm's law, KCL, KVL, Faraday's law, Lenz's law. Electrical materials – Conducting and insulating materials.															
MEASURING INSTRUMENT AND ENERGY CALCULATION Measuring Instruments – Analog and Digital meters – Types and usage. AC and DC Machines & Equipment- Types, Specifications and applications. Loads – Types of Loads- Power rating and Energy calculation – for a domestic loads. Energy Efficient equipments – star ratings.															
ELECTRICALSAFETY AND INTRODUCTIONTOPOWERSYSTEM Protection & Safety - Hazards of electricity - shock, burns, arc-blast, Thermal Radiation, explosions, fires, effects of electricity on the human body. Electrical safety practices, Protection devices.															

Electric Power- Generation resources, Transmission types & Distribution system (levels of voltage, power ratings and statistics)-Simple layout of generation, transmission and distribution of power.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Metha.V.K,RohitMetha,“*BasicElectricalEngineering*”,Fifthedition,Chand.S&Co,2012
2. Kothari.D.PandNagrath.I.J,“*BasicElectricalEngineering*”,Secondedition,TataMcGraw-Hill,2009
3. R.K.Rajput , “Basic Electrical and Electronics engineering”, Second Edition, Laxmi Publication, 2012

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1.SmarajGhosh,“*FundamentalsofElectrical&ElectronicsEngineering*”,Secondedition,PHILearning,2007

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Devarajan	Professor	EEE	devarajan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. R. Sathish	Assistant Professor	EEE	sathish@vmkvec.edu.in

17EES03	BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING B. BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											FC(ES)	2	0	0	2
PREAMBLE The course aims to impart fundamental knowledge on electronics components, digital logics and communication engineering concepts. The course begins with classification of various active and passive components, diodes and transistors. It enables the student to design small digital logics like multiplexer, demultiplexer, encoder, decoder circuits, etc. It crafts the students to get expertise in modern communication systems.															
PRERQUISITE – Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To learn and identify various active and passive components and their working principles.														
2	To understand the number conversion systems.														
3	To learn the digital logic principles and realize adders, multiplexer, etc.,														
4	To understand the application oriented concepts in the communication systems.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Interpret working principle and application of various active and passive electronic components like resistors, capacitors, inductors, diodes and transistors.												Understand			
CO2. Construct the rectifiers and regulators circuits and explore their operations.												Apply			
CO3. Execute number system conversions and compute several digital logic operations.												Apply			
CO4. Design adders, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer, Encoder, Decoder circuits.												Apply			
CO5. Apply the modern technologies in developing application oriented gadgets like the UHD, OLED, HDR.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	M	M	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	M	-	-	-
CO3	S	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	S	-	-
CO4	S	M	M	M	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	M	-	-	-
CO5	S	M	--	--	M	--	M	--	M	M	--	M	M	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES Passive and Active Components - Resistors, Inductors, Capacitors, Characteristics of PN Junction Diode - Zener Diode and its Characteristics - Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers - Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor, JFET, MOSFET & UJT.															
DIGITAL FUNDAMENTALS Number Systems – Binary, Octal, Decimal and Hexa-Decimal – Conversion from one to another – Logic Gates – AND, OR, NOT, XOR, Universal Gates – Adders, Multiplexer, De Multiplexer, Encoder, Decoder – Memories															
COMMUNICATION AND ADVANCED GADGETS															

Modulation and Demodulation – AM, FM, PM – RADAR – Satellite Communication – Mobile Communication, LED, HD, UHD, OLED, HDR & Beyond, Smart Phones – Block diagrams Only.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.K. Rajput, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Laxmi Publications, Second Edition, 2012.
2. Dr.P.Selvam, Dr.R.Devarajan, Dr.A.Nagappan, Dr.T.Muthumanickam and Dr.T.Sheela, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Department of EEE & ECE, Faculty of Engineering & Technology, VMRFDU, Anuradha Agencies, 2018.
3. Edward Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson Education Limited, Ninth Edition, 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. John Kennedy, "Electronics Communication System", Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Sheela	Associate Professor	ECE	sheela@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mrs.A.Malarvizhi	Assistant Professor	ECE	malarvizhi@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Mr.R.Karthikeyan	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	ECE	rrmdkarthikeyan@avit.ac.in
4	Ms.R.Mohana Priya	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	ECE	mohanapriya@avit.ac.in

17MEES84	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS (Theory & Practice)					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						FC(ES)	1	0	4	3					
Preamble Engineering Graphics is referred as language of engineers. An engineer needs to understand the physical geometry of any object through its orthographic or pictorial projections. The knowledge on engineering graphics is essential in proposing new product through drawings and interpreting data from existing drawings. This course deals with orthographic and pictorial projections, sectional views and development of surfaces.															
Prerequisite – NIL															
Course Objective															
1	To implement the orthographic projections of points, straight lines, plane surfaces and solids.														
2	To construct the orthographic projections of sectioned solids and true shape of the sections.														
3	To develop lateral surfaces of the uncut and cut solids.														
4	To draw the pictorial projections (isometric and perspective) of simple solids.														
5	To sketch by free hand the orthographic views from the given pictorial view.														
Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.	To Interpret the physical geometry of any object through its orthographic or pictorial projections									UNDERSTAND					
CO2.	Apply in the form of drawing of the orthographic projections of points, straight lines, plane surfaces and solids.									Apply					
CO3.	To establish in the form of drawing of the orthographic projections of sectioned solids and true shape of the sections.									Apply					
CO4.	Develop lateral surfaces of the solid section and cut section of solids.									Apply					
CO5.	Sketch the pictorial projections (isometric and perspective) of simple solids.									Apply					
CO6.	To apply free hand sketch of the orthographic views from the given pictorial view.									Apply					
Mapping with Programme Outcomes and Programme Specific Outcomes															
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO 4	PO5	PO 6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	L	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO2	S	S	L	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO3	S	S	L	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO4	S	M	L	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO5	S	S	L	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO6	S	S	L	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
Syllabus															
PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING															
Conics – Construction of ellipse– First angle projection – layout views – Developing visualization skills through free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.															
PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES															
Projection of points, Projection of straight lines located in the first quadrant: inclined to both planes – Determination of true lengths and true inclinations – rotating line method only.															
PROJECTION OF SOLIDS															
Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone when the axis is inclined to any one reference plane by change of position method.															
SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES															
Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position by cutting planes inclined to any one reference plane and perpendicular to the other – Obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and truncated solids like Prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones.															
ISOMETRIC VIEW AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTION															
Principles of isometric View – isometric scale – isometric view of simple solids- Introduction to Perspective projection															
Text Books															

1	Natarajan K V, “Engineering Graphics”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
2	K.Venugopal and V.Prabhu Raja, “Engineering Graphics”, New Age International Private Limited.
3	K.R.Gopalakrishna“Engineering Drawing” (Vol. I & II), Subhas Publications, 2014.

Reference Books

1	N.D. Bhat and V.M. Panchal, Engineering Graphics, Charotar Publishers 2013
2	E. Finkelstein, “AutoCAD 2007 Bible”, Wiley Publishing Inc., 2007
3	R.K. Dhawan, “A text book of Engineering Drawing”, S. Chand Publishers, Delhi,2010.
4	DhananjayA.Jolhe, “Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to AutoCAD”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.
5	G.S. Phull and H.S.Sandhu, “Engineering Graphics”, Wiley Publications, 2014.

Course Designers

S.No	Faculty Name	Designation	Department / Name ofthe College	Email id
1	Prof. N.Rajan	Associate Professor	Mech / VMKVEC	rajan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Prof. M.SARAVANAN	Asst. Prof	Mech / AVIT	saravanan@avit.ac.in

17EES81	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICE LAB A. BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB											Category	L	T	P	Credit
												ES	0	0	2	2
PREAMBLE It is a laboratory course which familiarizes the basic electrical wiring, measurement of electrical quantities and various types of earthing methods.																
PREREQUISITE Nil																
COURSE OBJECTIVES																
1	To learn the residential wiring and various types of electrical wiring.															
2	To measure the various electrical quantities.															
3	To know the necessity and types of earthing and measurement of earth resistance.															
COURSE OUTCOMES																
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to																
CO 1: Implement various types of electrical wiring.												Apply				
CO 2: Measure fundamental parameters of AC circuits.												Analyze				
CO 3: Measure the earth resistance of various electrical machineries.												Apply				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES																
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	
CO1	S	M	L	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	
CO2	S	M	S	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	
CO3	L	S	L	-	S	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	-	
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low																
List of Experiments 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter. 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring. 3. Stair case wiring. 4. Measurement of electrical quantities – voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit. 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter. 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.																
REFERENCES 1. Laboratory Reference Manual																
COURSE DESIGNERS																
S.No.	Name of the Faculty				Designation				Department		Mail ID					
1	Dr. R. Devarajan				Professor				EEE		devarajan@vmkvec.edu.in					
2	Mr. R. Sathish				Assistant Professor				EEE		sathish@vmkvec.edu.in					

17EEES82	ENGINEERING SKILLS PRACTICES LAB PART B - BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											FC(ES)	0	0	2	1
PREAMBLE This course is to provide a practical knowledge in Basic Electronics Engineering. It starts with familiarization of electronic components and electronic equipments. It enables the students to construct and test simple electronic projects.															
PRERQUISITE – Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To familiarize the electronic components, basic electronic equipments and soldering techniques.														
2	To study the characteristics of Diodes, BJT and FET.														
3	To understand the principles of various digital logic gates.														
4	To understand the concept of basic modulation techniques.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Construct experiments for PN and Zener diode characteristics												Understand			
CO2. Demonstrate the fundamentals of soldering techniques.												Apply			
CO3. Classify the characteristics of Diodes, BJT and FET.												Apply			
CO4. Distinguish between amplitude and frequency modulation techniques.												Apply			
CO5. Verify the truth tables of logic gates (AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR).												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	--	--
CO2	M	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	S	M	M
CO3	S	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	--	--
CO4	S	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	M	--	M
CO5	S	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS 1. Identifying Electronics Components. 2. Practicing of Soldering and Desoldering. 3. Characteristics of PN junction Diode. 4. Characteristics of Zener diode. 5. Input & Output characteristics of BJT. 6. Transfer characteristics of JFET. 7. Verification of Logic Gates. 8. Study of Amplitude Modulation. 9. Study of Frequency Modulation.															
COURSE DESIGNERS															
S.No	Name of the Faculty				Designation				Department		Mail ID				
1	Dr.T.Sheela				Associate Professor				ECE		sheela@vmkvec.edu.in				

2	Mrs.A.Malarvizhi	Assistant Professor	ECE	malarvizhi@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Mr.R.Karthikeyan	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	ECE	rrmdkarthikeyan@avit.ac.in
4	Ms.R.Mohana Priya	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	ECE	mohanapriya@avit.ac.in

CATEGORY B – CORE COURSES RELEVANT TO THE PROGRAMME

17CVCC01	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						CC	3	0	0	3					
PREAMBLE															
The aim of the course is to know about the various materials, both conventional and modern, that are commonly used in civil engineering construction.															
PREREQUISITE - NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	He should be able to appreciate the criteria for choice of the appropriate material and the various tests for quality control.														
2	The student will learn the use of the materials														
3	The student will learn in detail the manufacturing process of all the materials														
4	Special Materials used for architectural purposes also will be taught in detail														
5	Glass and Composite materials used for architectural purposes also will be taught in detail.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Know about Bricks, Classification and Manufacturing of clay bricks, Tests on bricks.														Understand	
Co2. Know about Lime and Preparation of lime mortar ,Cement, Manufacturing process of cement ,Types and Grades of cement														Understand	
Co3. Know about Concrete and its Manufacture process, Compressive, Tensile and shear strength of concrete, Mix specification and Mix proportioning.														Understand	
Co4. Know about Timber ,Plywood ,Steel ,Aluminium and Other Metallic Materials														Understand	
CO5. Know about Glass ,Ceramics, Clay products ,Composite materials and its Types Geo membranes and Geo textiles for earth reinforcement														Understand	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO 5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	M	M	---	---	---	L	L	---	---	---	---	---	M	--	--
CO 2	S	S	M	---	---	M	M	---	---	L	L	---	--	M	--
CO 3	L	L	---	---	---	L	-	--	---	L	---	---	L	--	--
CO 4	S	M	M	---	---	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	--	M	--
CO 5	S	S	S	M	---	---	M	M	---	M	L	---	L	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
STONES – BRICKS – CONCRETE BLOCKS: Stone as building material – Criteria for selection – Tests on stones – Deterioration and Preservation of stone work – Bricks – Classification – Manufacturing of clay bricks – Tests on bricks – Compressive Strength – Water Absorption – Efflorescence – Bricks for special use – Refractory bricks – Cement, Concrete blocks – Light weight concrete blocks															
LIME – CEMENT – AGGREGATES – MORTAR: Lime – Preparation of lime mortar – Cement, Ingredients – Manufacturing process – Types and Grades – Properties of cement and Cement mortar – Hydration – Compressive strength – Tensile strength – Soundness and consistency – Setting time – Aggregates – Natural stone aggregates – Industrial by products – Crushing strength – Impact strength – Flakiness – Abrasion Resistance – Grading – Sand Bulking															
CONCRETE: Concrete – Ingredients – Manufacture – Batching plants – Ready Mix Concrete – Properties of fresh concrete – Slump – Flow and compaction – Principles of hardened concrete – Compressive, Tensile and shear strength – Modulus of rupture – Tests – Mix specification – Mix proportioning – IS method – High Strength Concrete and High Performance Concrete – Other types of Concrete.															

TIMBER AND OTHER MATERIALS : Timber - Industrial timber – Plywood – Veneer – Thermocole –Bitumen – Market forms Panels of laminates – Steel – Aluminium and Other Metallic Materials – Composition – Uses – Market forms – Mechanical treatment – Paints – Varnishes – Distempers.

MODERN MATERIALS : Glass – Ceramics – Sealants for joints – Fibre glass reinforced plastic – Clay products – Refractories – Composite materials – Types – Applications of laminar composites – Fibre textiles – Geo membranes and Geotextiles for earth reinforcement.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rangwala, S.C., “Engineering Materials ”, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, 2008
2. R.K.Rajput, “Engineering Matererials,S.Chand Publications,2008
3. Shetty.M.S., "Concrete Technology (Theory and Practice)", S. Chand and Company Ltd.,2008 2008

REFERENCES:

- 1 Varghese.P.C, "Building Materials", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2 Gambhir.M.L., "Concrete Technology", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2004
- 3 Duggal.S.K. "Building Materials", 4th Edition, New Age International , 2008.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept /Name of the College	Mail ID
1	A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.C.Vaidevi	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vaidevi.c@avit.ac.in

17CVCC02	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS I	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	1	0	3

PREAMBLE

The mechanics of deformable solids is more concerned with the internal forces and associated changes in the geometry of the components involved. Of particular importance are the properties of the materials used, the strength of which will determine whether the components fail by breaking in service, and the stiffness of which will determine whether the amount of deformation they suffer is acceptable. Therefore, the subject of mechanics of materials or strength of materials is central to the whole activity of engineering design. Usually the objectives in analysis here will be the determination of the stresses, strains, and deflections produced by loads. Theoretical analyses and experimental results have equal roles in this field.

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To acquire knowledge about behavior of members subjected to various types of forces.
2	To study the basics of stress and strain in two dimension
3	Analyse of trusses using various methods
4	To acquire knowledge about types of beam, loading conditions
5	To Analyse the deflection characteristics of beams

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO6. Structural members subjected to tension, compression, torsion														Analyse	
CO7. Structural bending and combined stresses using the fundamental concept of stress, strain and elastic behavior of materials														Analyze	
CO8. Utilize appropriate materials in design considering engineering properties, sustainability, cost and weight.														Apply	
CO9. Calculate the stresses and strains in axially-loaded members, circular torsion members, and members subject to flexural loadings														Apply	
CO10. Calculate the stresses and strains associated with spherical and cylindrical pressure vessels and deflection of beams.														Analyze	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	S	S
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO3	S	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	-	-	M	-
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L	M	L	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

STRESS, STRAIN AND DEFORMATION OF SOLIDS: Rigid bodies and deformable solids - Stability, strength and stiffness - tension, compression and shear stresses - Deformation of simple and compound bars - Thermal Stresses - Elastic Constants.

ANALYSIS OF PLANE TRUSSES : Stability and equilibrium of plane frames - perfect frames - types of trusses - analysis of forces in truss members - Method of joints - Method of tension coefficients - Method of sections.

TRANSVERSE LOADING ON BEAMS AND STRESSES IN BEAMS: Beams - Types and transverse loading on beams - Shear force and bending moment in beams - Cantilevers - Simply supported beams and over-hanging beams. Theory of simple bending - analysis of stresses - Load carrying capacity - Proportioning sections - Leaf springs - Flitched beams - Shear stress distribution - shear flow

TORSION: Stresses and deformation in circular and hollow shafts - Stepped shafts - shafts fixed at the both ends - Stresses in helical springs - Deflection of springs.

ANALYSIS OF STATES OF STRESS (TWO DIMENSIONAL) AND DEFLECTION OF BEAMS: Biaxial state of stress - Thin cylinders and shells - Deformation of thin Cylinders and shells - Stresses at a point - Stress as tensor - Stresses on inclined planes - Principal stresses and principal planes - Mohr's circle of stress. Double integration method - Macaulay's method - Area moment theorems for computation of slopes and deflections in beams - Conjugate beam method.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Er.R.K.Rajput,"Strength of Materials"S.Chand Publications,New Delhi,2006
2. Dr.R.K.Bansal,"A Textbook of Strength of Materials"Laxmi Publications,2010
3. Srinath L.N., " Advanced Mechanics of Solids ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi,2009

REFERENCES:

1. Junarkar S.B., " Mechanics of Structures ", Vol. 1, 21st Edition,Charotar Publishing House, Anand, India, 2007
2. Kazimi S.M.A., " Solid Mechanics ", Tata McGrawHill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1991
3. Raghunath H. M., "Strength of materials" , New Age International (P) Limited Publishers.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	S.Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC03	MECHANICS OF FLUIDS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	1	0	3

PREAMBLE

Fluid Mechanics is a subject of engineering science deals with the behaviour of fluids at rest as well as in motion. It is an important subject with unlimited practical applications ranging from biological system systems to automobiles, airplanes and spacecraft propulsion. Thus this subject is given considerable importance in Civil, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering at core as well as at professional levels.

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The student is introduced to the definition and properties of fluid.
2	Principles of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics are dealt with subsequently.
3	The application of similitude and model study is covered subsequently
4	After undergoing this course, the student would have learnt fluid properties
5	Application to real situations of fluid flow will be learned

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to	
CO1. Explain the basic properties of fluids and their application in real world problems.	Understand
CO2. Distinguish between various types of flows and derive the continuity equation for compressible and incompressible flow	Apply
CO3. Understand the use and limitations of the Bernoulli's equation and apply it to solve a variety of fluid flow problems.	Apply
CO4. Determine the boundary layer thickness and other boundary layer properties	Apply
CO5. To analyse the fluid flow characteristics	Analyse

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	P O 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	L	M	L	-	-	L	-	M	-	-	L	-
CO2	S	M	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	S	S	S	M	L	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	M	S	L
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	--
CO5	S	S	S	M	L	L	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	L	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

FLUID PROPERTIES AND STATISTICS: Definitions - Fluid and Fluid Mechanics - Dimensions and units - Fluid properties - Continuum - Concept of system and control volume - Pascal's law and Hydrostatic equation - Forces on plane and curved surfaces - Buoyancy - Pressure measurement.

FLUID KINEMATICS : Classification of flows -stream, streak and path lines - Continuity equation - Stream and potential functions - Flow nets - Velocity measurement

FLUID DYNAMICS : Euler and Bernoulli's equations - Application of Bernoulli's equation - Discharge measurement- Momentum Principle - Laminar flows through pipes and between plates - Hagen Poiseuille equation - Darcy Weisbach formula - Moody diagram -Turbulent flow

BOUNDARY LAYER AND FLOW THROUGH PIPES: Definition of boundary layer - Thickness and classification - Displacement and momentum thick nesses - Development of Laminar and Turbulent flows in circular pipes - - Major and minor losses of flow in pipes - Pipes in series and in parallel - Pipe network

DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS AND MODEL STUDIES: Dimensional analysis - Rayleigh's method - Buckingham P - Theorem - similitude and models - Scale effect and distorted models.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kumar K.L., "Engineering Fluid Mechanics ", Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2008
2. Dr.R.K.Bansal, "FluidMechanics", LakshmiPublications, 2008

REFERENCES:

1. Streeter, Victor L. and Wylie, Benjamin E., " Fluid Mechanics ", McGraw-Hill Ltd., 1998.
2. Natarajan M.K., "Principles of Fluids Mechanics ", Anuradha Agencies, Vidayal Karuppur, Kumbakonam, 1995.
3. Jain A. K. "Fluid Mechanics", Khanna Publishers, 2010 4. Roberson J.A and Crowe C.T., "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Jaico Books Mumbai, 2000.
4. FM White, Fluid Mechanics, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications 2011

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	CIVIL / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Assist. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

17CVCC04	SURVEYING I	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Surveying is the process of determining by measurement, the relative positions of points on or near the earth surface. The data collected from a survey is used in the preparation of plans, maps, profiles, charts and diagrams. In addition survey may be used for the delineation of property boundaries, computation of areas and volumes also to set out the proposed work on the ground.

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To possess knowledge about Chain surveying
2	Students get knowledge about Compass surveying,
3	To learn Principles of Plane table surveying and Levelling,
4	To acquire Basic knowledge about Theodolite surveying
5	The Students learn about Engineering surveys.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Study the linear and angular measurement using chain and Compass.														Understand	
CO2. Study the importance of plane table surveying in preparation of plans														Apply	
CO3. Know to fix the relative position of points on the ground using Levels.														Apply	
CO4. Understand the measurement of distance and heights of objects using tachometric principle														Apply	
CO5. Understand the importance of advanced techniques involved in surveying such as Total station and GPS														Apply	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	M	S	M	M	S	S	S	-	-	M	-	S
CO2	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	-	L	-
CO3	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	M	-	S
CO4	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	-	S	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	M	-	S

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION AND CHAIN SURVEYING : Definition - Principles - Classification - Fields and office work - Scales - Conventional signs- Survey instruments, their care and adjustment - Ranging and chaining - Reciprocal ranging - Setting perpendiculars - well-conditioned triangles - Traversing - Plotting - Enlarging and Reducing figures.

COMPASS SURVEYING AND PLANE TABLE SURVEYING: Prismatic compass - Surveyor's compass - Bearing - Systems and conversions - Local attraction – Magnetic declination - Dip - Traversing - Plotting - adjustment of error - Plane table instruments and accessories - Merits and demerits - Methods - Radiation - Intersection - Resection - Traversing.

LEVELLING AND APPLICATIONS : Level line - Horizontal line - Levels and Staves - Spirit level - Sensitiveness - Bench marks - Temporary and permanent adjustments - Fly and Check leveling - Booking - reduction - Curvature and Refraction - reciprocal levelling - Longitudinal and cross sections - Plotting - Calculation of areas and volumes - Contouring - Methods -Characteristics and uses of contours - Plotting - Earth work volume - Capacity of reservoirs

THEODOLITE SURVEYING : Theodolite - Vernier and micro optic - Description and uses - temporary and permanent adjustments of vernier transit - Horizontal angles - Vertical angles - Heights and Distances - Traversing - Closing error and distribution - Gales's tables - Omitted measurements

ENGINEERING SURVEYS : Reconnaissance, Preliminary and location surveys for engineering projects - Layout - Setting out works – Route Surveys for highways, railways and waterways - Mine Surveying - Instruments - Tunnels - Correlation of underground and surface surveys - Shafts - Audits

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kanetkar T.P., " Surveying and Levelling ", Vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 2006
2. Punmia B.C., " Surveying ", Vols. I , II and III, Laxmi Publications, 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. Clark D., " Plane and Geodetic Surveying ", Vols. I and II, C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 1991.
2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, " Introduction to Surveying ", McGraw Hill Book Company, 1995.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Assist. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in

17CVCC05	CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES, EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

A construction technique focuses more on detailed understanding of concrete making materials and production process. Recent developments in concrete materials are also given adequate consideration. Going through the course. Student would develop adequate understanding on concrete production process and properties and use of concrete as a modern material of construction.

PREREQUISITE- NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The basics of various construction techniques, practices
2	The equipment needed for different types of construction activities
3	The student shall have a reasonable knowledge about the various construction procedures for sub to super structure
4	The equipment needed for construction of various types of structures from foundation to super structure.
5	The students should know the Building services in a building.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to	
CO1. Explain the properties and tests of various constituents present in Concrete	Understand
CO2. Explain the Construction Practices such as masonry – stone masonry – Bond in masonry	Apply
CO3. Understand various sub structure construction and Tunneling techniques	Understand
CO4. To study details about Super structure Construction	Apply
CO5. Explain the various construction Equipments and Earth moving operation	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	S	L	-	M	L	L	-	L	-
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	S	S	-	M	L	L	-	-	--
CO3	S	M	M	S	-	-	S	-	-	-	L	M	-	L	M
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	S	-	-	-	S	M	S	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L	-	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY Cements – Grade of cements - concrete chemicals and Applications – Grade of concrete - manufacturing of concrete – Batching – mixing – transporting – placing – compaction of concrete – curing and finishing - Testing of fresh and hardened concrete – quality of concrete – Extreme Weather Concreting - Ready Mix Concrete.

CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES: Specifications, details and sequence of activities and construction co-ordination – Site Clearance – Marking – Earthwork - masonry – stone masonry – Bond in masonry - concrete hollow block masonry – flooring – damp proof courses – construction joints – movement and expansion joints – pre cast pavements – Building foundations – basements – temporary shed – centering and shuttering – slip forms – scaffoldings – de-shuttering forms – Fabrication and erection of steel trusses – frames – braced domes – laying brick — weather and water proof – roof finishes – acoustic and fire protection.

SUB STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION: Techniques of Box jacking – Pipe Jacking -under water construction of diaphragm walls and basement-Tunneling techniques – Piling techniques - well and caisson - sinking cofferdam - cable anchoring and grouting-driving diaphragm walls, sheet piles - shoring for deep cutting - well points -Dewatering and stand by Plant equipment for underground open excavation

SUPER STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION: Launching girders, bridge decks, off shore platforms – special forms for shells - techniques for heavy decks – in-situ pre-stressing in high rise structures, Material handling - erecting light weight components on tall structures - Support structure for heavy Equipment and conveyors -Erection of articulated structures, braced domes and space decks

CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT: Selection of equipment for earth work - earth moving operations - types of earthwork equipment - tractors, motor graders, scrapers, front end loaders, earth movers – Equipment for foundation and pile driving. Equipment for compaction, batching and mixing and concreting - Equipment for material handling and erection of structures - Equipment for dredging, trenching, tunneling,

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Arora S.P. and Bindra S.P., "Building Construction, Planning Techniques and Method of Construction", Dhanpat Rai and Sons, 1997.
2. Varghese, P.C. "Building construction", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.
3. Shetty, M.S, "Concrete Technology, Theory and Practice", S. Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Jha J and Sinha S.K., "Construction and Foundation Engineering", Khanna Publishers, 1999.
2. Peurifoy, R.L., Ledbetter, W.B. and Schexnayder, C., "Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods", 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1995.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in
2	C.Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com

Subject Code 17CVCC06	Subject Title MECHANICS OF SOLIDS -II	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The mechanics of deformable solids is more concerned with the internal forces and associated changes in the geometry of the components involved. Of particular importance are the properties of the materials used, the strength of which will determine whether the components fail by breaking in service, and the stiffness of which will determine whether the amount of deformation they suffer is acceptable. Therefore, the subject of mechanics of materials or strength of materials is central to the whole activity of engineering design. Usually the objectives in analysis here will be the determination of the stresses, strains, and deflections produced by loads. Theoretical analyses and experimental results have an equal role in this field.

PREREQUISITE

Mechanics of Solids – I

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To study details about forces and their effects along with some suitable protective measures for the safe working condition
2	Will design all types of structures and machines
3	The student will study the causes of failure by various failure theories
4	The student will learn the state of stress in three dimensions with respect to various theories
5	To impart the knowledge of Unsymmetrical bending in beams

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Structural members subjected to tension, compression, torsion	Analyse
Co2. Structural bending and combined stresses using the fundamental concept of stress, strain and elastic behavior of materials	Analyze
Co3. Utilize appropriate materials in design considering engineering properties, sustainability, cost and weight.	Apply
Co4. Calculate the stresses and strains in axially-loaded members, circular torsion members, and members subject to flexural loadings	Apply
CO5. Analyse the stresses and strains associated with thin-wall spherical and cylindrical pressure vessels.	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	M	-	--
CO 2	S	M	L	S	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	--	M	-
CO 3	S	M	M	S	-	S	-	-	M	-	L	-	M	-	--
CO 4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	--
CO 5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L	M	--	--

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ENERGY PRINCIPLES : Strain energy and strain energy density - Strain energy in traction, shear, flexure and torsion - Castigliano's and Engessor's energy theorems - Principle of virtual work - application of energy theorems for computing deflections in beams and trusses - Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.

INDETERMINATE BEAMS: Propped Cantilever and Fixed Beams - Fixed end moments and Reactions for standard cases of loading - slopes and deflections in fixed beams - Continuous beams - Theorem of three moments - Analysis of continuous beams - S.F. and B.M. diagrams for continuous beams..

COLUMNS : Eccentrically loaded short columns middle third rule - core of section - Columns of unsymmetrical sections - Euler's theory of long columns - Critical loads for prismatic columns with different end conditions Rankine - Gordon Formula eccentrically loaded long columns.

STATE OF STRESS IN THREE DIMENSIONS : Determination of principal stresses and principal planes – Volumetric strain – Theories of failure – Principal stress - Principal strain – shear stress – Strain energy and distortion energy theories – application in analysis of stress, load carrying capacity

ADVANCED TOPICS IN BENDING OF BEAMS : Unsymmetrical bending of beams of symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections - curved beams - Winkler Bach Formula – Thick Cylinders - Compound Cylinders

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rajput , “Strength Of Materials” , Chand Publications, New Delhi, 2011
2. Dr.R.K.Bansal, “A Textbook of Strength of Materials”, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 2010
3. Srinath N., “Advanced Mechanics of Solid ”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2009

REFERENCES:

1. Junarkar S.B., “Mechanics of Structures ”, Vol.1, 21st Edition, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, India, 1995.
2. Kazimi S.M.A. “Solid Mechanics ”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1991.
3. Ghosh D, Dutta A. K. “A Textbook of Strength of Materials”, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers.
4. Swaroop, Adarsh “Mechanics of Materials”, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

Subject Code 17CVCC07	Subject Title APPLIED HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course aims at an experimental way of studying the fluid flow, which deals with measurement, design and behavior of flow in open channels. Further, it also involves Dimensional analysis, model testing and design of hydraulic machines at an optimum cost.

PREREQUISITE

Mechanics Of Fluids

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Student is introduced to open channel flow characteristics including hydraulic jump and surges.
2	To study and analyse performance characteristics and design aspects are taught
3	Student, at the end of the semester will have the abilities to analyse flow characteristics in open channel
4	To design hydraulic machines
5	To study all types of pumps, their working principle will be taught

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

Co1. Explain the various types of open channels and their flows.	Understand
Co2. Design the various types of most efficient channel sections.	Apply
Co3. Describe the Dimensional Analysis and Model Analysis in hydraulic engineering problems.	Analyse
Co4. Design and study the performance of various types hydraulic turbines.	Apply
Co5. Design and study the performance of various types pumps.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-	L
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	-	-	L	-	M	-	L	-
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	S	-	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW : Open channel flow - types and regime of flow - Velocity distribution in open channel - wide open channel - specific energy - critical flow and its computation

UNIFORM FLOW : Uniform flow - Velocity measurement - Manning's and Chezy's formula - determination of roughness coefficients - determination of normal depth and velocity - most economical sections - minimum permissible velocity determination - non-erodible channels.

VARIED FLOW : Dynamic equation of gradually varied flow - assumptions - characteristics of flow profiles - drawdown and backwater curves - profile determination - graphical integration, direct step, standard step method- hydraulic jump - types - energy dissipation - surges - surge through channel transitions

TURBINES Impact of jets on plane and curved plates - turbines - classification - radial flow turbines - draft tube - axial flow turbines - performance of turbines - similarity laws - centrifugal pump - minimum speed to start the pump - multistage pumps – cavitations

PUMPS: Positive displacement pumps - reciprocating pump - negative slip - flow separation conditions - air vessels - indicator diagram and its variation - savings in work done - rotary pumps.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jain A.K., " Fluid Mechanics (including Hydraulic Machines) ", Khanna Publishers, 8th edition, 1995.

2. R.K.Bansal,"Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines",Laxmi Publications,2005

3. Applied Hydraulic Engineering by Dr.G.K.vijayaraghavan, N.aravind , AR Publishers

REFERENCES:

1. Subramanya K., " Flow in Open channels ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 2001.

2. Ramamirtham S., "Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulics and Fluid Mechines ", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi, 1998.

3. John A. Roberson, "Hydraulic Engineering ", Jaico Publishing House, 1998.

4. Modi P.N. and Seth S.M., "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", Standard Book House, New Delhi, 2002

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in
2	C.Kathirvel	Asso Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com

Subject Code 17CVCC08	Subject Title SURVEYING II	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course the student will possess knowledge about Tachometric surveying, Control surveying, Survey adjustments, Astronomical surveying and Photogrammetry.

PREREQUISITE - SURVEYING -I

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To get the basics knowledge about Tachometric systems
2	To study concepts in control surveying
3	To calculate and adjust the errors in triangulation
4	The concepts of Electro-optical and Microwave system.
5	The concepts in Route Surveying

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. To carry out Tachometric surveying	Understand
CO2. To understand the basic concept in control surveying	Understand
CO3. To adjust the errors in triangulation	Analyze
CO4. To understand the concepts of Electro-optical and Microwave system.	Understand
CO5. To carry out Route Surveying	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-
CO2	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	S	-	L
CO3	S	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	-	M	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	M	-
CO5	S	-	M	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	L	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

TACHEOMETRIC SURVEYING: Tachometric systems - Tangential, Stadia and sub tense methods - Stadia systems - Horizontal and inclined sights - Vertical and normal staffing - Fixed and movable hairs - Stadia constants - Analectic lens - Subtense bar

CONTROL SURVEYING : Working from whole to part - Horizontal and vertical control methods - Triangulation - Signals - Base line - Instruments and accessories - Corrections - Satellite station - Reduction to centre - Trigonometric leveling – Single and reciprocal observations - Modern trends.

SURVEY ADJUSTMENTS : Errors - Sources, precautions and corrections - Classification of errors - True and most probable values - weighted observations - Method of Equal shifts - Principle of least squares - Normal equation - Correlates - Level nets - Adjustment of simple triangulation networks.

TOTAL STATION SURVEYING: Basic Principle – Classifications -Electro-optical system: Measuring principle, Working principle, Sources of Error, Infrared and Laser Total Station instruments. Microwave system, measuring principle, working principle, Sources of Error, Microwave Total Station instruments. Comparison between Electro-optical and Microwave system. Care and maintenance of Total Station instruments. Modern positioning systems – Traversing and Trilateration.

ADVANCED TOPICS IN SURVEYING: Route Surveying - Reconnaissance - Route surveys for highways, railways and waterways - hydrographic surveying – Tides - MSL - Sounding methods - Strength of fix - Sextants and station pointer-

Astronomical Surveying – field observations and determination of Azimuth by altitude and hour angle methods – fundamentals of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing basic concepts of GPS.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kanetkar T.P., "Surveying and Levelling " , Vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 2006
2. Punmia B.C., "Surveying " , Vols. I, II and III, Laxmi Publications, 1999.

REFERENCES:

1. Alfred Leick, "GPS satellite surveying", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 3 rd Edition, 2004.
2. Guocheng Xu, " GPS Theory, Algorithms and Applications", Springer - Berlin, 2003.
3. SatheeshGopi, rasathishkumar, N. madhu, "Advanced Surveying, Total Station GPS and Remote Sensing" Pearson education , 2007
4. S.S.Bhavikatl, Surveying Theory & Practice, I K .International Publishing HousePvt. Ltd, New Delhi2010.
5. T.P.Kanntkar & S.V.Kulkarne surveying & Levelling, Parts! & 2, Pune Vidyarth

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C.Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in

[illegible]

DESIGN PRINCIPLES OF WATER TREATMENT: Objectives – Selection of unit operations and processes – Principles of coagulation and flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, disinfection – Design principles of flash mixer, flocculator, clarifiers, filters – Disinfection devices – Softening – Demineralisation – Aeration – Iron removal – Defluoridation – Operation and Maintenance aspects - Residue Management

WATER DISTRIBUTION: Requirements of Water Distribution – Components – Service Reservoirs – Network Design – Economics – Computer Applications – Analysis of Distribution Networks – Appurtenances – Operations and Maintenance – Leak Detection.

WATER SUPPLY IN BUILDINGS: Principles of Design of Water Supply in Buildings – House Service Connection – Design of water distribution pipes in buildings - applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1.Garg, S.K., “Environmental Engineering I” , Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2005
- 2.Modi, P.N., “Environmental Engineering I”, Standard Book House, Delhi – 6, 2006

REFERENCES:

1. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, CPHEEO, Government of India, New Delhi, 1999
 2. Hand book on Water Supply and Drainage, SP35, B.I.S., New Delhi, 1987
 3. Punmia, B.C., Ashok K Jain and Arun K Jain, "Water Supply Engineering", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005
- COURSE DESIGNERS**

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	CIVIL / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in

METHODS OF DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES: Concept of elastic method ultimate load method and limit state method- advantages of limit state method over other methods-design codes and specification -Introduction to IS 456 -limit state philosophy as detailed in current IS codes.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN FOR FLEXURE: Analysis and design of one way and two way slabs – rectangular slab subjected to uniformly distributed and concentrated loads – boundary conditions and corner effects – singly and doubly reinforced rectangular and flanged beams - design aids for flexure-deflection.

LIMIT STATE DESIGN FOR SHEAR TORSION BOND AND ANCHORAGE : Behaviour of RC beams in shear and torsion-shear and torsion reinforcement-limit state design of RC members for combined bending shear and torsion- use of design aids

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF COLUMNS : Types of columns-analysis and design of short columns for axial, uniaxial and bi axial bending-design of long columns- use of design aids

LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF FOOTING : Design of wall footing – Design of axially and eccentrically loaded rectangular pad and sloped footings – Design of combined rectangular footing for two columns only

TEXT BOOKS:

1. N.KRISHNA RAJU, “Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures (IS: 456-2000)”, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd.
2. Dr.B.C. PUNMIA, Er.ASHOK KUMAR JAIN, Dr.ARUN KUMAR JAIN, “Limit State Design of Reinforced concrete (As per IS 456: 2000)” , Laxmi Publications(P)Ltd.
- 3.VARGHEESE P C,” Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete”, Prentice Hall of India, Private, Limited New Delhi, 2004
4. NEELAM SHARMA, “Reinforced Cement Concrete Design” , S K Kataria & Sons – New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. S. Ramamrutham, R. Narayan,”Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures (conforming to IS 456) Dhanpat Rai, 1993
2. Unnikrishna Menon and Pillai,’Reinforced concrete Design”,Tata Mc Graw hill,2007
3. Dayaratnam P,” Brick and Reinforced Brick Structures”, Oxford & IBH Publishing Company Private Limited 2008
4. Bhavikatti, S S, “Design of R.C.C. Structural Elements Vol. I new age Publications,2005
5. I S456:2000, Code of practice for Plain and Reinforced Concrete, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2000 7.
6. SP16, IS456:1978 “Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete to Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi,

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in

ARCHES: Arches as structural forms – Examples of arch structures – Types of arches – Analysis of three hinged, two hinged and fixed arches, parabolic and circular arches – Settlement and temperature effects.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Vaidyanadhan, R and Perumal, P, “Comprehensive Structural Analysis – Vol. 1 & Vol. 2”, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2 Punmia.B.C, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, "Theory of structures", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004
- 3 Reddy. C.S., "Basic Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 4 BhavaiKatti, S.S, "Structural Analysis – Vol. 1 & Vol. 2", Vikas Publishing Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2008

REFERENCES:

- 1 Devadas Menon, “Structural Analysis”, Narosa Publishing House, 2008
- 2 Ghali.A., Nebille and Brown. T.G., "Structural Analysis - A unified classical and matrix approach" Sixth Edition, SPON press, New York, 2013.
- 3 Gambhir. M.L., "Fundamentals of Structural Mechanics and Analysis"., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
- 4 L.S. Negi & R.S. Jangid, “Structural Analysis”, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi, 6th Edition, 2003.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

STRESS DISTRIBUTION AND SETTLEMENT: Effective stress concepts in solids - Stress distribution in soil media - Use of influence charts - Components of settlement - Immediate and consolidation settlement - Terzaghi's one dimensional consolidation theory

SHEAR STRENGTH: Shear strength of cohesive and cohesion less soils - Mohr - Coulomb failure theory - saturated soil mass - Measurement of shear strength, direct shear - Triaxial compression, UCC and Vane shear tests - Pore pressure parameters

SLOPE STABILITY: Slope failure mechanisms - Types - Infinite slopes - Finite slopes - Total stress analysis for saturated clay - Method of slices - friction circle method - Use of stability number - Slope protection measures.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Punmia P.C., Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, " Soil Mechanics and Foundations ", Laximi Publications Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2005
2. Arora K.R., " Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering ", Standard Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1997.

REFERENCES:

1. Holtz R.D. and Kovacs W.D., "Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering ", Prentice-Hall, 2010
2. McCarthy D.F., "Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations ", Prentice-Hall, 1997.
3. Satten B.H.C., "Solving Problems in Soil Mechanics", Longman Group Scientific and Technical, U.K. England, 1994.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C.Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

17CLCC13	DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The primary concern of an engineer is design. Structural design consist conceptualization, idealization, analysis, design, construction and maintenance. Conceptualization is required to arrive at the final shape and size of the structure. Idealization involves reducing the conceived structure into primary elements. By analysis internal forces like bending moments, shear, torsion, compression and tension in each and every element is determined. Design assigns every element a particular material and size. Construction involves putting all the elements together to perform like the originally conceived structure. Maintenance is needed to keep the performance of the structure without deterioration. In this course, designs of structural elements, like beam, walls and columns, made of specific materials like timber, masonry and steel are dealt with. Further the elements are designed for internal forces like tension, compression, bending moment and shear....

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To introduce the students to limit state design of structural steel members subjected to compressive, tensile and bending loads, including connections.
2	Design of structural systems such as roof trusses, gantry girders as per provisions of current code (IS 800 - 2007) of practice.
3	To introduce the students to limit state design of structural steel members subjected to compressive, tensile and bending loads, including connections.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Infer concepts of basic Design														Understand	
CO2. Design and detail of steel tension members														Apply	
CO3. Design and detail of compression members and flexure members.														Apply	
CO4. Design of laterally supported and unsupported beams														Apply	
CO5. Design and detail the Roof Trusses and Industrial Structures														Apply	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	M	-	L	M	-	S	M	L	-	-	L	L	-
CO2	S	-	M	-	L	M	-	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	M
CO3	M	-	M	-	L	M	-	S	M	L	L	-	M	-	-
CO4	M	-	M	-	L	M	-	S	M	L	M	-	-	M	-
CO5	M	-	M	-	L	M	-	S	M	L	L	-	L	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Properties of steel – Structural steel sections – Limit State Design Concepts – Loads on Structures – Connections using rivets, welding, bolting – Design of bolted and welded joints – Eccentric connections - Efficiency of joints

TENSION MEMBERS: Types of sections – Net area – Net effective sections for angles and Tee in tension – Design of connections in tension members – Use of lug angles – Design of tension splice – Concept of shear lag

COMPRESSION MEMBERS: Types of compression members – Theory of columns – Basis of current codal provision for compression member design – Slenderness ratio – Design of single section and compound section compression members – Design of laced and battened type columns – Design of column bases – Gusseted base

BEAMS: Design of laterally supported and unsupported beams – Built up beams – Beams subjected to uniaxial and biaxial bending – Design of plate girders - Intermediate and bearing stiffeners – Flange and web splices

ROOF TRUSSES AND INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES: Roof trusses – Roof and side coverings – Design of purlin and elements of truss; end bearing – Design of gantry girder.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gambhir. M.L., "Fundamentals of Structural Steel Design", McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., 2013
2. Shiyekar. M.R., "Limit State Design in Structural Steel", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2013.
3. Subramanian.N, "Design of Steel Structures", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Narayanan.R.et.al. "Teaching Resource on Structural Steel Design", INSDAG, Ministry of Steel Publications, 2002 .
2. Duggal. S.K, "Limit State Design of Steel Structures", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 2005
3. Bhavikatti.S.S, "Design of Steel Structures" By Limit State Method as per IS:800–2007, IK International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2009
4. Shah.V.L. and Veena Gore, "Limit State Design of Steel Structures", IS 800–2007 Structures Publications, 2009.
5. IS800 :2007, General Construction In Steel - Code of Practice, (Third Revision), Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2007

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mrs.R.Abirami	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC14	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The course aims to make the students learn the principles of highways, their components and design of flexible and rigid pavements. Further, students will get acquainted with treatment for Failures and remedial measures during maintenance of pavements...

PREREQUISITE- NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The objective of the course is to educate the students on the various components of Highway Engineering.
2	It exposes the students to highway planning, engineering surveys for highway alignment
3	Design of Geometric Elements of Highways and Urban roads, Rigid and Flexible pavements design
4	The students further learn the desirable properties of highway materials and various practices adopted for construction
5	This course enables the students to develop skill on evaluation of the pavements and to decide appropriate types of maintenance.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Infer various components of Highway Engineering.													Apply		
CO2. Infer concepts of highway planning and cross sectional elements of pavement													Understand		
CO3. Make use of the concepts for determination of sight distance requirements and design of geometric elements, horizontal profile and vertical profile													Apply		
CO4. Make use of the concepts for design of flexible pavement and rigid pavement structure													Understand		
CO5. Infer material properties and procedure for construction of highways and explain appropriate maintenance for the distress													Apply		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	M	--	--	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	L	-
CO3	S	L	S	L	-	L	M	-	-	M	-	-	L	-	M
CO4	M	L	--	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	S	-
CO5	S	H	L	L	-	L	-	L	L	-	L	L	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

HIGHWAY PLANNING AND ALIGNMENT: Highway Development in India, Macadam's Method of Road Construction, Jayakar Committee Recommendations and Realisations, Twenty-year Road Development Plans, Concepts of On-going Highway Development Programmes at National Level, Institutions for Highway Development at National level - Indian Roads Congress, National Highway Authority of India, Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MORTH) and Central Road Research Institute. Requirements of Ideal Alignment, Factors Controlling Highway Alignment

Engineering Surveys for Alignment - Conventional Methods and Modern Methods (Remote Sensing, GIS and GPS techniques) Classification and Cross Section of Urban and Rural Roads (IRC), Highway Cross Sectional Elements – Right of Way, Carriage Way, Camber, Kerbs, Shoulders and Footpaths [IRC Standards]

GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS: Design of Horizontal Alignments – Superelevation, Widening of Pavements on Horizontal Curves and Transition Curves [Derivation of Formulae and Problems] Design of Vertical Alignments – Rolling, Limiting, Exceptional and Minimum Gradients, Summit and Valley Curves Sight Distances - Factors Affecting Sight Distances, PIEV Theory, Stopping Sight Distance (SSD), Overtaking Sight Distance (OSD), Sight Distance at Intersections, Intermediate Sight Distance and Illumination Sight Distance [Derivations and Problems in SSD and OSD] Geometric Design of Hill Roads [IRC Standards Only].

DESIGN OF RIGID AND FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS: Rigid and Flexible Pavements- Components and their Functions Design Principles of Flexible and Rigid Pavements, Factors Affecting the Design of Pavements - ESWL, Climate, Sub-grade Soil and Traffic Design Practice for Flexible Pavements [CBR method, IRC Recommendations- Problems] Design Practice for Rigid Pavements – [IRC Recommendations-Problems]

HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE: Desirable Properties and Testing of Highway Materials: - (Tests have to be demonstrated in Highway Engineering Laboratory) Soil – California Bearing Ratio Test, Field Density Test Aggregate - Crushing, Abrasion and Impact Tests- Bitumen - Penetration, Ductility, Viscosity, Binder Content and Softening Point Tests. Construction Practice - Water Bound Macadam Road, Bituminous Road and Cement Concrete Road [as per IRC and MORTH specifications] Highway Drainage [IRC Recommendations]

HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE: Types of Defects in Flexible Pavements – Surface Defects, Cracks, Deformation, Disintegration – Symptoms, Causes and Treatments. Types of Pavement Failures in Rigid Pavements – Scaling, Shrinkage, Warping, Structural Cracks, Spalling of Joints and Mud Pumping – and Special Repairs Pavement Evaluation – Pavement Surface Conditions and Structural Evaluation Overlay Design by Benkleman Beam Method [Procedure only]

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Khanna K and Justo C E G, “Highway Engineering”, Khanna Publishers, Roorkee, 2001.
2. Kadiyali L R,” Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering”, Khanna Technical Publications, Delhi, 2000

REFERENCES:

1. IRC Standards (IRC 37 - 2001 & IRC 58 -1998)
2. Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) Publications on Highway Materials
3. MORTH Guidelines for Highway Engineering

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CVCC15	RAILWAY , AIRPORT AND HARBOUR ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The course aims to make the students learn the principles of railway, airport and harbour engineering, their components and design

PREREQUISITE - HIGHWAYENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	This course imparts to the students knowledge of planning, design, construction and maintenance of railway tracks. .
2	The students acquire proficiency in the application of modern techniques such as GIS, GPS and remote sensing in Railway Engineering
3	The student develops skills on airport planning and design with the prime focus on runway and taxiway geometrics
4	Students become conversant with the definition, purpose, location and materials of coastal structures such as piers, breakwaters, wharves, jetties, quays and spring fenders.
5	The students acquire knowledge on site investigation for location and planning of harbours.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Understand the Railway Planning and Design													Understand		
CO2. Infer concepts of railway track construction, maintenance and Operation													Apply		
CO3. Make use of the concepts for Airport Planning And Design													Apply		
CO4. Make use of the concepts for harbour engineering & other modes of transport													Understand		
CO5. Evaluation of Highway and Railway Projects													Apply		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	--	--	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	M
CO2	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	S	L	S	L	-	L	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	L	-
CO4	M	L	--	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	S	-	L
CO5	S	H	L	L	-	L	-	L	L	-	L	L	-	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

RAILWAY PLANNING AND DESIGN: Role of Indian Railways in National Development. Engineering Survey for Track Alignment. Permanent Way, its Components and Functions of Each Component, Gauges in Railway Tracks. Coning of Wheels. Geometric Design of Railway Tracks – Gradient, Super-Elevation, Widening of Gauges in Curves, Transition Curves, Vertical Curves and Grade Compensation (Derivations of formulae and Problems)

RAILWAY TRACK CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION : Points and Crossings, Signaling, Interlocking and Track Circuiting, Construction and Maintenance – Conventional and Modern methods (Remote Sensing, GIS & GPS) for Railway Alignment, Track Construction, Maintenance and Materials - Track Drainage. Lay outs of Railway Stations and Yards

AIRPORT PLANNING AND DESIGN: Airport Planning, Components of Airports, Airport Site Selection Runway Design- Orientation, Geometric Design and Correction for Gradients Terminal area, Airport Layout, Airport Buildings, Passenger Facilities, Parking Area and Airport Zoning.

HARBOUR ENGINEERING & OTHER MODES OF TRANSPORT : Definition of Terms - Harbours, Ports, Docks, Tides and Waves. Harbours – Requirements, Classification – Site Investigation for Locations, Planning and Layouts Concept of Satellite Ports. Terminal Facilities – Port Buildings, Warehouse, Transit Sheds, Inter-modal Transfer Facilities, Mooring Accessories, Navigational Aids Coastal Structures- Piers, Breakwaters, Wharves, Jetties, Quays, Spring Fenders Coastal Shipping, Inland Water Transport and Container Transportation. Pipe Ways, Rope Ways

ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF TRANSPORT PROJECTS: Evaluation of Highway and Railway Projects- Cost Benefit Analysis (Benefit Cost Ratio, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Returns (Problems) Environmental Impact Assessment, Financial Appraisal Build, Operate and Transfer for Highway and Railway Projects (Basic Concepts only)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. P. Bindra,” A Course in Docks and Harbour Engineering”,Dhanput Rai, 1992
2. Khanna S K, Arora M G and Jain S S, Airport Planning and Design, Nemchand and Brothers,Roorkee, 1994.
3. S.P. Arora, S.C. Saxena,”A Textbook of Railway Engineering”Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2001

REFERENCES:

1. Rangwala, Railway Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, 1995.
2. Rangwala, Airport Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, 1996.
3. Kadiyali L R, Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering, Khanna Technical Publication, Delhi, 1992

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Mrs.R.Abirami	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC16	DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The primary concern of an engineer is design. Structural design consist conceptualization, idealization, analysis, design, construction and maintenance. Conceptualization is required to arrive at the final shape and size of the structure. Idealization involves reducing the conceived structure into primary elements. By analysis internal forces like bending moments, shear, torsion, compression and tension in each and every element is determined. Design assigns every element a particular material and size. Construction involves putting all the elements together to perform like the originally conceived structure. Maintenance is needed to keep the performance of the structure without deterioration. In this course, designs of structural elements, like beam, walls and columns, made of specific materials like timber, masonry and steel are dealt with. Further the elements are designed for internal forces like tension, compression, bending moment and shear.

PREREQUISITE - DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELEMENTS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	This course covers the design of reinforced concrete structures such as retaining wall,
2	Student has a comprehensive design knowledge related to structures, systems that are likely to be encountered in professional practice.
3	To develop the knowledge about Principles of Prestressing will be studied
4	Application of virtual work theory for design of slabs
5	The design of reinforced concrete structures water tanks, staircases, flat slabs and bridges.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Classify the types & behaviour, arriving the dimensions and detailing of brick masonry wall & column and also its foundation														Understand	
CO2. Design and detail the timber joists and columns.														Apply	
CO3. Summarize the codal provisions in IS800:2007 for tension members, compression members and connections.														Analyze	
CO4. Explain the force transferring mechanism, design and detail the connections as bolted and welded connections.														Analyze	
CO5. Design and detail of steel tension members, compression members and flexure members.														Analyze	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	L	-	-
CO2	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	M	-	M
CO3	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	-	L	-
CO4	S	M	M	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	S	-	-
CO5	S	M	M	---	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

RETAINING WALLS: Design of cantilever and counter fort retaining walls

WATER TANK : Underground rectangular tanks – Overhead circular and rectangular tanks – Design of staging and foundations.

PRINCIPLES OF PRESTRESSING : Materials for pre stressed concrete – Different methods and systems – introduction to pre stressing and post tensioning- Uniform and non uniform pre stressing – Losses in pre stress – Analysis of simply supported beams with straight and parabolic tendons.

YIELD LINE THEORY: Application of virtual work method to Square, Rectangular and Triangular slabs.

ADVANCED TOPICS: Design of staircases (ordinary and doglegged) – Design of deep beams -flat slabs – Design of Reinforced concrete walls – Principles of design of road bridges for IRC loading

TEXT BOOKS:

TEXT BOOKS:

1. N.KRISHNA RAJU, “Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures (IS: 456-2000)”, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd.
2. Dr.B.C. PUNMIA, Er.ASHOK KUMAR JAIN, Dr.ARUN KUMAR JAIN, “Limit State Design of Reinforced concrete (As per IS 456: 2000)” , Laxmi Publications(P)Ltd.
- 3.VARGHEESE P C,” Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete”, Prentice Hall of India, Private, Limited New Delhi, 2004
4. NEELAM SHARMA, “Reinforced Cement Concrete Design” , S K Kataria & Sons – New Delhi.
5. Prestressed concrete BY N Krishna Raju -Tata McGraw-Hill Education

REFERENCES:

1. Gambhir.M.L., "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 2012.
2. Dayaratnam, P., “Brick and Reinforced Brick Structures”, Oxford & IBH Publishing House, 1997
- 3.Punmia B.C, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun K.Jain, "R.C.C. Designs Reinforced Concrete Structures", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.

NOTE:IS 456:2000,SP 16,IS:1343, IRC Bridge codes, BIS 3370, ISI 343 are permitted in the Examinations.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

MATRIX STIFFNESS METHOD: Element and global stiffness matrices – Analysis of continuous beams – Coordinate transformations – Rotation matrix – Transformations of stiffness matrices, load vectors and displacements vectors – Analysis of pin-jointed plane frames and rigid frames

FINITE ELEMENT METHOD: Introduction – Discretisation of a structure – Displacement functions – Truss element – Beam element.

PLASTIC ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURES: Statically indeterminate axial problems – Beams in pure bending – Plastic moment of resistance – Plastic modulus – Shape factor – Load factor – Plastic hinge and mechanism – Plastic analysis of indeterminate beams and frames – Upper and lower bound theorems

SPACE AND CABLE STRUCTURES: Analysis of Space trusses using method of tension coefficients – Suspension bridges- cables with two and three hinged stiffening girders

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Vaidyanathan, R. and Perumal, P., “Comprehensive structural Analysis – Vol. I & II”, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 2003
2. Manicka Selvam V.K., Elementary Matrix Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 1994

REFERENCES:

1. Ghali, A., Nebille, A.M. and Brown, T.G. “Structural Analysis” A unified classical and Matrix approach” – 5th edition. Spon Press, London and New York, 2003.
2. Vazirani V.N, & Ratwani, M.M, “Analysis of Structures”, Khanna Publishers, Delhi
3. Structural Analysis – A Matrix Approach – G.S. Pandit & S.P. Gupta, Tata McGraw Hill

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept / College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC18	FOUNDATION ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course offers the various methods of analysis for indeterminate beams and portal frames. It aims to learn advanced methods like matrix methods of structural analysis of structures, plastic theory, analysis of special structures like arches and suspension cables and influence line for indeterminate structures.

PREREQUISITE - MECHANICS OF SOILS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The capacity to investigate the soil condition
2	To design suitable foundation
3	The methods of minimizing settlement
4	Design aspects of combined and mat foundation
5	The knowledge about pressure distribution on retaining walls

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1 Analyse site conditions and applying sampling techniques	Apply
CO2 Understand the importance of advanced techniques involved in shallow foundation	Apply
CO3 Study the importance of structural design of spread footing	Understand
CO4 Know to fix the relative position of points on the ground using Pile foundation	Apply
CO5 Compute the consolidation settlement of foundations and explain the Significance of soil compaction and slope stability analysis	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	-	L	L	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	L
CO2	M	M	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	M	-
CO3	S	S	-	-	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	M	-	M	L	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	L	L	M	-	M	S	-	-	M	-	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SITE INVESTIGATION AND SELECTION OF FOUNDATION: Introduction – Scope and objectives – Method of exploration boring – Sampling – disturbed and undisturbed sampling – sampling techniques – Bore log and report – Penetration tests (SPT and SCPT) – Data interpretation – Selection of foundation based on soil condition

SHALLOW FOUNDATION: Introduction – Location and depth of foundation – codal provisions – bearing capacity of shallow foundation on homogeneous deposits – bearing capacity from insitu tests – Factors influencing bearing capacity – codal provisions – Settlement – Components of settlement – Settlement of foundations on granular and clay deposits – Allowable and maximum differential settlements of buildings – Codal provision – Methods of minimizing settlement

FOOTINGS AND RAFTS: Types of foundation – structural design of spread footing – Design aspects of combined and mat foundation – Codal provisions

PILES: Types of piles – Factors influencing the selection of pile – Carrying capacity in granular and cohesive soils – Static and dynamic formulae – Capacity from insitu tests (SPT and SCPT) – Piles subjected to uplift – Negative skin friction – Group capacity – Settlement of pile groups – Interpretation of pile load test – Pile caps – Codal provisions

RETAINING WALLS: Earth pressure theory – Plastic equilibrium in soils – active and passive states – Rankine's theory – Coloumb's wedge theory – Classical and limit equilibrium solution – Earth pressure on retaining walls of simple configurations – pressure on the wall due to single line load alone – Graphical method (Culmann's method alone) – Stability of retaining wall

TEXT BOOK:

1. Punmia, B.C., Soil mechanics and foundations, Laxmi publications pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005
2. Arora, K.R. Soil mechanics and foundation engineering, standard publishers and distributors, New Delhi, 1997.

REFERENCES:

1. Khan, I.H., A text book of Geotechnical Engineering, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
2. Gopal Ranjan and Rao, A.S.R. Basic and applied soil mechanics, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New, Delhi (India), 1997.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept / College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

17CVCC19	ESTIMATION AND QUANTITY SURVEYING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course helps to understand estimating of quantities of items of works involved in buildings, water supply and sanitary works, road works and irrigation works

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	This covers the rate analysis, valuation of properties and preparation of reports for estimation of various items.
2	The end of this course the student shall be able to estimate the material quantities, prepare a bill of quantities, make specifications and prepare tender documents.
3	Student should also be able to prepare value estimates.
4	Student will also be able to Exercise on cash flow in Civil engineering projects

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Study the estimation of quantities for buildings	Apply
CO2. Study the importance of Specifications And Tenders	Understand
CO3. Know to contract conditions and contract problems	Understand
CO4. Understand the principles of valuation and Value and cost	Apply
CO5. Understand the Principles for report preparation	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	M	S	M	M	S	S	S	-	-	S	-	M
CO2	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	-	L	S
CO4	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	S
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ESTIMATION: Philosophy – purpose - Methods of estimation – advantages – types of estimates – approximate estimates – definite estimate – estimation of quantities for buildings, roads, canals and hydraulic structures – Sluices – Head and wing wall type

SPECIFICATIONS AND TENDERS : Specifications-Detailed and general specifications-construction specifications – sources –types of specifications – Tender notices – types – corrigendum notice – tender procedures – Drafting model tenders

CONTRACTS: Contract – types of contracts – formation of contract - contract conditions - contract problems-contract for labour, material, design and construction – drafting of contract documents – construction contracts – arbitration and legal requirements.

VALUE ENGINEERING: Basics - principles of valuation – Value and cost –value engineering – value analysis – phases in value engineering – information – function – Escalation – evaluation - recommendation implementation – Audit-Depreciation-rent fixation.

REPORT PREPARATION: Principles for report preparation – report on estimate of residential building – Culvert – Roads – Water supply and sanitary installations – cost control in construction projects – Exercise on cash flow in Civil Engineering projects

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Estimating and costing in civil Engineering – B.N.Dutta, S.Dutta & Company, Lucknow,2005
2. Rangwala, ”Estimating Costing and Valuation,” - Charotar Publishing House ,2011.

REFERENCES:

1. A text book on Estimating and costing – G.S.Birdie – Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi.1982
2. Kohli, D.D and Kohli, R.C., “A Text Book of Estimating and Costing (Civil)”, S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2004

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2.	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

1. Chitkara, K.K. “Construction Project Management Planning”, Scheduling and Control, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1998.
2. Srinath,L.S., “Pert and CPM Priniples and Applications “, Affiliated East West Press, 2001

REFERENCES:

- 1.Chris Hendrickson and Tung Au, “Project Management for Construction – Fundamentals Concepts for Owners”, Engineers, Architects and Builders, Prentice Hall, Pittsburgh, 2000.
2. Moder.J., C.Phillips and Davis, “Project Management with CPM”, PERT and Precedence Diagramming, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., Third Edition, 1983.
3. Willis., E.M., “Scheduling Construction projects”, John Wiley and Sons 1986.
4. Halpin,D.W., “Financial and cost concepts for construction Management”, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1985.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com
2	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraj.civil@avit.ac.in

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVCC83	SURVEY PRACTICAL -I LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	0	0	4	2

PREAMBLE

The theory part of Surveying can be experimented in Survey lab I. This includes the experiments on chains, compass, plane table and levels.

PREREQUISITE- NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Apply the basic principles of engineering surveying and measurements
2	Follow effectively field procedures required for a professional surveyor
3	Use techniques, skills and conventional surveying instruments necessary for engineering practice.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to	
CO1. Use the surveying tools like chain, tape, compass, plane table and levels in the field and take accurate measurements, booking and plotting	Apply
CO2. Adjust or compensate the errors in the field measurements	Apply
CO3. Locate the field position on the plan or vice versa	Apply
CO4. Locate the elevation of given points with respect to a given datum	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	-	-	L	L	-	-	L	-	L	L	-
CO2	S	L	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-
CO3	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	L	-	L	-	M
CO4	S	L	S	L	-	L	-	L	-	L	-	L	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. CHAIN SURVEYING

- Ranging – changing and traverse.

2. COMPASS SURVEYING

- Traverse.

3. PLANE TABLE SURVEYING.

- Triangulation to find the distance between inaccessible points with and without known scale. – Three-point problem, two point problem.

4. LEVELLING

- Study of levels and leveling staff – Fly leveling using dumpy level. – fly leveling using tilting level. – Check leveling.

5. THEODOLITE SURVEYING

- Study of theodolite measurement of angles by reiteration and repetition - measurement of vertical angles.

REFERENCES:

1. SURVEY PRACTICAL -I LAB MANUAL by VMKV Engineering College
2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, Surveying, Theory and Practice, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2001.
3. Bannister and S. Raymond, "Surveying", 7th Edition, Longman, 2004.
4. Roy S.K., "Fundamentals of Surveying", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

10. Measurement of horizontal, sloping and vertical distances of the object using Total station.

11. Setting out a circular curve using Total Station.

12. Using profile leveling, plot the longitudinal section and cross section of road

REFERENCES:

Surveying II Lab Manual by VMKV Engineering College

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in

17CVCC86	SOIL MECHANICS LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
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		CC	0	0	4	2									
PREAMBLE															
To provide the hands on training in determination of Engineering and index properties of soils, applied in field problems.															
PREREQUISITE- Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	At the end of this course, the student acquires the capacity to test the soil to assess its Engineering and Index properties														
2	Students know the techniques to determine index properties and engineering properties such as shear strength, compressibility and permeability by conducting appropriate tests.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Grain size distribution - Hydrometer analysis						Apply									
CO2. Relative density of sands						Apply									
CO3. One dimensional consolidation test (Determination of co-efficient of consolidation only)						Apply									
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	-	-	-
CO2	S	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	S	L	-	M	L
CO3	S	S	S	L	L	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	-	L	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS															
1. Grain size distribution - Sieve analysis 2. Grain size distribution - Hydrometer analysis 3. Atterberg limits test 4. Determination of moisture - Density relationship using standard proctor. 5. Permeability determination (constant head and falling head methods) 6. Specific gravity of soil grains 7. Relative density of sands 8. Determination of shear strength parameters a) Direct shear test on cohesion less soil b) Unconfined compression test in cohesive soil c) Triaxial compression test 9. One d imensional consolidation test (Determination of co-efficient of consolidation only)															
REFERENCES:															
1.SOIL MECHANICS LAB MANUAL by VMKV Engineering College 2. “Soil Engineering Laboratory Instruction Manual ”, Published by the Engineering College Co operative Society, Chennai, 1996.															
COURSE DESIGNERS															
S.No.	Name of the Faculty			Designation		Department			Mail ID						
1	S. Supriya			Asst. Professor		Civil / VMKVEC			jansupriyanair@gmail.com						
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya			Asst. Professor		Civil / AVIT			suriya@avit.ac.in						

17CVCC87	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	0	0	4	2

PREAMBLE

This subject includes the list of experiments to be conducted for characterization of water and municipal sewage. At the end of the course, the student is expected to be aware of the procedure for quantifying quality parameters for water and sewage.

PREREQUISITE- Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The students completing the course will be able to characterize wastewater and conduct treatability studies.
2	To expected to be aware of the procedure for quantifying quality parameters for water and sewage.
3	To be conducted for characterization of water and municipal sewage.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Sampling and preservation methods and significance of characterization of water and Wastewater.														Apply	
CO2. Determination of iron & fluoride														Apply	
CO3. Determination of dissolved oxygen														Apply	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	M
CO2	S	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	-	L	-
CO3	S	S	S	L	L	L	L	L	S	L	L	M	L	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS :

- 1.Sampling and preservation methods and significance of characterization of water and
2. Wastewater.
- 3.Determination of PH and turbidity Hardness
- 4.Determination of iron & fluoride
- 5.Determination of residual chlorine
- 6.Determination of Chlorides
- 7.Determination of Ammonia Nitrogen
- 8.Determination of Sulphate
- 9.Determination of Optimum Coagulant Dosage
- 10.Determination of available Chlorine in Bleaching powder
11. Determination of dissolved oxygen
12. Determination of suspended, volatile and fixed solids
- 13.B.O.D. test
- 14.C.O.D. test
- 15.Introduction to Bacteriological Analysis (Demonstration only) To provide adequate knowledge and to assess the quality of water like hardness, pH, etc., for rural people

REFERENCES:

- 1.ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB MANUAL by VMKV Engineering College

2.Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA, 20th Edition, Washington, 1998				
3. Garg, S.K., “Environmental Engineering Vol. I & II”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 199				
COURSE DESIGNERS				
S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.S.Monisha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	monisha.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC88	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN AND DRAWING LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	0	0	4	2

PREAMBLE

This course helps to know the design of R.C.C cantilever and counterfort retaining walls, Design of solid slab, Design of various types of steel structures

PREREQUISITE- Design Of Reinforced Concrete Elements

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The student acquires hands on experience in design and preparation of structural drawings for concrete structures normally encountered in Civil Engineering practice.
2	The student acquires hands on experience in design and preparation of structural drawings for steel structures normally encountered in Civil Engineering practice.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Develop drafting skills in drawing R.C.C. cantilever and counter fort type retaining walls with reinforcement details.	Apply
CO2. Develop drafting skills in Design of solid slab and R.C. Tee beam bridges	Apply
CO3. Design of rectangular, pressed and hemispherical bottomed steel tank –staging – riveted joints detailed drawing	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	-	-
CO2	S	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	-	M
CO3	S	S	S	L	L	L	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	-	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS :

- Design and drawing of R.C.C. cantilever and counter fort type retaining walls with reinforcement details
- Design of solid slab and R.C. Tee beam bridges for IRC loading and reinforcement detail
- Design of rectangular, pressed and hemispherical bottomed steel tank –staging –riveted joints detailed drawing
- Design of circular, rectangular and intze type water tank reinforcement details
- Design of plate girder – twin girder deck type railway bridge – through type and deck type highway bridges – Truss girder bridges – detailed drawing – riveted connection

REFERENCES:

- Computer Aided Design And Drawing Lab Manual by VMKV Engineering College
- Structural design & drawing (concrete & steel) – Krishnaraju, CBS Publishers.2005
- Krishnaraju,N. “Structural Design & Drawing, Universities Press, 2009.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept / College	Mail ID
1	M.Senthilkumar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.P.Subathra	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in

17CVCC89	CONCRETE AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	0	0	4	2

PREAMBLE

This course helps to know the To understand and perform various tests on cement, aggregates and concrete.

PREREQUISITE

Construction Materials

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Student knows the techniques to characterize various pavement materials through relevant tests.
2	To understand and perform various tests on cement, aggregates and concrete.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1.	Develop the skills in testing the strength of construction materials.	Apply
CO2.	Develop the skills in materials toughness.	Apply
CO3.	To develop special concrete.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	-	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
CO2	S	L	-	L	M	L	-	L	-	-	L	-	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	-	L	-	L	-	L	L	-	L	L	M	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Compressive Strength Test on Bricks
2. Water Absorption Test on Bricks
3. Specific gravity Test on Cement
4. Soundness Test on Cement
5. Consistency and Setting Time Test on Cement
6. Compaction Factor test on Concrete
7. Crushing Strength Test on Aggregates
8. Impact Resistance Test on Aggregates
9. Slump cone on concrete
10. Cube and Cylinder strength on concrete The student will have to train rural people to check the quality of building materials in the lab by the students through the knowledge acquired in this lab

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Concrete And Construction Technology Lab Manual by VMKV Engineering College
2. M.S. Shetty, Concrete Technology (Theory and Practice), S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2003

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept / College	Mail ID
1	R. Sathiyaraj	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.C.Vaidevi	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vaidevi.c@avit.ac.in

17CVCC90	SURVEY CAMP	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	0	0	2	1

PREAMBLE

This course helps to know the elevation of points by advanced methods and instruments.

PREREQUISITE

Survey Practical -II Lab

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Students completing this course would have acquired practical knowledge on handling survey instruments
2	Students knowledge to carryout Triangulation and Astronomical surveying including general field marking for various engineering projects and curves setting.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1.	Develop the skills in field knowledge of surveying in Triangulation, Trilateration methods	Apply
CO2.	Develop the skills in Levelling and calculation of area	Apply
CO3.	Mapping of contoured area	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	S	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	M	S	-
CO 2	S	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	-	S	L
CO 3	S	S	S	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	M	M	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

Ten days survey camp using Theodolite, cross staff, levelling staff, tapes, plane .The camp must involve work on a large area of not less than 400 hectares. at the end of the camp, each student shall have mapped and contoured the area. the camp record shall include all original field observations, calculations and plots

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Triangulation
2. Trilateration
3. Road Profile leveling
4. Calculation of area using Offset Method
5. Height of a building

TEXT BOOKS:

1. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, Surveying, Theory and Practice, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2001.
2. Bannister and S. Raymond, "Surveying", 7th Edition, Longman, 2004.
3. Roy S.K., "Fundamentals of Surveying", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept / College	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVCC91	COMPREHENSION LAB	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	1	1	0	2

PREAMBLE

This course helps to know the at the end of the course the students able to attend interviews and competitive exams

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The objective of "Comprehension" is to provide opportunity for the student to apply the knowledge acquired during the earlier semesters to real-life problems which he/she may have to face in future as an engineer.
2	At the end of the course the students able to attend interviews and competitive exams

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to													
CO1. Develop the skills of students in interview point of view												Apply	
CO2. Develop the skills in objective type of question for competitive Examination												Apply	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	S	S	L	L
CO2	S	L	S	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	S	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

The comprehension assessment will consist of 3 tests covering all the subject of study in Civil Engineering Course.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Text book of R.S Agarwall.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com
2	Mr.Sanjay Kumar	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	sanjay.civil@avit.ac.in

CATEGORY C – ELECTIVE COURSES
(i) PROGRAMME SPECIFIC (CLASS ROOM OR ONLINE)

17CVEC01	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY						Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE															
Engineering Geology is the application of the geologic sciences to engineering practice for the purpose of assuring that the geologic factors affecting the engineering works are recognized and adequately provided for. Engineering geologic studies may be performed during the planning and design. A civil engineer should be able to understand an engineering geologic report, and incorporate adequate measures into the design of engineering works.															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	At the end of this course the student shall be able to understand about Geological formations														
2	Classification of rocks.														
3	Morphology of rock														
4	Learn techniques and interpretetual geo physical method.														
5	The student shall also be able to appreciate the importance of geological formation in causing earthquakes and landslides and literate the rural people.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Acquire the knowledge of the topographical formation, interior earth, gradational activities and weathering and also the theory of plate tectonics which answers the reason for the occurrence of earthquake, landslides in an area.												Understand			
CO2. Interpret minerals and rocks and assess its physical, mechanical and engineering properties												Apply			
CO3. Determine geological structures and its relevance on civil projects.												Analyze			
CO4. Analyze the surface and subsurface geological structures of the crust, soil and weathered thickness through geophysical exploration and report writing aspects with relevance to civil engineering projects												Analyze			
CO5. Assess the geological aspects of the site suitability with relevance to the design of civil structures and vice-versa												Analyze			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S	S	-	-
CO2	S	M	M	L	L	M	M	L	L	L	L	M	-	-	-
CO3	S	S	S	S	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	-	L	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	L	L	L	M	M	S	-	-
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	L	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
GENERAL GEOLOGY: Geology in Civil Engineering - Branches of geology - Earth Structure and composition - Elementary knowledge on continental drift and plate tectonics. Earth processes - Weathering - Work of rivers, wind and sea and their engineering importance - Earthquake belts in India. Groundwater - Mode of occurrence - prospecting - importance in civil engineering															
MINERALOGY: Elementary knowledge on symmetry elements of important crystallographic systems - physical properties of minerals - study of the following rock forming minerals - Quartz family. Feldspar family, Augite, Hornblende, Biotite,															

Muscovite, Calcite, Garnet - properties, behavior and engineering significance of clay minerals - Fundamentals of process of formation of ore minerals - Coal and Petroleum - Their origin and occurrence in India.

PETROLOGY: Classification of rocks - Distinction between Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks. Description occurrence, engineering properties and distribution of following rocks. Igneous rocks - Granite, Syenite, Diorite, Gabbro, Pegmatite, Dolerite and Basalt Sedimentary rocks sandstone, Limestone, Shale, Conglomerate and breccia. Metamorphic rocks, Quartzite, Marble, Slate, Thyllite, Gneiss and Schist.

STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICAL METHOD: Attitude of beds - Outcrops - Geological maps - study of structures - Folds, Faults and joints - Their bearing on engineering Construction. Seismic and Electrical methods for Civil Engineering investigations. Remote sensing techniques - study of air photos and satellite images - Interpretation for Civil Engineering

GEOLOGY FOR ENGINEERING PROJECTS: Geological Investigations - Geophysical Investigations - Remote Sensing-Techniques - Geological Considerations for Dam Reservoirs, Tunnels and Road-Cuts - Practice in Geology - Demonstration for Clinometer, Electrical Resistivity Meter, Geological Maps - Identification of Crystals, Minerals and Rocks

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Parbin Singh, "Engineering and General Geology ", Katson Publication House, 2009
2. P.C. Rao & D.B. Rao,"A Text Book Of Geology",Discovery Publishing House, 2010

REFERENCES:

1. Legeet, " Geology and Engineering ", McGraw Hill Book Company, 1998.
2. Blyth, " Geology for Engineers ", ELBS, 1995.

COURSE DESIGNERS

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1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Ms.P.Subathra	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in

Branch canal – Distributors – Minors – Water courses and field chak. Water application methods – Surface irrigation – Border – Check and Furrow – Subsurface irrigation – Sprinkler and Drip irrigation.

CONTROL AND REGULAR WORKS: Canal regulation works – Necessity and location of falls – Head and cross regulator – Canal escapes. Cross drainage works – Types of cross drainage work. River training works – Classification of River training works – Groynes or Spurs – Bank protection.

IRRIGATION WATER MANAGEMENT: Irrigation Efficiencies – Water conveyance efficiency – Water application efficiency – Water storage efficiency – Water distribution efficiency. Need for optimization – Need for interdisciplinary and participation approach. Roles and responsibilities of farmer's and government agencies in Turn Over.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Garg, S.K., "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures", Khanna Publishers, 2009.
2. Sharma R.K., Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures, Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. Dilip Kumar Majumdar, "Irrigation Water Management (Principles & Practices)", Prentice Hall of India (P), Ltd.
2. Sathyanarayana Murthy, Irrigation Design and Drawing, Published by Mrs.L.Banumathi, Tuni, East Godavari District, A.P. 1998.

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1.	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com
2.	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in

GIS TECHNIQUE AND DATA INPUT: MAP – Types of Maps – Development of GIS – Components of GIS – Hardware, software, organisation – Types of data – Spatial and non-spatial data – Print, Line and Polygon – Vector and Raster data – Database structures – Files – Vector and Raster data structures.

DATA ANALYSIS AND MODELLING: Data Retrieval – Query – Simple Analysis – Spatial Analysis – Overlay – Vector Data Analysis – Raster Data Analysis – Modelling using GIS – Digital Elevation Model – Cost and path analysis – Expert Systems – Artificial Intelligence – Integration with GIS.

DATA OUTPUT AND ERROR ANALYSIS: Data Output – Types – Devices used – Raster and Vector Display Devices – Printers – Plotters – Photo write Devices – Sources of Errors – Types of Errors – Elimination – Accuracies.

GIS APPLICATIONS IN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: Fields of Applications – Natural Resources – Agriculture – Soil – Water Resources – Wasteland Management - Social Resources - Cadastral Records – LIS

ADVANCED GIS APPLICATION: AM/FM – Utility Network Management – Integration with Remote Sensing – Knowledge based techniques – Multicriteria Techniques – Introduction to Object Oriented Data base Model.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Burrough P A, Principles of GIS for Land Resources Assessment, Oxford Publication, 2000
2. Michael N Demers, Fundamentals of Geographical Information Systems, Second Edition, John Wiley Publications, 2002

REFERENCES:

1. Paul A Longley, Michael F Goodchild etal, Geographical Information Systems Volume I and II, Second Edition, John Wiley Publications, 1999

COURSE DESIGNERS

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1.	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2.	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in

Definitions: Maintenance, Repair, Rehabilitation, Facets of maintenance, Importance of maintenance, preventive measures on various aspects, assessment procedure for evaluating damaged structure, causes of deterioration – Testing techniques

MATERIALS FOR REPAIR

Special concrete and mortar, Concrete chemicals, special elements for accelerator, strength gain, expansive cement, polymer concrete, sulphur infiltrated concrete, ferro cement, fibre reinforced concrete.

TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR

Rust Eliminators and Polymers coatings for rebars during repair foamed concrete, mortar and dry pack, vacuum concrete, Guniting, shotcrete epoxy injection, mortar repair for cracks, shoring and under pinning. Examples of repairs to structures Repairs to overcome low member strength, deflection, cracking, chemical disruption, weathering wear, fire, leakage, marine exposure

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M.S. Shetty , Concrete Technology – Theory and Practice S.Chand and Company , New Delhi 2008
2. Dr. B. Vidivelli , Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures , Standard Publishers Distributors , 2007

REFERENCES:

1. Denison Campbell, Allen and Harold Roper , Concrete Structures, materials, maintenance and repair , Long man, Scientific and Technical UK 1991
2. Santha kumar A.R. Training Course Notes on Damage Assessment and Repair in Low Cost Housing , “ RHDC – NBO “ , Anna Univ July 91.
3. chaterjee B. K., Theory and Design of Concrete Shells, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi, 1998

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in

17CVEC05	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit				
								EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE Students will acquire comprehensive knowledge of traffic surveys and studies such as volume count, Speed and delay, origin and destination, Parking, pedestrian and accident surveys. They will achieve knowledge on design of at-grade and grade separated intersections. Students will become familiar with various traffic control and traffic management measures.																
PREREQUISITE Railway, Airport and Harbor Engineering																
COURSE OBJECTIVES																
1	To achieve knowledge on design of ‘at grade’ and ‘grade separated’ intersections.															
2	To become familiar with various traffic control and traffic management measures															
3	To give an overview of Traffic engineering															
4	To know about the Various surveys to be conducted, traffic regulation, management and traffic safety															
COURSE OUTCOMES																
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to																
Co1. Explain road user and vehicular characteristics												Understand				
Co2. Bring out speed and volume studies and their relationships												Understand				
Co3.Enumerate the various road safety requirements												Understand				
Co4. Design geometrics of intersections												Apply				
Co5. Design the signal phasing and design a rotary												Apply				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME																
COs	PO1	PO2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3	
CO1.	S	M	L	L	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S	L	L	-	
CO2.	S	L	-	-	L	M	M	L	M	L	M	M	M	L	M	
CO3.	S	S	S	S	L	L	S	L	L	M	L	L	-	-	M	
CO4.	L	L	L	L	M	L	S	L	M	L	M	M	M	M	L	
CO5.	S	S	M	-	S	S	L	S	S	S	S	S	L	-	-	
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low																

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION : Significance and scope, Characteristics of Vehicles and Road Users, Skid Resistance and Braking Efficiency (Problems), Components of Traffic Engineering- Road, Traffic and Land Use Characteristics.

TRAFFIC SURVEYS AND ANALYSIS : Surveys and Analysis - Volume, Capacity, Speed and Delays, Origin and Destination, Parking, Pedestrian Studies, Accident Studies and Safety Level of Services- Problems.

TRAFFIC CONTROL : Traffic signs, Road markings, Design of Traffic signals and Signal co-ordination (Problems), Traffic control aids and Street furniture, Street Lighting, Computer applications in Signal design.

GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF INTERSECTIONS: Conflicts at Intersections, Classification of Intersections at Grade, - Chanallised and Unchanallised Intersection - Grade Separators (Concepts only), Principles of Intersection Design, Elements of Intersection Design, Chanallisation and Rotary design (Problems), Grade Separators

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT: Traffic Management- Traffic System Management (TSM) and Travel Demand Management (TDM), Traffic Forecasting techniques, Restrictions on turning movements, One-way Streets, Traffic Segregation, Traffic Calming, Tidal flow operations, Exclusive Bus Lanes - Introduction to Intelligence Transport System (ITS)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kadiyali L R, Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna Technical Publications, Delhi, 2000.
2. Khanna K and Justo CEG, Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Roorkee, 2001.

REFERENCES:

1. Indian Roads Congress (IRC) specifications: Guidelines and special publications on Traffic Planning and Management
2. Guidelines of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2.	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC06	HYDROLOGY	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

It is the science that deals with the waters of the earth, their occurrence, circulation, distribution and their reaction with environment including their relation to living things.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	The mechanics of rainfall, its spatial and temporal measurement and their applications will be understood.
2	The mechanics of rainfall, its distribution and measurement of rainfall using Hydrograph.
3	Analysis of Simple statistical and application of probability
4	Student will also learn simple methods of flood routing and ground water hydrology.
5	Distribution of rainfall and run off shall also be understood.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Explain the importance of Hydrological cycle and the measurement and analysis of rainfall data	Understand
CO2. Compute the quantity of runoff generated from a catchment	Apply
CO3. Develop hydrographs to measure the stream flow	Create
CO4. Estimate floods and propose suitable control measures	Evaluate
CO5. Suggest methods of conserving surface and groundwater storage	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	M	-	-	-	L	S	L	-	-	-	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	M	L	L	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	M	L	L	-
CO3	S	M	L	L	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	L	L	L	-
CO4	S	M	-	L	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	L	L	L	-
CO5	L	-	L	-	-	L	M	L	L	L	-	L	L	L	S

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PRECIPITATION: Hydrologic cycle – Types of precipitation – Forms of precipitation – Measurement of Rainfall – Spatial measurement methods – Temporal measurement methods – Frequency analysis of point rainfall – Intensity, duration, frequency relationship – Probable maximum precipitation.

ABSTRACTION FROM PRECIPITATION: Losses from precipitation – Evaporation process – Reservoir evaporation – Infiltration process – Infiltration capacity – Measurement of infiltration – Infiltration indices – Effective rainfall.

HYDROGRAPHS: Factors affecting Hydrograph – Baseflow separation – Unit hydrograph – Derivation of unit hydrograph – S curve hydrograph – Unit hydrograph of different deviations – Synthetic Unit Hydrograph

FLOODS AND FLOOD ROUTING: Flood frequency studies – Recurrence interval – Gumbel's method – Flood routing – Reservoir flood routing – Muskingum's Channel Routing – Flood control

GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY: Types of aquifers – Darcy's law – Dupuit's assumptions – Confined Aquifer – Unconfined Aquifer – Recuperation test – Transmissibility – Specific capacity – Pumping test – Steady flow analysis only.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Subramanya, K., "Engineering Hydrology", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., 2000

5. Raghunath, H.M., “Hydrology”, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 2000

REFERENCES:

4. Chow, V.T. and Maidment, “Hydrology for Engineers”, McGraw-Hill Inc., Ltd., 2000
5. Singh, V.P., “Hydrology”, McGraw-Hill Inc., Ltd.,
6. Raghunath, H.M., Ground Water, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
7. Raghunath, H.M., Hydrology: Principles, Analysis & Design, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.

COURSE DESIGNERS

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1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Ms.C.Vaidevi	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vaidevi.c@avit.ac.in

DISASTER RESPONSE: Mass media and disaster management; Disaster Response Plan; Communication, Participation, and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan; Logistics Management; Psychological Response; Trauma and Stress Management; Rumour and Panic Management ;Minimum Standards of Relief; Managing Relief; Funding.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN INDIA: Strategies for disaster management planning; Steps for formulating a disaster risk reduction plan; Disaster management Act and Policy in India; Organisational structure for disaster management in India; Preparation of state and district disaster management plans.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alexander, D. Natural Disasters, ULC press Ltd, London, 1993.
2. Carter, W. N. Disaster Management: A Disaster Management Handbook, Asian Development Bank, Bangkok, 1991.
3. Chakrabarty, U. K. Industrial Disaster Management and Emergency Response, Asian Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Abarquez I. & Murshed Z. Community Based Disaster Risk Management: Field Practitioner's Handbook, ADPC, Bangkok, 2004.
2. Goudie, A. Geomorphological Techniques, Unwin Hyman, London 1990.
3. Goswami, S. C. Remote Sensing Application in North East India, Purbanchal Prakesh, Guwahati, 1997.
4. Manual on Natural Disaster Management in India, NCDM, New Delhi, 2001.
5. Disaster Management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2011.
6. National Policy on Disaster Management, NDMA, New Delhi, 2009.
7. Disaster Management Act. (2005), Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com
2	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CVEC08	REMOTE SENSING TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Remote sensing is the science and art of obtaining information about an object, area or phenomenon, by the use of either recording or real time sensing devices that are not in physical contact with the object. The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a satellite-based navigation system made up of a network of 24 satellites placed into orbit by the U.S. Department of Defense. These GPS satellites circle the earth twice a day in a very precise orbit and transmit signal information to earth. Remote sensing and GPS data are further used in numerous applications, including GIS data collection, surveying, and mapping.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Students will learn about the land use mapping techniques,site suitability techniques
2	Students will learn about the use of zone mapping for water bodies
3	Students will learn about the use of mapping techniques for Agriculture and Earth sciences
4	Students will also learn about the recent techniques used for GPS system

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Recollect the fundamentals of physics of Remote sensing and concepts.	Remember
CO2. Outline the various data acquisition systems and collection methods for remote sensing data information and storage	Understand
CO3. Apply knowledge of satellites on various Civil Engineering applications.	Apply
CO4. Utilize the various data input methods for mapping	Apply
CO5. Creation of data models using remote sensing techniques and GPS	Create

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M
CO3	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	S	L	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	L	L	-	L	L	-
CO5	S	L	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	L	L	-	L	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Definition – Physics of remote sensing – electromagnetic radiation (EMR) – remote sensing windows – interaction of EMR with atmosphere, earth surface, soils, water and vegetation – platform and sensors – image interpretations.

LAND USE STUDIES: Definition of land use – land use / land cover classification – schemes and levels of classification systems with RS data – land use mapping – change detection – urban land use planning, site suitability analysis, transportation planning.

WATER RESOURCES: Areal assessment of surface water bodies – Capacity survey of water bodies – mapping of snow-covered areas – flood risk zone mapping – identification of groundwater potential zones, recharge areas – droughts, definition, drought assessment and management.

AGRICULTURE, SOIL AND FORESTRY: Crop inventory mapping – production estimation – command area monitoring – soil mapping – crop stress detection - estimation of soil erosion – forest types and density mapping – forest fire risk zone mapping.

EARTH SCIENCE: Lithology – lithological mapping – structural mapping – Geomorphology – nature and type of landforms – identification – use of remote sensing data for landslides – targeting mineral resources – Engineering geology and Environmental geology.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Lillesand, T.M., Kiefer, R.W. and J.W.Chipman., Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. V Edn. John Willey and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004
2. Lo. C.P.and A.K.W.Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002

REFERENCES:

1. Chandra,A.M,Geo Informatics,New Age International(P) Limited,Publishers.
2. Fazal,Shahab,GIS Basics,New Age International(P) Limited,Publishers.
3. Space Applications Centre. Manual for Forest mapping and Damage detection using satellite data, Report No.IRS-UP/SAC/FMDD/TN/16/90,1990, pp-253.
4. Sabins, F.F.Jr. Remote sensing principles and interpretation, W.H.Freeman & Co., 1978.
5. Manual of Remote Sensing Vol. II. American Society of Photogrammetry

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2	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC09	HOUSING PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course work imparts knowledge required for understanding the general principles of building planning and services with the help of relevant codes, manuals and guidelines.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	An introduction to housing planning
2	Construction and financing of housing projects.
3	The course focuses on cost effective construction materials and methods.
4	Emphasis has also been given on the principles of sustainable housing policies and programmes.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Apply the general planning considerations and development control rules for different types of buildings.	Apply
CO2. Apply the principles of electrical and lighting services for different uses in buildings	Apply
CO3. Understand and apply the principles of plumbing services for domestic and industrial needs	Understand
CO4. Plan and design the requirements for HVAC systems, fire fighting and other necessary services for a various types buildings	Apply
CO5. Incorporate the integrated planning and designing of necessary building services for better usage of buildings	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-	-
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	-	-	L	-	M	L	M	-
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	M	M
CO5	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO HOUSING: Definition of Basic Terms – House, Home, Household, Apartments, Multi storeyed Buildings, Special Buildings, Objectives and Strategies of National Housing Policies, Principle of Sustainable Housing, Housing Laws at State level, Bye-laws at Urban and Rural Local Bodies – levels - Development Control Regulations, Institutions for Housing at National, State and Local levels.

HOUSING PROGRAMMES: Basic Concepts, Contents and Standards for Housing Programmes - Sites and Services, Neighbourhoods, Open Development Plots, Apartments, Rental Housing, Co-operative Housing, Slum Housing Programmes, Role of Public, Private and Non-Government Organisations.

PLANNING AND DESIGN OF HOUSING PROJECTS: Formulation of Housing Projects – Site Analysis, Layout Design, Design of Housing Units (Design Problems)

CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES AND COST-EFFECTIVE MATERIALS:

New Constructions Techniques – Cost Effective Modern Construction Materials, Building Centers – Concept, Functions and Performance Evaluation

HOUSING FINANCE AND PROJECT APPRAISAL: Appraisal of Housing Projects – Housing Finance, Cost Recovery – Cash Flow Analysis, Subsidy and Cross Subsidy, Pricing of Housing Units, Rents, Recovery Pattern (Problems)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Meera Mehta and Dinesh Mehta, Metropolitan Housing Markets, Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999.
2. Francis Cherunilam and Odeyar D Heggade, Housing in India, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1997.

REFERENCES:

1. Development Control Rules for Chennai Metropolitan Area, CMA, Chennai, 2002.
2. Dhir, B.M., Construction Planning And Management, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
3. Lal, A.K., Hand Book Of Low Cost Housing, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.
4. Panchdhari, A.C., Water Supply & Sanitary Installations, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Mrs.S.Monisha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	monisha.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC10	MANAGEMENT OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This subject deals with study of irrigations practices and methods adopted in our country. Also to know the irrigation water requirement in order to design the structures like dams, weirs and canals.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	He/she shall also be able to appreciate the importance due and duly given to stake holders.
2	The structural and non structural activities for the management of water resources
3	The management plans involved in scheduling
4	Case studies on use of ground water will be taught

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to														
CO1. Describe the importance of National Water Policy.													Understand	
CO2. Determine the storage capacity of reservoir for a given demand.													Understand	
CO3. Explain the different types and methods of irrigation practices													Apply	
CO4. Compute the design parameters of canal													Apply	
CO5. Discuss the various concepts of irrigation water management and softwares													Understand	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	-	-	L	-	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	S
CO2	S	M	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	M
CO3	S	S	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	S	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	L
CO5	L	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

IRRIGATION SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: Irrigation systems – Supply and demand of water – Cropping pattern – Crop rotation – Crop diversification – Estimation of total and peak crop water requirements – Effective and dependable rainfall – Irrigation efficiencies.

IRRIGATION SCHEDULING: Time of irrigation – Critical stages of water need of crops – Criteria for scheduling irrigation – Frequency and interval of irrigation

MANAGEMENT: Structural and non-structural strategies in water use and management – Conjunctive use of surface and ground waters – Quality of irrigation water.

OPERATION: Operational plans – Main canals, laterals and field channels – Water control and regulating structures – Performance indicators – Case study

INVOLVEMENT OF STAKE HOLDERS: Farmer's participation in System operation – Water user's associations – Farmer councils – Changing paradigms on irrigation management – Participatory irrigation management

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dilip Kumar Majumdar, "Irrigation Water Management – Principles and Practice", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000
2. Hand book on Irrigation Water Requirement, R.T. Gandhi, et. al., Water Management Division, Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. Hand Book on Irrigation System Operation Practices, Water Resources Management and Training Project, Technical report No. 33, CWC, New Delhi, 1990
2. Maloney, C. and Raju, K.V., "Managing Irrigation Together", Practice and Policy in India, Stage Publication, New Delhi, India, 1994

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVEC11	GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course deals with the different ground improvement methods adopted for improving the properties of remolded and in-situ soils by adopting different techniques such as in- situ densification, consolidation and dewatering methods. This course enables the students to understand how reinforced earth walls can obviate the problems associated with conventional retaining walls. Also the students would be exposed to the concepts of grouting, soil stabilization and the use of geo textiles to improve the engineering performance of soils.

PREREQUISITE

Mechanics of soils

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Further he/she is in a position to decide various ways and means of improving the soil and implementing techniques of improvement.
2	About the drainage and dewatering techniques available
3	About the various treatments available for soil
4	About the reinforcement and grout techniques
5	Further he/she is in a position to decide various ways of ground improvements.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to													
CO1. Enumerate the role of ground improvement and select appropriate ground improvement technique for the given subsoil condition.													Understand
CO2. Suggest appropriate dewatering technique for lowering the ground water table													Apply
CO3. Recommend suitable techniques for densifying cohesionless soil deposit													Apply
CO4. Suggest appropriate techniques for consolidating cohesive deposits													Apply
CO5. Perform simple design of reinforced earth walls and illustrate the role of geo-textile in ground improvement													Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	S	M	L
CO2	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	S	M	L
CO3	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	S	M	L
CO4	S	M	M	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	S	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	---	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	S	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Role of ground improvement in foundation engineering - methods of ground improvement – Geotechnical problems in alluvial, laterite and black cotton soils -Selection of suitable ground improvement techniques based on soil condition.

DRAINAGE AND DEWATERING: Drainage techniques - Well points - Vacuum and electroosmotic methods - Seepage analysis for two dimensional flow-fully and partially penetrating slots in homogenous deposits (Simple cases only).

INSITU TREATMENT OF COHESIONLESS AND COHESIVE SOILS: Insitu densification of cohesionless and consolidation of cohesive soils -Dynamic compaction and consolidation - Vibrofloatation - Sand pile compaction - Preloading with sand drains and fabric drains – Stone columns – Lime piles - Installation techniques only - relative merits of various methods and their limitations.

EARTH REINFORCEMENT: Concept of reinforcement - Types of reinforcement material - Applications of reinforced earth – use of Geotextiles for filtration, drainage and separation in road and other works.

GROUT TECHNIQUES: Types of grouts - Grouting equipment and machinery - Injection methods - Grout monitoring – Stabilisation with cement, lime and chemicals - Stabilisation of expansive soils.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Koerner R.M., “Construction and Geotechnical Methods in Foundation Engineering”, McGrawHill, 1994.
2. Purushothama Raj, P. “Ground Improvement Techniques”, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 2005

REFERENCES:

1. Moseley M.P., Ground Improvement Blockie Academic and Professional, Chapman and Hall, Glasgow, 1993.
2. Jones J.E.P., Earth Reinforcement and Soil Structure, Butterworths, 1995.
3. Koerner, R.M., “Design with Geosynthetics”, (3rd Edition) Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2002.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com
2	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in

17CVEC12	INTRODUCTION TO SOIL DYNAMICS AND MACHINE FOUNDATIONS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The aim of the course is to assess the dynamic properties of soil. To decide various ways and means of improving the soil and implementing techniques of improvement. The drainage and dewatering techniques available in field.

PREREQUISITE

Mechanics of soils

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To learn the various design parameters required for the design of machine foundation
2	About different vibratory systems available for designing
3	To study the dynamic properties of soil
4	About the various isolation techniques available
5	Design of foundation for various reciprocating machines

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Determine the Permeability of Cohesive and Cohesion less soils													Apply		
CO2. Estimate consolidation parameters and compute consolidation													Apply		
CO3. Perform simple design of reinforced earth walls and illustrate the role of geo-textile in ground improvement													Apply		
CO4. Calculate the lateral earth pressure also check the stability of retaining walls.													Evaluate		
CO5. Perform simple design of reinforced earth walls and illustrate the role of geo-textile in ground improvement													Apply		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO 1	PO 2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	S	M	L
CO2	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	S	M	L
CO3	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	S	M	-
CO4	S	M	M	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	S	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	---	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	S	M	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Vibration of elementary systems-vibratory motion-single degree freedom system-free and forced vibration with and without damping

WAVES AND WAVE PROPAGATION: Wave propagation in an elastic homogeneous isotropic medium- Raleigh, shear and compression waves-waves in elastic half space

DYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF SOILS: Elastic properties of soils-coefficient of elastic, uniform and non-uniform compression - shear-effect of vibration dissipative properties of soils-determination of dynamic properties of soil- codal provisions

DESIGN PROCEDURES: Design criteria -dynamic loads - simple design procedures for foundations under reciprocating machines - machines producing impact loads - rotary type machines

VIBRATION ISOLATION: Vibration isolation technique-mechanical isolation-foundation isolation-isolation by location-isolation by barriers- active passive isolation tests.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kameswara Rao, "Vibration Analysis and Foundation Dynamics", Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi, 1998

2. IS code of Practice for Design and Construction of Machine Foundations, McGraw-Hill, 1996.

REFERENCES:

1. Kameswara Rao, “Dynamics Soil Tests and Applications”, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi, 2003
2. Swamisaran, “Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations”, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., 1999

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com
2	Mrs.J.Srija	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	srija.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC13	ELECTRONIC SURVEYING									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										EC	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE															
The aim of the course is to understand the working of EDM equipment and solve the surveying problems with EDM equipment															
PREREQUISITE															
Surveying I															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	The student will posses knowledge about Electronic surveying														
2	About the propagation of electromagnetic waves and its main principles														
3	Various implementations of surveying														
4	The student will Study about different EDM instruments and Total Station.														
5	Methods of measuring distance, historical development														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Compute the linear measurement in chain surveying and angular measurements in compass surveying.													Apply		
CO2. Demonstrate the significance of plane table surveying in preparation of plans													Understand		
CO3. Find the relative position of points on the ground using levelling principles													Apply		
CO4.Find the distance and heights of objects using tacheometric principle													Apply		
CO5. Explain the importance of advanced techniques involved in surveying.													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	S	M	L
CO2	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	S	M	L
CO3	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	S	M	L
CO4	S	M	M	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	S	M	L
CO5	S	M	M	---	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	S	L	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
FUNDAMENTALS : Methods of measuring distance, historical development, basic principles of EDM, classifications, applications and comparison with conventional surveying															
BASIC ELETRONICS : Fundamentals of electronics, resonant circuits, semiconductors, Lasers, Cathode ray tube, photo multiplier tube, transducers, oscillators, frequency mixing, modulation and demodulation, Kerrcell modulator, measurement of phase difference, reflectors and power sources.															
PROPAGATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES : Definition, classification, applications, propagation properties, wave propagation at lower and higher frequencies. Refractive index, factors affecting, computation of group refractive index for light and near infrared waves at standard conditions and ambient conditions, reference refractive index, first velocity correction, computation of refractive index for microwaves, measurement of atmospheric parameters, mean refractive index, real time application of first velocity correction, second velocity correction and total atmospheric correction															
ELECTROMAGNETIC DISTANCE MEASURING SYSTEM : Electro-optical system, measuring principle, working principle, sources of error, infrared EDM instruments, Laser EDM instruments and total station. Microwave system, measuring principle, working principle, sources of error, microwave EDM instruments, comparison with Electrooptical system, care and															

maintenance of EDM instruments, Modern Positioning Systems. EDM traversing, trilateration and base line measurement using EDM.

FIELD STUDIES : Study of different EDM instruments and Total Station. EDM traversing, trilateration and base line measurement using EDM.

TEXT BOOKS:

1.Satheesh Gopi,K.Sathikumar,"Advanced Surveying"Dorling Publication,2008

2. Rueger, J.M. Electronic Distance Measurement, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1990.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Laurila, S.H. Electronic Surveying in Practice, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 1983..Soastamoinen, J.J.

2.Surveyor's guide to electro-magnetic Distance Measurement,Adam Hilger Ltd., 1967.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com
2	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC14	AIR POLLUTION MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The course work offers the basic knowledge on various sources of air pollutants and their possible effects on local, regional and global environment. It provides various techniques for sampling and analyzing the pollutants. Also, it deals with the principles and design of control of particulate/gaseous air pollutants and its emerging trends to fulfil the legal aspects of air pollution to have a sustainable environment for future generation. In addition.

PREREQUISITE

Environmental engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	About noise pollution and the methods of controlling the same.
2	The student is expected to know about source inventory and control mechanism.
3	To impart knowledge on the sources, effects
4	The control techniques of air pollutants and noise pollution
5	The sources, characteristics and effects of air

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to	
CO1. Identify the sources of air pollution, impacts of air pollutants and their measurements	Apply
CO2. identify the significance of meteorological factors in pollutants dispersion and to predict the pollutant concentration	Understand
CO3. Suggest preventive and control measures for air pollution.	Apply
CO4. Suggest locations for industries and appropriate city planning tips for the effective air pollution management of a city	Apply
CO5. The course offers the basic knowledge on various sources of air pollutants and their possible effects on local, regional and global environment.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	L	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	M	M	S
CO2	S	M	L	L	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	M	M	S
CO3	S	M	L	L	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	M	M	S
CO4	S	M	M	S	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	M	M	S
CO5	S	M	M	S	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	S	L	S

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SOURCES AND EFFECTS OF AIR POLLUTANTS : Classification of air pollutants – Particulates and gaseous pollutants – Sources of air pollution – Source inventory – Effects of air pollution on human beings, materials, vegetation, animals – global warming-ozone layer depletion, Sampling and Analysis – Basic Principles of Sampling – Source and ambient sampling – Analysis of pollutants – Principles.

DISPERSION OF POLLUTANTS : Elements of atmosphere – Meteorological factors – Wind roses – Lapse rate - Atmospheric stability and turbulence – Plume rise – Dispersion of pollutants – Dispersion models – Applications.

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL : Concepts of control – Principles and design of control measures – Particulates control by gravitational, centrifugal, filtration, scrubbing, electrostatic precipitation – Selection criteria for equipment - gaseous pollutant control by adsorption, absorption, condensation, combustion – Pollution control for specific major industries.

AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT : Air quality standards – Air quality monitoring – Preventive measures - Air pollution control efforts – Zoning – Town planning regulation of new industries – Legislation and enforcement – Environmental Impact Assessment and Air quality

NOISE POLLUTION: Sources of noise pollution – Effects – Assessment - Standards – Control methods - Prevention

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anjaneyulu, D., “Air Pollution and Control Technologies”, Allied Publishers, Mumbai, 2002.
2. Rao, C.S. Environmental Pollution Control Engineering, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1996

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. W.L.Heumann, Industrial Air Pollution Control Systems, McGraw-Hill, New Yark, 1997
- 2.Mahajan S.P., Pollution Control in Process Industries, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company,New Delhi, 1991.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com

17CVEC15	BRIDGE STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Bridge is a structure built to span physical obstacles without closing the way underneath such as a body of water, valley, or road, for the purpose of providing passage over the obstacle. There are many different designs that each serve a particular purpose and apply to different situations. Designs of bridges vary depending on the function of the bridge, the nature of the terrain where the bridge is constructed and anchored, the material used to make it, and the funds available to build it. This course offers the design of bridges such as RCC bridges, design principles of steel and prestressed concrete bridges, design principles of substructure and design of different types of bearings as per IRC loadings standards, Indian Railway standards bridge rules and MOST codes. It aims at determination of safe as well as economical section using different kinds of material used in construction and maintenance

PREREQUISITE

Design of steel structures

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To impart exposure on various aspects of structural design
2	Compare the behavior of bridge structures with that of the normal reinforced concrete structures.
3	Understand the performance of composite members.
4	Finally to learn the design of bridge structures.
5	Common types of steel and concrete bridges

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Identify the type of bridge and its basic requirements for particular location													Understand		
Co2. Design the culverts and deck slab bridges													Create		
Co3. Design the long span bridges													Apply		
Co4. Demonstrate the design principles of steel bridges													Apply		
CO5. Design the bridge bearings and piers													Create		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	S	S	S	---	L	S	L	---	---	---	---	S	S	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	L	M	S	L	---	L	L	---	S	S	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	L	M	S	L	---	L	---	---	S	S	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	L	---	S	L	---	L	---	L	S	S	L
CO5	S	S	S	S	---	---	S	M	---	M	L	---	S	S	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION : Design of through type steel highway bridges for IRC loading - Design of stringers, cross girders and main girders - Design of deck type steel highway bridges for IRC loading - Design of main girders

STEEL BRIDGES : Design of pratt type truss girder highway bridges - Design of top chord, bottom chord, web members - Effect of repeated loading - Design of plate girder railway bridges for railway loading - Wind effects - Design of web and flange plates - Vertical and horizontal stiffeners.

REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGES : Design of solid slab bridges for IRC loading - Design of kerb - Design of tee beam bridges - Design of panel and cantilever for IRC loading

REINFORCED CONCRETE GIRDERS BRIDGES : Design of tee beam - Courbon's theory - Pigeaud's curves - Design of balanced cantilever bridges - Deck slab - Main girder - Design of cantilever - Design of articulation.

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES : Design of prestressed concrete bridges - Preliminary dimensions - Flexural and torsional parameters - Courbon's theory - Distribution coefficient by exact analysis - Design of girder section - Maximum and minimum prestressing forces - Eccentricity - Live load and dead load shear forces - cable zone in girder – Check for stresses at various sections - Check for diagonal tension - Diaphragms - End block - Short term and long term deflections.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Johnson Victor D., “Essentials of Bridge Engineering”, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2007
2. Ponnuswamy S., “Bridge Engineering”, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Phatak D.R., “Bridge Engineering”, Satya Prakashan, New Delhi, 1990.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVEC16	TALL BUILDINGS					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						EC	3	0	0	3					
PREAMBLE															
The aim of the course is to understand the problems associated with large heights of structures with respect to loads (wind and earthquake and deflections of the structure).															
PREREQUISITE															
Design of Steel structures															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	He should know the rudimentary principles of designing tall buildings as per the existing course.														
2	To provide an insight to the design of tall buildings.														
3	To enlighten the students on modern techniques available for the analysis of tall buildings														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
Co1. Understanding on the behaviour of tall buildings subjected to lateral building.											Understand				
Co2. The students should have knowledge about the designing tall buildings											Apply				
Co3. Rudimentary principles of designing tall buildings as per the existing codes.											Apply				
Co4. Analysis of Bearing Wall Buildings ,The Cross Wall Structure											Apply				
CO5. Explain the importance of High-Rise Suspension Systems ,Pneumatic High -Rise Buildings											Apply				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO 5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	M	---	L	M	L	S	---	---	---	S	S	L
CO2	S	M	L	M	L	M	M	L	S	L	L	---	S	S	M
CO3	S	M	L	S	L	M	M	L	---	L	---	---	S	S	L
CO4	S	M	M	S	L	---	M	L	S	M	---	L	S	S	L
CO5	S	M	M	M	---	---	M	M	---	M	L	---	S	S	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: The Tall Building in the Urban Context - The Tall Building and its Support Structure - Development of High Rise Building Structures - General Planning Considerations. Dead Loads - Live Loads-Construction Loads -Snow, Rain, and Ice Loads - Wind Loads-Seismic Loading –Water and Earth Pressure Loads - Loads - Loads Due to Restrained Volume Changes of Material - Impact and Dynamic Loads - Blast Loads -Combination of Loads.															
THE VERTICAL STRUCTURE PLANE: Dispersion of Vertical Forces- Dispersion of Lateral Forces - Optimum Ground Level Space - Shear Wall Arrangement - Behaviour of Shear Walls under Lateral Loading. The Floor Structure or Horizontal Building Plane Floor Framing Systems-Horizontal Bracing- Composite Floor Systems The High - Rise Building as related to assemblage Kits Skeleton Frame Systems - Load Bearing Wall Panel Systems - Panel – Frame Systems - Multistory Box Systems.															
COMMON HIGH-RISE BUILDING STRUCTURES AND THEIR BEHAVIOUR UNDER LOAD : The Bearing Wall Structure- The Shear Core Structure - Rigid Frame Systems- The Wall - Beam Structure: Interspatial and Staggered Truss Systems - Frame - Shear Wall Building Systems - Flat Slab Building Structures - Shear Truss - Frame Interaction System with Rigid - Belt Trusses - Tubular Systems-Composite Buildings - Comparison of High - Rise Structural Systems Other Design Approaches Controlling Building Drift Efficient Building Forms - The Counteracting Force or Dynamic Response.															

APPROXIMATE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF BUILDINGS : Approximate Analysis of Bearing Wall Buildings The Cross Wall Structure - The Long Wall Structure The Rigid Frame Structure Approximate Analysis for Vertical Loading - Approximate Analysis for Lateral Loading - Approximate Design of Rigid Frame Buildings-Lateral Deformation of Rigid Frame Buildings The Rigid Frame - Shear Wall Structure - The Vierendeel Structure - The Hollow Tube Structure.

OTHER HIGH-RISE BUILDING STRUCTURE: Deep - Beam Systems -High-Rise Suspension Systems - Pneumatic High -Rise Buildings - Space Frame Applied to High - Rise Buildings - Capsule Architecture.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. WOLFGANG SCHUELLER " High - rise building Structures", John Wiley and Sons.
2. Bryan Stafford Smith and Alex Coull, " Tall Building Structures ", Analysis and Design, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1991

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Coull, A. and Smith, Stafford, B. " Tall Buildings ", Pergamon Press, London, 1997.
2. LinT.Y. and Burry D.Stotes, " Structural Concepts and Systems for Architects and Engineers", John Wiley, 1994.
3. Lynn S.Beedle, Advances in Tall Buildings, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 1996.
4. Taranath.B.S., Structural Analysis and Design of Tall Buildings, Mc Graw Hill 1998.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVEC17	STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to understand how to arrive the dynamic forces and structures

PREREQUISITE

Structural analysis

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To learn how to idealise the structure into systems of reduced number of degrees of freedom
2	To learn about the discretization of various structures
3	To understand about the seismic design of various structures
4	They also be able to interpret the results.
5	To learn how to idealise analyse these systems for the forces.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Solve problems of single degree of freedom (SDOF) systems														Understand	
CO2. Solve dynamic problems in multi-degree of freedom (MDOF) systems														Apply	
CO3. To introduce dynamic analysis of continuous systems														Apply	
CO4. Apply structural dynamic principles to the analysis of structures for seismic and wind loading														Apply	
CO5. Introduce blast loading														Apply	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	---	---	---	M	-	-
CO2	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	L	---	M	-	-
CO3	S	M	L	---	L	M	---	L	---	L	---	---	M	-	-
CO4	S	M	M	---	L	---	---	L	---	L	---	L	M	L	M
CO5	S	M	M	---	---	---	---	M	---	M	L	---	M	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PRINCIPLES OF DYNAMICS : Difference between static loading and dynamic loading – Nature of dynamic loads – Wind, Earthquake and Impact Loads – Damping – Viscous and structural damping – single degree of freedom (SDOF) Systems – Formulation of equation of motion – Newton's Law and D'Alembert's principles – Examples of SDOF modeling.

SINGLE DEGREE FREEDOM SYSTEMS : Free vibration response of SDOF system – Response of undamped and damped SDOF system to harmonic excitation – characteristic of resonance – Response to impulse and an arbitrary forcing function – Duhamel Integral formulation.

MULTIDEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS : MDOF systems – examples – Lumped parameter model – Formulation of equation of motion – Free vibration of MDOF systems as Eigen value problem – concept of mode shapes and natural frequencies – 2 DOF example – orthogonal properties of normal modes.

SUPERPOSITION PRINCIPLES: Harmonic excitation of 2 DOF system – Principle of mode superposition (principle only) for dynamic analysis – vibration isolation – vibration measuring instruments.

DESIGN FOR WIND AND EARTHQUAKE: Effect of wind and earthquake on structures – Principles of aseismic design – Methods of Vibration control – codal provisions for design for wind and earthquake (explanation of Provisions only – no design)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mario Paz,” Structural Dynamics Theory and Computation”, Van Nostrand Reinhold, 2004
2. Anil K.Chopra, “Dynamics of Structures Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering” Pearson Education., 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Clough R.W. and Penzien, J., Dynamics of Structures, McGraw-Hill, 1990
2. Craig R.R. Jr., Structural Dynamics – An Introduction to Computer Methods, John Wiley and Sons, 1981

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVEC18	WIND ENGINEERING							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE The course includes studies of sustainable development and energy sources. Basic mathematical and physical concepts will be covered. An introduction to prerequisites for wind power development including how a wind turbine works, planning for wind energy, environmental impact, location and economic aspects will be given. The phases of wind power projects is studied. Oral and written presentations in a scientific context will be discussed and practiced in the course. A site study visit to an operating wind farm is included.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To learn about the forces generated on structures due to normal wind as well as gusts.														
2	To analyse the dynamic effects produced due to chimney,tower and silos														
3	To understand about the seismic design of various structures														
4	To analyses the application in design and its implementations														
5	To learn about the forces generated on structures due to normal wind as well as gusts.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Give an account of and analyse energy sources and their sustainability												Understand			
CO2. Identify and explain a wind power project's phases												Apply			
CO3. Identify and evaluate factors affecting wind energy development												Apply			
CO4. Analyse the siting conditions for wind power development												Apply			
CO5. Present an individual or group project of wind power.												Create			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	S	S	S	---	L	S	L	---	---	L	---	S	M	S
CO2	L	S	S	S	L	M	S	L	---	L	L	---	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	L	M	L	L	---	L	---	---	M	S	S
CO4	L	S	L	S	L	---	S	L	---	L	---	L	M	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	---	---	S	M	---	L	L	---	S	S	S
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION : Terminology – Wind Data – Gust factor and its determination - Wind speed variation with height – Shape factor – Aspect ratio – Drag and lift.															
EFFECT OF WIND ON STRUCTURES : Static effect – Dynamic effect – Interference effects (concept only) – Rigid structure – Aeroelastic structure (concept only)..															
EFFECT ON TYPICAL STRUCTURES : Tail buildings – Low rise buildings – Roof and cladding – Chimneys, towers and bridges															
APPLICATION TO DESIGN : Design forces on multistorey building, towers and roof trusses.															
INTRODUCTION TO WIND TUNNEL: Types of models (Principles only) – Basic considerations – Examples of tests and their use.															
TEXT BOOKS:															

1. Peter Sachs, “Wind Forces in Engineering, Pergamon Press, New York, 1992.
2. Lawson T.V., Wind Effects on Buildings, Vols. I and II, Applied Science and Publishers, London, 1993.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Devenport A.G., “Wind Loads on Structures”, Division of Building Research, Ottawa, 1990.
2. Wind Force on Structures – Course Notes, Building Technology Centre, Anna University, 1995

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com

17CVEC19	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN OF STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to train the students to design and analysis a structure by using computers.

PREREQUISITE

Design of reinforced concrete

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To create a computer code as well as using commercially
2	To know about the available softwares for the design of Civil Engineering structures.
3	To understand concepts of finite element techniques in structural analysis.
4	To design and optimization involved in steel and RCC structures

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to														
CO1. Learn the design optimization of structures													Apply	
Co2. Adopt these methods in the field													Analyze	
Co3. Develop drafting skills in drawing plan, section and elevation of residential buildings using AutoCAD													Create	
Co4. Develop drafting skills in drawing plan, section and elevation of public buildings using AutoCAD software													Create	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	M	L	L
CO2	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	M	-	-
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	M	L	-
CO4	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	M	-	L
CO5	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	M	L	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION : Fundamentals of CAD - Hardware and software requirements -Design process - Applications and benefits.

COMPUTER GRAPHICS : Graphic primitives - Transformations -Wire frame modeling and solid modeling -Graphic standards –Drafting packages

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS : Fundamentals of finite element analysis - Principles of structural analysis -Analysis packages and applications.

DESIGN AND OPTIMISATION: Principles of design of steel and RC Structures -Applications to simple design problems – Optimisation techniques - Algorithms - Linear Programming – Simplex method

EXPERT SYSTEMS : Introduction to artificial intelligence - Knowledge based expert systems -Rules and decision tables –Inference mechanisms - Simple applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Groover M.P. and Zimmers E.W. Jr., “CAD/CAM, Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing”, Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi, 2000

2. Krishnamoorthy C.S.Rajeev S., “Computer Aided Design”, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Harrison H.B., “Structural Analysis and Design”, Part I and II Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1990.

2. Rao S.S., “Optimisation Theory and Applications”, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1977.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

COURSE DESIGNERS				
S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.R.Abirami	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVEC21	SMART STRUCTURES AND SMART MATERIALS							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
The purpose of the course is designed to give an insight into the latest developments regarding smart materials and their use in structures															
PREREQUISITE															
Smart materials.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To know about the measuring techniques for various materials														
2	To know about the concepts of sensors for various materials														
3	To understand about the concepts of signal processing and control systems for various materials														
4	To deals with structures which can self adjust their stiffness with load.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO 1 Measuring techniques for various materials												Understand			
CO 2 Concepts of sensors for various materials												Understand			
CO 3 The concepts of signal processing and control systems for various materials												Analyze			
CO 4 Using structures which can self adjust their stiffness with load												Analyze			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	L	---	---
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	L	L	L
CO4	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	M	M	---	---	L	---	---
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Introduction to Smart Materials and Structures – Instrumented structures functions and response – Sensing systems – Self diagnosis – Signal processing consideration – Actuation systems and effectors															
MEASURING TECHNIQUES: Strain Measuring Techniques using Electrical strain gauges, Types – Resistance – Capacitance – Inductance – Wheatstone bridges – Pressure transducers – Load cells – Temperature Compensation – Strain Rosettes.															
SENSORS : Sensing Technology – Types of Sensors – Physical Measurement using Piezo Electric Strain measurement – Inductively Read Transducers – The LVOT – Fiber optic Techniques.Chemical and Bio-Chemical sensing in structural Assessment – Absorptive chemical sensors – Spectroscopes – Fibre Optic Chemical Sensing Systems and Distributed measurement															
ACTUATORS: Actuator Techniques – Actuator and actuator materials – Piezoelectric and Electrostrictive Material – Magnetostructure Material – Shape Memory Alloys – Electro orheological Fluids– Electromagnetic actuation – Role of actuators and Actuator Materials..															

SIGNAL PROCESSING AND CONTROL SYSTEMS: Data Acquisition and Processing – Signal Processing and Control for Smart Structures – Sensors as Geometrical Processors – Signal Processing – Control System – Linear and Non-Linear.

TEXT BOOKS:

Brain Culshaw – Smart Structure and Materials Artech House – Borton. London-1996.

REFERENCES:

1. L. S. Srinath – Experimental Stress Analysis – Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998.

2. J. W. Dally & W. F. Riley – Experimental Stress Analysis – Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVEC22	FINITE ELEMENT TECHNIQUES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to understand & analyses linear elastic structures, that has been studied about in core courses, using finite element method.

PREREQUISITE

Structural analysis

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To analyze linear elastic structures that he has studied about in core courses using finite element method.
2	To know about the concepts of finite element analysis of one dimensional problems
3	To understand about the concepts of finite element analysis of two dimensional problems
4	To deals with finite element analysis of isoparametric problems and its applications with software packages

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO 1. Analyzing with the use of FE Method	Analyze
CO 2. Analysis of one dimensional problems with the use of FE Method	Analyze
CO 3. Analysis of two dimensional problems with the use of FE Method	Analyze
CO 4. Analyzing structure with the use of software	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M		M	-	M	---	M	S	M	---
CO2	S	S	---	L	S	M		-	M	M	---	---	S	M	L
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M		M	--	M	---	---	S	M	---
CO4	S	S	---	L	S	M		M	-	M	---	---	S	M	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION – VARIATIONAL FORMULATION: General field problems in Engineering – Modelling – Discrete and Continuous models – Characteristics – Difficulties involved in solution – The relevance and place of the finite element method – Historical comments – Basic concept of FEM, Boundary and initial value problems – Gradient and divergence theorems – Functionals – Variational calculus – Variational formulation of VBPS. The method of weighted residuals – The Ritz method.

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF ONE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS : One dimensional second order equations – discretisation of domain into elements – Generalised coordinates approach – derivation of elements equations – assembly of elements equations – imposition of boundary conditions – solution of equations – Cholesky method – Post processing – Extension of the method to fourth order equations and their solutions – time dependant problems and their solutions – example from heat transfer, fluid flow and solid mechanics

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF TWO DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS : Second order equation involving a scalar-valued function – model equation – Variational formulation – Finite element formulation through generalised coordinates

approach – Triangular elements and quadrilateral elements – convergence criteria for chosen models – Interpolation functions – Elements matrices and vectors – Assembly of element matrices – boundary conditions – solution techniques.

ISOPARAMETRIC ELEMENTS AND FORMULATION: Natural coordinates in 1, 2 and 3 dimensions – use of area coordinates for triangular elements in - 2 dimensional problems – Isoparametric elements in 1,2 and 3 dimensional – Largrangean and serendipity elements – Formulations of elements equations in one and two dimensions - Numerical integration

APPLICATIONS TO FIELD PROBLEMS IN TWO DIMENSIONALS : Equations of elasticity – plane elasticity problems – axisymmetric problems in elasticity – Bending of elastic plates – Time dependent problems in elasticity – Heat – transfer in two dimensions – incompressible fluid flow

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 . Chandrupatla, T.R., and Belegundu, A.D., “Introduction to Finite Element in Engineering”, Third Edition, Prentice Hall, India, 2003
2. S.S.Rao, “The Finite Element Method in Engineering”, Pergaman Press, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. J.N.Reddy, “An Introduction to Finite Element Method”, McGraw-Hill, Intl. Student Edition,1985.
2. Zienkiewics, “The finite element method, Basic formulation and linear problems”, Vol.1, 4/e, McGraw-Hill, Book Co.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVEC23	DESIGN OF PLATE AND SHELL STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	2	2	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to understand the rudimentary principles involved in the analysis.

PREREQUISITE

Design of steel structures

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To design rectangular plates.

2 To know about the design of thin shells

3 To analyse shells

4 To design folded plates

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Designing of rectangular plates Analyze

CO2. Designing of thin shells Analyze

CO3. Analysis of shells Analyze

CO4. Designing of folded plates Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	L	S	M	L	M	-	M	---	M	M	S	---
CO2	S	S	M	L	S	M	L	-	M	M	---	---	M	L	---
CO3	S	S	M	L	S	M	L	M	--	M	---	---	M	S	---
CO4	S	S	M	L	S	M	L	M	-	M	---	---	M	L	---

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

THIN PLATES WITH SMALL DEFLECTION: Laterally loaded thin plates – governing differential equations – Simply supported and fixed boundary conditions

RECTANGULAR PLATES: Simply supported rectangular plates – Navier’s solution and Levy’s method.

THIN SHELLS : Classification of shells-structural actions – membrane theory.

ANALYSIS OF SHELLS: Analysis of spherical dome – cylindrical shells – folded plates

DESIGN OF SHELLS : Design of spherical dome – cylindrical shells – folded plates

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G.S. Ramaswamy, Design and Construction of Shell Structures, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1996
2. S. Timoshenko & S. Woinowsky – Krieger, “Theory of Plates and Shells”, McGraw Hill Book Company, 2010

REFERENCES:

Theory and analysis of plates, Rudolph szilard, Prentice Hall Inc, 1995

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID	
1	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in	
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com	

17CVEC24	GROUND WATER ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to understand the ground improvement techniques and quality of ground water.

PREREQUISITE

Environmental engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To know the types of aquifers
2	To understand the surface and subsurface investigation in detail
3	To integrate the fundamental and basic knowledge of ground water movement
4	To introduce the different model studies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Analyze the types of aquifers	Analyze
CO2. Analysis of the surface and subsurface investigation in detail	Analyze
CO3. Analysis of ground water movement	Analyze
CO4. Analyzing different model studies	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	---	M	L	---	---
CO2	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	-	---	M	---	---	L	M	---
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	---	---	L	---	---
CO4	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	---	---	L	---	---

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

HYDROGEOLOGICAL PARAMETERS: Introduction - Water bearing Properties of Rock - Properties of aquifer - Transmissivity and storage coefficient - Problems in Specific yield - specific capacity -Darcy's law and permeability - Methods of Estimation - Ground water table fluctuation and its interpretations - Type of aquifers - Groundwater development and Potential in India - groundwater legislation, GEC norms.

EVALUATION OF AQUIFER PROPERTIES: Darcy's equation - governing equation of ground water flow - steady and unsteady flow equations for confined and unconfined aquifer - water table aquifer - Dupit Forchheimer assumption - one dimensional flow - well hydraulics - hydro geological boundaries - concept of image - image well - well theory - interference of wells - partial penetration of well

GROUNDWATER HYDRAULICS AND EXPLORATION: Geological methods - Geophysical - electrical resistivity - seismic refraction - water wells classification - drilling of deep wells - well design, construction and maintenance - well development. Pumping test analysis - well characteristics - draw down test - Tracer tests.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY AND MOVEMENT: Ground water chemistry - Origin, movement and quality - Water quality standards - Remediation of saline intrusion - Remediation schemes - Artificial recharge techniques - Ground water Pollution and legislation

GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT: Need for management model - database for groundwater management - protection zone delineation groundwater balance. Introduction to groundwater model - Types, model formulation, and boundary conditions - case study.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Todd D. K., "Ground water hydrology", John Wiley & Sons, 3rd Edition , 2005
2. Raghunath H.M., "Ground Water Hydrology", New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 2010.
3. Bouwer H., "Groundwater Hydrology", Tata Mc Graw Hill, Company Ltd, Indian Edition 1978

REFERENCES:

1. Health R. C. and Trainer F.W., "Introduction of Ground water Hydrology", John Wiley and sons, 1985

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in

17CVEC25	PRINCIPLES OF STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS AND SEISMIC DESIGN	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	2	1	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to impart the knowledge about the fundamentals definitions of earthquake, their responses to earthquake, and their application to the design of earthquake resistant structures.

PREREQUISITE

Foundation engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To introduce dynamic loading and the dynamic performance of the structures to the students
2	To understand the different types of dynamic loading.
3	To know the performance of structures under earthquake loading.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Analyze dynamic loading and the dynamic performance of the structures to the students	Analyze
CO2. Analyse different types of dynamic loading	Analyze
CO3. Analyse of the performance of structures under earthquake loading	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	---	M	L	L	--
CO2	S	S	L	L	S	M	L	---	M	M	---	---	L	--	--
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	L	M	L	--	--

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ELEMENTS OF SEISMOLOGY: Elements of Engineering Seismology - Causes of Earthquake – Plate Tectonic theory – Elastic rebound Theory – Characteristic of earthquake – Estimation of earthquake parameters - Magnitude and intensity of earthquakes – Spectral Acceleration

RESPONSE OF STRUCTURES TO EARTHQUAKE: Effect of earthquake on different type of structures – Behaviour of Reinforced Cement Concrete, Steel and Prestressed Concrete Structure under earthquake loading – Evaluation of earthquake forces as per IS:1893 – 2002 - Response Spectra – Lessons learnt from past earthquakes

DESIGN METHODOLOGY : Causes of damage – Planning considerations / Architectural concepts – Guidelines for Earthquake resistant design – Earthquake resistant design for masonry and Reinforced Cement Concrete buildings – Design and detailing as per IS: 13920 – 1993..

SEISMIC HAZARD ANALYSIS: Identification and Evaluation of Earthquake Sources – Geologic Evidence – Tectonic Evidence – Historical Seismicity – Instrumental Seismicity – Deterministic Seismic Hazard Analysis – Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis

SPECIAL PROBLEMS AND CASE STUDIES: Structural Configuration - Seismic performance - Irregular Buildings - Soil performance, Modern Concepts – Base Isolation - Adoptive system - Case studies

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Chopra, A.K., “Dynamics of Structures – Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering”, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
2. Agarwal. P and Shrikhande. M., "Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2007

REFERENCES:

1. Biggs, J.M., “Introduction to Structural Dynamics”, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York, 1964
2. Dowrick, D.J., “Earthquake Resistant Design”, John Wiley & Sons, London, 2009
3. Paz, M. and Leigh. W. “Structural Dynamics – Theory & Computation”, 4th Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Shahdara, Delhi, 2006.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS: Insurance and Bonding – Laws Governing Sale, Purchase and Use of Urban and Rural Land –Land Revenue Codes – Tax Laws – Income Tax, Sales Tax, Excise and Custom Duties and their Influence on Construction Costs – Legal Requirements for Planning – Property Law – Agency Law– Local Government Laws for Approval – Statutory Regulations

LABOUR REGULATION: Social Security – Welfare Legislation – Laws relating to Wages, Bonus and Industrial Disputes, Labour Administration – Insurance and Safety Regulations – Workmen’s Compensation Act –Indian Factory Act – Tamilnadu Factory Act – Child Labour Act - Other Labour Laws.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gajaria G.T., Laws Relating to Building and Engineering Contracts in India,
2. Jimmie Hinze, Construction Contracts, McGraw Hill, 2001.
3. Joseph T. Bockrath, Contracts and the Legal Environment for Engineers and Architects, McGraw Hill, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Kwaku, A., Tenah, P.E. Jose M.Guevara, P.E., Fundamentals of Construction Management and Organisation, Printice Hall, 1985.M.M.Tripathi Private Ltd., Bombay,1982.
2. Patil. B.S, Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates, Universities Press (India) Private Limited, 2006.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in

17CVEC27	TRANSPORT ECONOMICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The purpose of the course is to creates awareness among the engineering students about transport economics.

PREREQUISITE

Highway engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To know the effects of human activities &modern technology on transport
2	To understand the pricing of transport services
3	To know the performance of transport financing.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Analyzing the effects of human activities &modern technology on transport	Analyze
CO2. Analysis of the pricing of transport services	Analyze
CO3. Analysis of the performance of transport financing	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	---	M	---	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	---	M	M	---	---	L	--	--
CO3	S	S	---	L	S	M	---	M	--	M	---	M	L	L	--

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Introduction to Transportation Economics - Purpose and major considerations in Transport economics

Transportation Demand and Supply - Transport Costing: Types of cost and their behavior: direct and indirect; fixed and variable, Treatment of assets and capital depreciation - infrastructure, vehicle/carrying unit and others, Transport costs: Internal and External

PRICING OF TRANSPORT SERVICES: Vehicle operations cost - running cost - pollution cost - value of travel time - road damage cost - congestion cost - accident cost.

ECONOMIC EVALUATION : Economic Evaluation of Highway schemes - Need and Methods of Economic Evaluation - Economic Analysis economic evaluation, economic studies -Transportation plans - Benefit cost method, Net present value method, and internal rate of return method and comparison of various methods.

TRANSPORT FINANCING: Revenue Sources, Expenditure Sources, Traditional Project Delivery Methods , Innovative Financing , Credit financing, Private financing, BOT, BOOT, dedicated road funds, road pricing, tolls, Private provisions, advantages & limitations - Methods for raising funds for maintenance, improvement and expansion of transportation networks: Taxation and user fee, Financing through loans, bonds, PPPs and concessions.

TRANSPORT ECONOMICS: Transport Coordination policies - Objectives and method to achieve coordination among different modes and between private and public undertakings - Case Studies

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kadiyali L.R, “Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning”, 6th Edition, Khanna Technical Publications, 2005.
2. Patrick Mccarthy, Transportation Economics, Blackwell Publishing, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Wohl and Martin, “Traffic System Analysis for Engineering and Planners”, Tata McGraw Hill, 1983.
2. Emile Quinet and Roger Vickerman, Principles of Transportation Economics, Edward Elgar Publishing, 2004

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

SCHEDULING: Preparation of Schedules and Duty Roasters - Earning of Occupancy - Cost of operation - Capital Cost
Accident cost.

TERMINAL: Utility Designs - Fleet Location and Maintenance - Depot Localities - Bus Terminals - Case studies

EVALUATION: Evaluation of Mass transport system - BRTS, MRTS, LRTS, Metro rail and Mono rail.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Hutchinson, Urban Transport Planning, John Wiley, 2006
2. Hay, W.W., An Introduction to Transportation Engineering, 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2001

REFERENCES:

1. Agarwal M.K., "Urban Transportation in India", INAE, Allied Publishers Ltd., 1996.
2. Vuchic V.R., "Urban Public Transportation System and Technology", Prentice Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, 1991.
3. Stubbs P.C et al, "Transport Economics", George Allen and Unwin, Boston, 1984. 6. Stephen Gelaster, "Fundamental of Transport Economics", Basil Black Well, Oxford, 1981

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2.	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CVEC29	WATER RESOURCES SYSTEMS ANALYSIS								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE Focusing on conflict resolution, Water Resources Systems Analysis discusses systematic approaches to the mathematical modeling of various water resources issues, which helps decision-makers allocate water effectively and efficiently. Readers will gain an understanding of simulation, optimization, multi-criterion-decision-making, as well as engineering economics.															
PREREQUISITE Environmental Engineering															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	The student is exposed to different phases in Water Resources Management and National Water Policy														
2	To Learn about knowledge on Reservoir planning														
3	To learn about management and economic analysis including Irrigation .														
4	To Learn about Irrigation management practices.														
5	To understand the concepts of radioisotope and nuclear imaging.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering to solve real world problems.												Analyse			
CO2. An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze, interprets and validate.												Analyze			
CO3. An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, and sustainability.												Apply			
CO4. An ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams.												Apply			
CO5. An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools to real engineering problems.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2.	S	M	L	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3.	S	M	M	S	-	-	L	M	M	-	-	-	-	L	L
CO4.	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	-	-	L
CO5.	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															

SYLLABUS

WATER RESOURCES: Water resources survey – Water resources of India and Tamilnadu – Description of water resources planning – Estimation of water requirements for irrigation and drinking- Single and multipurpose reservoir – Multi objective – Fixation of Storage capacity -Strategies for reservoir operation – Design flood-levees and flood walls.

WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: Economics of water resources planning – National Water Policy – Consumptive and non consumptive water use – Water quality – Scope and aims of master plan – Concept of basin as a unit for development – Water budget - Conjunctive use of surface and ground water.

IRRIGATION ENGINEERING: Need – Merits and Demerits – Duty, Delta and Base period – Irrigation efficiencies – Crops and Seasons – Crop water Requirement – Estimation of Consumptive use of water.

CANAL IRRIGATION: Types of Impounding structures: Gravity dam – Diversion Head works – Canal drop – Cross drainage works – Canal regulations – Canal outlets – Canal lining – Kennady's and Lacey's Regime theory.

IRRIGATION METHODS AND MANAGEMENT: Lift irrigation – Tank irrigation – Well irrigation – Irrigation methods: Surface and Sub-Surface and Micro Irrigation – Merits and demerits – Irrigation scheduling – Water distribution – Participatory irrigation management with a case study.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Linsley R.K. and Franzini J.B, "Water Resources Engineering", McGraw-Hill Inc, 2000.
2. Punmia B.C., et. al; Irrigation and water power Engineering, Laxmi Publications, 16th Edition, New Delhi, 2009
3. Garg S. K., "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures", Khanna Publishers, 23rd Revised Edition, New Delhi, 2009

REFERENCES:

1. Duggal, K.N. and Soni, J.P., "Elements of Water Resources Engineering", New Age International Publishers, 2005
2. Chaturvedi M.C., "Water Resources Systems Planning and Management", Tata McGraw- Hill Inc., New Delhi, 1997

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.S.Monisha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	monisha.civil@avit.ac.in

CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIVE DESIGN: Man and environment interaction- Factors that determine climate – Characteristics of climate types – Design for various climate types – Passive and active energy controls – Green building concept.

IRRIGATION METHODS AND MANAGEMENT: Planning – Definition, concepts and processes- Urban planning standards and zoning regulations - Urban renewal – Conservation – Principles of Landscape design.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pramur. V.S. “Design fundamental in Architecture”, Somaiya Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
2. Muthu Shoba Mohan.G.,”Principles of Architecture”., Oxford University Press., New Delhi, 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Rangwala. S.C. “Town Planning” Charotar Publishing House., Anand, 2005.
2. De Chiara.J., Michael. J. Crosbie.,”Time Saver Standards for Building Types”, McGraw Hill

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVEC31	PAVEMENT ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Transportation is necessary for a nation's growth and development. In fact, it has consumed a considerable portion of human race's time and resources for as long as it has existed. Several factors should be taken into account in a pavement design, for example the traffic flow, the asphalt mixtures materials and also the environmental factor.

PREREQUISITE

Highway Engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To know about Pavement design.
2	To develop skills in conducting analysis of pavements by calculating the response due to vehicular loading
3	To perform design of rigid and flexible pavements based on traffic and environmental factors
4	To develop skills in engineering economics (especially life-cycle cost calculations for alternative designs)
5	To develop basic understanding of the principles of pavement management

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

Co1. Design pavement Structures, counting stress parameters.	Analyse
Co2 . Analyze traffic and geotechnical data from real-life projects and theoretical examples	Apply
Co3. Calculate pavement response using state-of-the-art mechanistic software. Students will also use technology to present their semester design projects.	Apply
Co4. Evaluate pavement for structural performances.	Apply
CO5. The students are tasked with developing pavement designs and then selecting the optimum design based on several factors, including life-cycle cost analysis.	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2.	S	M	L	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-
CO3.	S	M	M	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	S	-
CO4.	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	M	-	L
CO5.	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	M	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

TYPE OF PAVEMENT AND STRESS DISTRIBUTION ON LAYERED SYSTEM: Introduction – Pavement as layered structure – Pavement types rigid and flexible. Resilient modulus - Stress and deflections in pavements under repeated loading.

DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS: Flexible pavement design factors influencing design of flexible pavement, Empirical – Semi empirical and theoretical methods – Design procedure as per IRC guidelines – Design and specification of rural roads.

DESIGN OF RIGID PAVEMENT: Cement concrete pavements factors influencing CC pavements – Modified Westergaard approach – Design procedure as per IRC guidelines – Concrete roads and their scope in India.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND MAINTENANCE: Pavement Evaluation - causes of distress in rigid and flexible pavements – Evaluation based on Surface Appearance, Cracks, Patches and Pot Holes, Undulations, Raveling, Roughness, Skid Resistance. Structural Evaluation by Deflection Measurements - Pavement Serviceability index. - Pavement maintenance (IRC Recommendations only).

STABILIZATION OF PAVEMENTS: Stabilisation with special reference book to highway pavements – Choice of stabilizers –Testing and field control Stabilisation for rural roads in India – use of Geo synthetics in roads.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wright P.H. "Highway Engineers", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 1996.
2. Khanna, S.K., Justo C.E.G. and Veeraragavan. A., "Highway Engineering", Nem Chand and Brothers, 10th Edition, Roorkee, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Wright P.H. "Highway Engineers", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 1996.
2. Khanna, S.K., Justo C.E.G. and Veeraragavan. A., "Highway Engineering", Nem Chand and Brothers, 10th Edition, Roorkee, 2014.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVEC32	STORAGE STRUCTURES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the student to basic theory and concepts of design of storage structures like steel and concrete tanks, bunkers and silos.

PREREQUISITE

Design of Reinforced Concrete elements

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To introduce the student to basic theory and concepts of design of storage structures.
2	To know about Design Concepts of Steel and concrete tanks.
3	To Know about Design Concepts of Bunker and Silos

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. At the end of the course the student shall be able to design concrete and steel material storage structures.	Analyse
CO2 . To Know about Design Procedure as per IRC guide lines	Apply
CO3. To know about scope of concrete road construction in india.	Apply
CO4. To Study about Pavement Maintenance	Apply
CO5. To get the knowledge about the Geo synthetics in roads	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO2.	S	M	L	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-
CO3.	S	M	M	S	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-
CO4.	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	L
CO5.	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

STEEL WATER TANKS: Design of rectangular riveted steel water tank – Tee covers – Plates – Stays – Longitudinal and transverse beams – Design of staging – Base plates – Foundation and anchor bolts – Design of pressed steel water tank – Design of stays – Joints – Design of hemispherical bottom water tank – side plates – Bottom plates – joints – Ring girder – Design of staging and foundation.

CONCRETE WATER TANKS: Design of Circular tanks – Hinged and fixed at the base – IS method of calculating shear forces and moments – Hoop tension – Design of intze tank – Dome – Ring girders – Conical dome – Staging – Bracings – Raft

foundation – Design of rectangular tanks – Approximate methods and IS methods – Design of under ground tanks – Design of base slab and side wall – Check for uplift.

STEEL BUNKERS AND SILOS: Design of square bunker – Jansen’s and Airy’s theories – IS Codal provisions – Design of side plates – Stiffeners – Hooper – Longitudinal beams – Design of cylindrical silo – Side plates – Ring girder – stiffeners.

CONCRETE BUNKERS AND SILOS: Design of square bunker – Side Walls – Hopper bottom – Top and bottom edge beams – Design of cylindrical silo – Wall portion – Design of conical hopper – Ring beam at junction

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE WATER TANKS: Principles of circular prestressing – Design of prestressed concrete circular water tanks

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rajagopalan K., "Storage Structures", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1998.
2. Krishna Raju N., "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design", CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1998.

REFERENCES:

1. Punmia B.C, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun K.Jain, "R.C.C. Designs Reinforced Concrete Structures", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
2. Gambhir.M.L., "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 2012.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.P.S.Aravind Raj	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	aravindraaj.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com

PHOTO ELASTICITY: Principles – Maxwell’s stress optic law – Plane and circularly polarised light and their use in photo elasticity – Polariscopes – Diffusion type, lense type and reflection type polariscopes –Isochromatics and Isoclinics – Model materials – Calibration methods for finding material fringevalue – Model fringe value – Examples of beam flexure and diametrically loaded circular plates.

MODEL ANALYSIS: Direct and indirect models – Laws of structural similitude – Choice of scales – Limitation of model studies - Buckingham piktheorem – Dimensional analysis – Model materials – Begg’s deformeter and its use in model analysis – Simple design of models for direct and indirect model analysis.

BRITTLE COATINGS: Historical review – Stress Coat – Ceramic coatings – Application – Moire fringe method of stress analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. T.K.Roy, "Experimental Analysis of Stress and Strains", S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2000
2. Hetenyi. M., Hand Book of Experimental Stress Analysis, John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 1966

REFERENCES:

1. J.W.Dally and W.F.Riley, "Experimental Stress Analysis", McGraw Hill Book, New York, 1990.
2. L.S. Srinath, "Experimental Stress Analysis", Tata-McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 2001.
3. Sadhu Singh, "Experimental Stress Analysis", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVEC34	SHORING, SCAFFOLDING AND FORM WORK							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE Formwork function Supporting Structure, Scaffolding function for working plate forms arrangement,Shoring function for supporting method for unsafe structure.															
PREREQUISITE Construction materials															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study and understand the overall and detailed planning of formwork, plant and site														
2	To understand the Design and erection of forms for various elements such as slabs, beams, columns, walls, shells and tunnels														
3	To know the latest methods of form construction.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
Co1. To Study the materials associated with formwork												Apply			
Co2 . To Study the design aspects of formwork under various requirements.												Apply			
Co3. To Know the design of forms and shores												Apply			
Co4. To Study the planning and erection aspects of form work for buildings												Apply			
CO5. To Understand few other special types of forms.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	---	-
CO2.	S	M	L	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	--	-
CO3.	S	M	M	S	-	-	L	M	M	-	-	-	--	L	L
CO4.	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	M	--	-
CO5.	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	--	--	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
PLANNING, SITE EQUIPMENT & PLANT FOR FORM WORK: Introduction - Forms for foundations, columns, beams walls etc., General objectives of formwork building - Planning for safety - Development of a Basic System - Key Areas of cost reduction - Planning examples. Overall Planning - Detailed planning - Standard units - Corner units - Pass units - Calculation of labour constants - Formwork hours - Labour Requirement - Overall programme - Detailed programme - Costing - Planning crane arrangements - Site layout plan.															
MATERIALS ACCESSORIES PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS & PRESSURES: Lumber - Types - Finish - Sheathing boards working stresses - Repetitive member stress - Plywood - Types and grades - Jointing Boarding - Textured surfaces and strength - Reconstituted wood - Steel - Aluminum - Hardware and fasteners - Nails in Plywood - Allowable withdrawal															

load and lateral load. Pressures on formwork - Examples - Vertical loads for design of slab forms - Uplift on shores - Laterals loads on slabs and walls.

DESIGN OF FORMS AND SHORES: Basic simplification - Beam formulae - Allowable stresses - Deflection, Bending - Lateral stability - Shear, Bearing - Design of Wall forms - Slab forms - Beam forms - Column forms - Examples in each. Simple wood stresses - Slenderness ratio - Allowable load vs length behaviour of wood shores - Form lining Design Tables for Wall formwork - Slab Formwork - Column Formwork - Slab props - Stacking Towers - Free standing and restrained - Rosett Shoring - Shoring Tower - Heavy Duty props.

BUILDING AND ERECTING THE FORM WORK: Carpentry Shop and job mill - Forms for Footings - Wall footings - Column footings - Sloped footing forms - Strap footing - Stepped footing - Slab form systems - Sky deck and Multiflex - Customized slab table - Standard Table module forms - Swivel head and uniportal head - Assembly sequence - Cycling with lifting fork - Moving with table trolley and table prop. Various causes of failures - ACI - Design deficiencies - Permitted and gradual irregularities.

FORMS FOR DOMES AND TUNNELS, SLIP FORMS AND SCAFFOLDS: Hemispherical, Parabolic, Translational shells - Typical barrel vaults Folded plate roof details - Forms for Thin Shell roof slabs design considerations - Building the forms - Placing concrete - Form removed -Strength requirements -Tunnel forming components - Curb forms invert forms - Arch forms - Concrete placement methods - Cut and cover construction - Bulk head method - Pressures on tunnels - Continuous Advancing Slope method - Form construction - Shafts. Slip Forms.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Austin, C.K., Formwork for Concrete, Cleaver -Hume Press Ltd., London, 1996.
2. Hurd, M.K., Formwork for Concrete, Special Publication No.4, American Concrete Institute, Detroit, 1996

REFERENCES:

1. Austin, C.K., Formwork for Concrete, Cleaver -Hume Press Ltd., London, 1996.
2. Hurd, M.K., Formwork for Concrete, Special Publication No.4, American Concrete Institute, Detroit, 1996
3. Michael P. Hurst, Construction Press, London and New York, 2003. 4. Robert L. Peurifoy and Garold D. Oberlender, Formwork For Concrete Structures, McGraw

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVEC35	MUNICIPAL SOLID AND WASTE MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE Structure is an arrangement and organization of interrelated elements in a material object or system, or the object or system so organized. Material structures include man-made objects such as buildings and machines and natural objects such as biological organisms, minerals and chemicals.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	The on-site/off-site processing of the same and the disposal methods.														
2	The student is expected to know about the various effects and disposal options for the municipal solid waste.														
3	The collection and supply of water														
4	The offsite processing involved in site														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
Co1. To know about the types of waste & Sources													Analyse		
Co2 . To Study the on site Storage & Processing													Apply		
Co3. To study about the collection & transfer the waste													Apply		
Co4. To Study the process of off site processing													Apply		
CO5. To know about the solid waste disposal													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	M
CO2.	S	M	L	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO3.	S	M	M	S	-	-	L	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	M
CO4.	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	-	-	-
CO5.	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	S	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
SOURCES AND TYPES OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTES: Sources and types of solid wastes - Quantity – factors affecting generation of solid wastes; characteristics – methods of sampling and characterization; Effects of improper disposal of solid wastes – public health effects. Principle of solid waste management – social & economic aspects; Public awareness; Role of NGOs; Legislation.															
ON-SITE STORAGE & PROCESSING: On-site storage methods – materials used for containers – on-site segregation of solid wastes – public health & economic aspects of storage – options under Indian conditions – Critical Evaluation of Options.															
COLLECTION AND TRANSFER: Methods of Collection – types of vehicles – Manpower requirement – collection routes; transfer stations – selection of location, operation & maintenance; options under Indian conditions.															

OFF-SITE PROCESSING: Processing techniques and Equipment; Resource recovery from solid wastes – composting, incineration, Pyrolysis - options under Indian conditions.

DISPOSAL: Dumping of solid waste; sanitary landfills – site selection, design and operation of sanitary landfills – Leachate collection & treatment.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. George Tchobanoglous et.al., “Integrated Solid Waste Management”, McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2002.
2. B.Bilitewski, G.HardHe, K.Marek, A.Weissbach, and H.Boeddicker, “Waste Management”, Springer, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. R.E.Landreth and P.A.Rebers, “Municipal Solid Wastes – problems and Solutions”, Lewis Publishers, 1997.
2. Bhide A.D. and Sundaresan, B.B., “Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries”, INSDOC, 1993.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.C.Nivetha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	nivetha.c@avit.ac.in

17CVEC36	WASTE WATER ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The objectives of this course is to help students develop the ability to apply basic understanding of physical, chemical, and biological phenomena for successful design, operation and maintenance of sewage treatment plants..

PREREQUISITE

Environmental Engineering

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To Understand basic concepts in Transmission of water system
2	To Understand the process and Treatment of waste water.
3	To Understand the methods of Sewage Disposal
4	To understand the advances in sewage treatment

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. An ability to estimate sewage generation and design sewer system including sewage pumping stations	Understand
CO2. The required understanding on the characteristics and composition of sewage, self purification of streams	Understand
CO3. An ability to perform basic design of the unit operations and processes that are used in sewage treatment	Apply
CO4. Understand the standard methods for disposal of sewage.	Apply
CO5. Gain knowledge on sludge treatment and disposal.	Understand

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	-	-	M	-	S	S	S	S
CO2	M	M	S	S	M	S	S	-	-	S	-	S	M	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	S	S	S
CO4	M	S	M	M	M	S	S	L	-	-	-	-	M	S	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	-	-	-	M	S	S	S	S

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SEWERAGE SYSTEM: COLLECTION & TRANSMISSION

Sources of wastewater – Quantity of sanitary sewage – Estimation of storm runoff – Wastewater characteristics and significance – Effluent disposal standards – Design of sewers – Computer applications – Laying, jointing and testing of sewers – Sewer appurtenances – Pump selection – Drainage in buildings – Sanitary fixture and fittings – Systems of Sanitary plumbing – House Drainage – House Sewer connection.

SEWAGE TREATMENT – PRIMARY TREATMENT

Objectives – Unit Operations & Processes - Materials for sewers – Layout of wastewater Treatment Plant - Characteristics and composition of sewage – Principles, functions and design of screen, grit chambers and primary sedimentation tanks.

SEWAGE TREATMENT – SECONDARY TREATMENT

Secondary Treatment – Activated Sludge Process and Trickling filter – Stabilisation Ponds and Septic tanks – Advances in Sewage Treatment

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Methods – Dilution – Self purification of surface water bodies – Oxygen sag curve – Land disposal – Sewage farming – Deep well injection – Soil dispersion system – Wastewater reclamation techniques.

SLUDGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

Thickening – Sludge digestion – Biogas recovery – Design of Drying beds – Conditioning and Dewatering – Sludge disposal.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Garg, S.K., Environmental Engineering Vol. II, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Duggal K.N., “Elements of Environmental Engineering” S.Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014.
3. Punmia, B.C., Jain, A.K., and Jain.A.K., Environmental Engineering, Vol.II, Laxmi Publications, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems Part A,B and C, CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi, 2013.
2. Metcalf and Eddy- Wastewater Engineering–Treatment and Reuse, Tata Mc.Graw-Hill Company, New Delhi, 2010.
3. Syed R. Qasim “Wastewater Treatment Plants”, CRC Press, Washington D.C.,2010
4. Gray N.F, “Water Technology”, Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Mrs.S.Monisha	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	monisha.civil@avit.ac.in

17BTEC02	OCEAN SCIENCE							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC (PS)	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
Ocean science deals with the various aspects of marine ecosystem. It gives the basic knowledge about availability of the bio resources and its applications. It also deals with exploration of various culturing techniques of few marine organisms in the laboratory conditions. This study further facilitates the student to understand the economic importance of marine derived products.															
PREREQUISITE - NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To state the art of marine ecosystem and their properties														
2	To describe the about biodiversity in marine environment and their resources														
3	To perform various culture techniques of marine organisms														
4	To develop drug from marine compounds and their economic Values														
5	To assess the human impact on marine environment														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
After the successful completion of the course, learner will be able to															
CO1. Recall the Marine ecosystem sources and their properties													Remember		
CO2. Describe the biodiversity in marine environment													Understand		
CO3. Demonstrate the different culture techniques of marine organisms													Apply		
CO4. Assess the drug developed from natural marine derived compounds													Analyse		
CO5. Examine the human impact on marine environment													Analyse		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO1	PSO	PSO3
CO1	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	-
CO2	L	-	-	L	-	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	M
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	-	M	-	M	L	L	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	L	M	L	-	-	-
CO5	S	L	M	M	M	S	S	M	S	M	M	M	-	M	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION TO MARINE ENVIRONMENT															
Stratification of coastal environment- Bathymetric map, Thermo cline; components of marine ecosystem; Biotic and Abiotic and their interrelationships-Role in food chain, food web ;Tropic systems; Taxonomy of marine flora and fauna; Physico chemical properties of marine water.															
BIODIVERSITY AND BIORESOURCES															
Biodiversity of marine ecosystem – Phytoplankton; Algal bloom; Indicator organisms. Bio-geocycles; Bioresources and their economic importance; Adaptations of flora and fauna in marine & estuarine environment.															
CULTURE TECHNIQUES															
Culture Techniques of microalgae; seaweeds; tiger shrimp; lobsters; Common marine pathogens and symptoms; Transgenesis and cryopreservation.															
ECONOMIC VALUE															
Economic importance of marine products; Economic value - corals, sponges, pearls, oysters, molluscs; Drug development from natural marine derived compounds.															

IMPACTS ON MARINE ENVIRONMENT

Human Impact on Marine Environment – Oil spill, Nuclear reactors, Thermal impact, Bio fouling; Heavy metal pollution.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Milton Fingerman and Rachakonda Nagabhushanam, Recent Advances in Marine Biotechnology (Series) Biomaterials and Bioprocessing, Science Publishers 2009.
2. Proksch and Werner E.G.Muller, Frontiers in Marine Biotechnology. Horizon Bioscience, 2006

REFERENCES:

1. Le Gal, Y.Ulber, marine Biotechnology 1: Advances in Biochemical Engineering/Biotechnology (Series editor: T. Scheper) Springer – Verlag Berlin Heideberg. Vol. 96,97, 2007
2. Mun and Munn, Marine Microbiology Ecology & Applications. BIOS, Scientific Publisher. 1996

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Subbaiya	Associate Professor	Biotechnology	subbaiya@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.N.Jawahar	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	jawahar@vmkvec.edu.in

17BTEC26	ECO FRIENDLY MULTI STOREY BUILDING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC (PS)	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

The built environment is a major source of society's environmental impact, and is a major opportunity to find solutions. Recent attention to "green construction" emerges in many domains including energy systems, water use, construction processes, architectural design, site planning and brownfield development. At present, environmental issues can be considered in seemingly unlimited areas of the design and construction process.

PREREQUISITE –NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To state about the infrastructure providing clean drinking water, clean air to breath and safe building to live in.
2	To explain the students about the threats due to pollution leading to sustainable infrastructure
3	To demonstrate the impact and aspects of green building and Architecture

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Explain the concepts related to pollution problem during construction.	Understand
CO2. Classify the design of system for comfortable living	Understand
CO3. Apply geochemical transport model to maintain the thermodynamics equilibrium and kinetic control.	Apply
CO4. Model the Construction of buildings for economically, environmentally and socially sustainable to future.	Apply
CO5. Analyse the resources and sustainability of construction and green buildings	Analyse

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	L	M	L	S	-	L	-	-	L	M	L	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-
CO3	M	L	M	M	-	-	-	-	M	M	L	L	M	-	-
CO4	L	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	S	L	-	M	-	M	M
CO5	S	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

CONCEPTS OF CONSTRUCTING MULTI STOREY BUILDING

Study of water, soil, air and their related pollution problems in construction. Identification and development of technical solution to solve / control problems- legislative, economic and social concern.

CONCEPT OF HUMAN HABITAT

Design of systems – Living area, ventilation, electrical circuits (less consumption) technologies and structures to suit the growing population for comfortable living.

GEOCHEMICAL ASPECTS OF GREEN BUILDING

Geochemical transport model maintaining thermodynamics equilibrium and kinetic control-Hydrology transfer resources and impact of bioremediation, treatment plant design, problem solving techniques, civil and environmental application of engineering science and creative problems solving methods

ENGINEERING ARCHITECTURE

Impact of architecture, engineering and construction on individuals, communities and nation. Construction of buildings which are economically, environmentally and socially sustainable to future - knowledge, tools and materials that enhance the safety and cost effective

RESOURCES AND SUSTAINABILITY

Environmental chemistry, advanced air and water treatment technologies durability of construction, green building (sustainable buildings). Resource efficient building from planning to design, construction, maintenance, renovation and demolition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Adaptation and mitigation of climate change - Scientific Technical Analysis. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2006
2. Arvind Krishnan et al. – Climate Responsive Architecture, Tata Mcgraw –Hill New Delhi 2001.
3. Sandra Mendler, William Odell, The Guide Book Of Sustainable Design, John Wiley & Sons, 2000.
4. 4. Lawson.B , Bulding Materials, Energy And The Environment; Towards Ecologically Sustainable Development Raia, Act, 1996

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.Vinoth	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	vinogenes@gmail.com
2	Dr. S. Chozhavendhan	Associate Professor	Biotechnology	scvibt@gmail.com
3	Mr.N.Jawahar	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	jawahar@vmkvec.edu.in

17BTEC27	RENEWABLE ENERGY AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC (PS)	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Course provides an introduction to energy systems and renewable energy resources, with a scientific examination of the energy field and an emphasis on alternate energy sources and their technology and application.

PREREQUISITE –NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To list out the explore society's present needs and future energy demands.
2	To explain conventional energy sources and systems, including fossil fuels and nuclear energy.
3	To perform on alternate, renewable energy sources such as solar, biomass (conversions), wind power, geothermal, and hydro.
4	To outline the energy conservation methods will be emphasized.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Relatethe challenges and problems associated with the use of various energy sources, including fossil fuels, with regard to future supply and the environment.	Understand
CO2. Explain remedies/potential solutions to the supply and environmental issues associated with fossil fuels and other energy resources.	Understand
CO3. Identifyand describe the primary renewable energy resources and technologies.	Apply
CO4. Choose the basic electrical concepts and system components.	Apply
CO5. Analyseandquantify energy demands and make comparisons among energy uses, resources, and technologies.	Analyse

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	L	-	L	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	S	S	-	M	S	-	L	-	-	L	M	-	-
CO3	M	L	M	M	-	S	M	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	-
CO4	L	L	L	L	-	L	S	-	-	-	-	M	S	-	-
CO5	S	M	L	L	-	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	M	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PRINCIPLES OF SOLAR RADIATION

Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation, solar radiation on titled surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTION STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS

Flat plate and concentrating collectors, classification of concentrating collectors, orientation and thermal analysis, advanced collectors. Different methods, Sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar Applications- solar heating/cooling technique, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

WIND ENERGY

Sources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics, Betz criteria

BIO-MASS

Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic/aerobic digestion, types of Bio-gas digesters, gas yield, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C. Engine operation and economic aspects.

OCEAN ENERGY AND DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION

OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics. Need for DEC, Carnot cycle, limitations, principles of DEC.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. GD Rai- Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, 2004
2. Twidell & Wier Renewable Energy Resources – 3rd Edition –, CRC Pres, Taylor & Francis, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. D.O.hall and R.P. Overeed - Biomass Renegerable Energy – John Wiley and Sons, New york, 1987.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.Vinoth	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	vinogenes@gmail.com
2	Ms.G.Arthi	Assistant Professor	Biotehnology	arthi@vmkvec.edu.in

ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH PROTECTION

Definition, discipline - epidemiology, toxicology, exposure science, environmental engineering, law. Environmental health profession.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1.Prof. D. Venkat Reddy, NIT-Karnataka, Engineering Geology, Vikas Publishers, 2010 ISBN 978-81259-19032
2. Novice, Robert (editor) (1999-03-29). "Overview of the environment and health in Europe in the 1990s" (PDF). World Health Organization.
3. Neil S. Grigg, P.E.D.WRE, Marvin E. Crisus, P.E.Darrell, G. Fontune, J.Siller. 2001. Civil Engineering practice in twenty first century. ASCE Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1.Legget, Robert F., and Karrow, Paul F., 1983, Handbook of geology in civil engineering: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1,340 pages, 50 chapters, five appendices, 771 illustrations. ISBN 0-07-037061-3
- 2.Price, David George, Engineering Geology: Principles and Practice, Springer, 2008 ISBN 3-540-29249-7

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Subbaiya	Associate Professor	Biotechnology	rsubbaiya80@gmail.com
2	Mrs.R.Subashini	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	subashini@vmkvec.edu.in

1. J.M.Berg, J.L.Tymoczko and L.Stryer. Biochemistry, W.H Freeman publication.
2. Student Companion to accompany Biochemistry, Fifth Edition-Richard I. Gum port.
3. Frank H.Deis, Nancy Count Gerber, Roger E.Koepe, 2 Molecular motors

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Albert's, 2003, Molecular Biology of the cell
2. Lodish, 2004, Molecular cell Biology

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Deepapriya	Assistant Professor	Biotechnology	deepapriya21@gmail.com
2	Dr M.Sridevi	Professor & Head	Biotechnology	sridevi@vkvec.edu.in

17CSEC06	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK	Category	L	T	P	Credit
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				SECURITY								EC		3		0		0		3	
PREAMBLE																					
To understand the concepts in cryptography and network security and their applications in real time																					
PREREQUISITE																					
NIL																					
COURSE OBJECTIVES																					
1		To understand the basic concepts in understanding cryptography and network security																			
2		To know about various encryption techniques.																			
3		To understand the concept of Public key cryptography.																			
4		To study about message authentication and hash functions																			
5		To impart knowledge on Network security																			
COURSE OUTCOMES																					
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to																					
CO1: Classify the symmetric encryption techniques														Understand							
CO2: Illustrate various Public key cryptographic techniques														Apply							
CO3: Evaluate the authentication and hash algorithms.														Apply							
CO4: Discuss authentication applications														Apply							
CO5: Summarize the intrusion detection and its solutions to overcome the attacks.														Analyze							
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES																					
COs		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3					
CO1		S	M	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-	-					
CO2		S	M	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	-					
CO3		S	M	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M	-					
CO4		S	M	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	M					
CO5		S	L	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	M					
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low																					
SYLLABUS																					
INTRODUCTION																					
Security trends – Attacks and services – Classical crypto systems – Different types of ciphers – LFSR sequences – Basic Number theory – Congruences – Chinese Remainder theorem – Modular exponentiation – Fermat and Euler's theorem – Legendre and Jacobi symbols – Finite fields – continued fractions.																					
METHODS																					
Simple DES – Differential cryptanalysis – DES – Modes of operation – Triple DES –AES – RC4 – RSA – Attacks – Primality test – factoring																					
TECHNIQUES																					
Discrete Logarithms – Computing discrete logs – Diffie-Hellman key exchange –ElGamal Public key cryptosystems – Hash functions – Secure Hash – Birthday attacks -MD5 – Digital signatures – RSA – ElGamal – DSA.																					
AUTHENTICATION																					
Authentication applications – Kerberos, X.509, PKI – Electronic Mail security – PGP,S/MIME – IP security – Web Security – SSL, TLS, SET.																					
SECURITY AND FIREWALLS																					
System security – Intruders – Malicious software – viruses – Firewalls – Security Standards																					
TEXT BOOKS																					
1. Dr. S. Bose and Dr.P. Vijayakumar, “Cryptography and Network Security”, First Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.																					
2. Wade Trappe, Lawrence C Washington, “Introduction to Cryptography with coding theory”, 2nd ed, Pearson, 2007.																					
3. William Stallings, “Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices”, Pearson/PHI, 6th edition, 2013.																					
REFERENCES																					
1. W. Mao, “Modern Cryptography – Theory and Practice”, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2007.																					
2. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger – Security in computing Third Edition –Prentice Hall of India, 2006.																					

COURSE DESIGNERS				
S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.R.Jaichandran	Associate Professor	CSE	rjaichandran@avit.ac.in
2	Dr.K.Sasikala	Associate Professor	CSE	sasikala@vmkvec.edu.in

17CSCC19	INTRERNET OF THINGS								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE To study and understand the technologies involved in Internet of Things (IoT) and apply them practically..															
PREREQUISITE: Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand the basic concepts of IOT														
2	To study the methodology of IOT														
3	To Develop IOT applications using Raspberry PI														
4	To Develop IOT applications using Arduino and Intel Edison														
5	To apply cloud concepts in IOT														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Able to understand basics in IOT														Understand	
CO2: Able to understand Methodology in IOT														Apply	
CO3: Able to design IOT applications using Raspberry														Analyze	
CO4: Able to design IOT applications using Aurdino and Intel Edison														Analyze	
CO5: Able to apply Cloud computing in IOT														Apply	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	P O1	PO 2	PO 3	P O4	P O5	PO 6	PO 7	PO8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO2	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO3	M	M	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION Introduction-Characteristics-Physical design - Protocols – Logical design – Enabling technologies – IoT Levels – Domain Specific IoTs – IoT vs M2M.															
IOT METHODOLOGY IoT systems management – IoT Design Methodology – Specifications Integration and Application Development															
IOT WITH RASPBERRY Basics of Raspberry PI, Physical device – Raspberry Pi Interfaces – Programming – APIs / Packages – Web services															
IOT WITH AURDINO AND INTEL EDISON															

APPLICATIONS

Real time applications of IoT- Connecting IoT to cloud – Cloud Storage for Iot – Data Analytics for IoT – Software & Management Tools for IoT.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, “Internet of Things – A hands-on approach”, Universities Press, 2015.
2. Manoel Carlos Ramon, “Intel® Galileo and Intel® Galileo Gen 2: API Features and Arduino Projects for Linux Programmers”, Apress, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Marco Schwartz, “Internet of Things with the Arduino Yun”, Packt Publishing, 2014

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr.R.Jaichandran	Assistant professor G-II	CSE	rjaichandran@avit.ac.in
2.	Dr.M. Nithya	Professor	CSE	nithya@vmkv@edu.in

		Category	L	T	P	Credit
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17CSCC17	CYBER SECURITY									CC	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE															
To understand the need for Cyber Security in real time and to study techniques involved in it.															
PREREQUISITE : NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1.To understand the fundamentals of Cyber Security															
2.To study various attacking techniques															
3.To apply exploitation in cyber space															
4.To study about Malicious codes															
5.Defending against cyber attacks															
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Able to Understand basics in cyber security												Understand			
CO2: Able to apply attackers techniques in real time												Apply			
CO3: Able to apply exploitation in web applications												Apply			
CO4: Able to understand and apply malicious in networks.												Apply			
CO5: Able to apply defense and analysis techniques in real time												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO2	M	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M
CO3	M	M	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M
CO4	S	M	M	M		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
INTRODUCTION															
Network and security concepts – basic cryptography – Symmetric encryption – Public key Encryption – DNS – Firewalls – Virtualization – Radio Frequency Identification – Microsoft Windows security Principles.															
ATTACKER TECHNIQUES															
Antiforensics – Tunneling techniques – Fraud Techniques - Threat Infrastructure.															
EXPLOITATION															
Techniques to gain a foot hold – Misdirection, Reconnaissance, and disruption methods.															
MALICIOUS CODE															
Self Replication Malicious code – Evading Detection and Elevating privileges – Stealing Information and Exploitation.															
DEFENSE AND ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES															
Memory Forensics – Honeypots – Malicious code naming – Automated malicious code analysis systems – Intrusion detection systems – Defense special file investigation tools.															

TEXT BOOKS

1. James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Olson, “Cyber Security Essentials”, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2011.
2. By Dan Shoemaker, Ph.D., William Arthur Conklin, Wm Arthur Conklin, “Cyber security: The Essential Body of Knowledge”, Cengage Learning, 2012.

REFERENCES

- 1.. Ali Jahangiri, “Live Hacking: The Ultimate Guide to hacking Techniques & Counter measures for Ethical Hackers & IT Security Experts”, 2009.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1.	Dr.R.Jaichandran	Assistant professor G-II	CSE	rjaichandran@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr. B. Sundharamurthy	Assistant Professor	CSE	sundharamurthy@vmkvec.edu.in

17CSEC11	GREEN COMPUTING									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										EC	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE To acquire knowledge to adopt green computing practices and To learn about energy saving practices															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To acquire knowledge to adopt green computing practices														
2	To minimize negative impacts on the environment														
3	To learn about energy saving practices														
4	To learn about green compliance. And implementation using IT														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Explain the significance knowledge to adopt green computing practices												Understand			
CO2: Design and develop the green asset used to minimize negative impacts on the environment												Apply			
CO3: Identify an appropriate cooling technologies and infrastructure for optimizing the cost of data center operations												Apply			
CO4: Make use of an knowledge about energy saving practices ,the impact of e-waste and carbon waste												Apply			
CO5: Analyze about green compliance, implementation using IT and derive the case study.												Analyze			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	S	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S
CO2	S	S	M	-	L	-	S	S	-	M	-	M	-	-	S
CO3	S	M	M	-	-	M	S	M	-	-	-	-	M	M	M
CO4	S	S	-	-	-	-	S	S	-	M	-	M	-	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	S	M	-	M	-	M	S	-	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS FUNDAMENTALS Green IT Fundamentals: Business, IT, and the Environment – Benefits of a Green Data Centre - Green Computing:Carbon Foot Print, Scoop on Power–GreenITStrategies: Drivers, Dimensions, and Goals – Environmentally Responsible Business: Policies, Practices, and Metrics. GREEN ASSETS AND MODELING Green Assets: Buildings, Data Centres, Networks, Devices, Computer and Earth Friendly peripherals, Greening Mobile devices – Green Business Process Management: Modelling, Optimization, and Collaboration – Green Enterprise Architecture – Environmental Intelligence – Green Supply Chains – Green Information Systems: Design and Development Models. GRID FRAMEWORK Virtualizing of IT Systems – Role of Electric Utilities, Telecommuting, Teleconferencing and Teleporting – Materials Recycling – Best Ways for Green PC – Green Data Center – Green Grid Framework. Optimizing Computer Power Management, Systems Seamless Sharing Across. Collaborating and Cloud Computing, Virtual Presence. GREEN COMPLIANCE Socio-Cultural Aspects of Green IT – Green Enterprise Transformation Roadmap – Green Compliance: Protocols, Standards, And Audits – Emergent Carbon Issues: Technologies and Future. Best Ways to Make Computer Greener. GREEN INITIATIVES WITH IT and CASE STUDIES Green Initiative Drivers and Benefits with IT - Resources and Offerings to Assist Green Initiatives. - Green Initiative															

Strategy with IT - Green Initiative Planning with IT - Green Initiative Implementation with IT - Green Initiative Assessment with IT. The Environmentally Responsible Business Strategies (ERBS) – Case Study Scenarios for Trial Runs – Case Studies – Applying Green IT Strategies and Applications to a Home, Hospital, Packaging Industry and Telecom Sector.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bhuvan Unhelkar, —Green IT Strategies and Applications-Using Environmental Intelligence, CRC Press, June 2011
2. Carl Speshocky, —Empowering Green Initiatives with IT, John Wiley and Sons, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. Alin Gales, Michael Schaefer, Mike Ebberts, —Green Data Center: Steps for the Journey, Shoff/IBM rebook, 2011.
2. John Lamb, —The Greening of IT, Pearson Education, 2009.
3. Jason Harris, —Green Computing and Green IT- Best Practices on Regulations and Industry, Lulu.com, 2008.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	K.Karthik	Associate Professor	CSE	karthik@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.T.Narmadha	Assistant Professor	CSE	narmadha@vmkvec.edu.in

-17CSEC34	WEB DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To understand and learn the scripting languages with design of web applications. and maintenance and evaluation of web design management.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To introduce the student to the tools and facilities of web design
2	To understand and learn the scripting languages with design of web applications
3	To learn the maintenance and evaluation of Web design/development process, with Macromedia Dreamweaver as the primary Web development tool
4	Topics covered include basic and enhanced site structure, local and remote site management, and optimization of Web graphics

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Apply an Information Architecture document for a web site.	Apply
CO2: Construct a web site that conforms to the web standards of today and includes e-commerce and web marketing	Analyze
CO3: Perform regular web site maintenance (test, repair and change).	Analyze
CO4: Understand the principles of various process of Project management	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	M
CO2	S	M	M	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	M	M	M
CO3	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	M	-	-
CO4	S	M	S	-	M	-	-	M	-	-	S	M	-	M	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

SITE ORGANIZATION AND NAVIGATION

User Centered Design–Web Medium–Web Design Process–Basics of Web Design –Introduction to Software used for Web Design – ADOBE IMAGE READY, DREAM WEAVER, FLASH – Evaluating Process – Site Types and Architectures – Navigation Theory – Basic Navigation Practices – Search – Sitemaps.

ELEMENTS OF PAGEDESIGN

Browser Compatible Design Issues-Pages and Layout – Templates – Text – Color – Images – Graphics and Multimedia – GUI Widgets and Forms – Web Design Patterns – STATIC pages: Slice– URL in ADOBE IMAGE READY. Creation and Editing of site map – Layer, Tables, Frame set, - CSS style – Forms –Tools like Insert, Rollover etc., in DREAM WEAVER

SCRIPTING LANGUAGES AND ANIMATION USING FLASH

Client side scripting :XHTML – DHTML – JavaScript – XML Server Side Scripting: Perl–PHP– ASP/JSP Designing a Simple Web Application - Introduction to MACROMEDIA FLASH, Importing Other File Formats to Flash – Saving and Exporting Flash Files, Frame by Frame Animation–Motion Tweening – Shape Tweening.

PRE-PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT

Principles of Project Management – Web Project Method – Project Road Map – Project Clarification – Solution Definition – Project Specification – Content – Writing and Managing Content.

PRODUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND EVALUATION

Design and Construction – Testing, Launch and Handover – Maintenance – Review and Evaluation – Case Study: Using the Skills and Concepts Learn with the ADOBE IMAGE READY, DREAM WEAVER, FLASH, and Scripts, Develop Portfolios in the Form of Web Pages which have to be uploaded in Free Public Domain.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1.Themas A. Powell, —The Complete Reference–Web Designll, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2003.
- 2.Ashley Friedlein, —Web Project Managementll, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2001.

3.H.M. Deitel, P.J. Deitel, A.B. Goldberg, —Internet and World Wide Web – How to Program, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES

1.Joel Sklar, —Principles of Web Design, Thomson Learning, 2001.

2.Van Duyne, Landay and Hong, —The Design of Sites: Patterns for Creating Winning Websites, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.

3.Lynch, Horton and Rosenfeld, —Web Style Guide: Basic Design Principles for Creating Websites, Second Edition, Yale University Press, 2002.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	K.Karthik	Assistant Professor	CSE	karthik@avit.ac.in
2	R.Bharanidharan	Professor	CSE	bharanidharan@vmkvec.edu.in

BIOMEMS

Introduction to BioMEMS, BioMEMS for Clinical Monitoring, Lab on a chip, DNA Sensors, E-Nose, E-Tongue, Microsystem approaches to PCR, MEMS based Implantable Drug Delivery System, Emerging, BioMEMS Technology.

BIOMEDICAL NANOTECHNOLOGY

Introduction to nanoscale phenomena, Nanoparticles - Nanomaterial characterization – XRD,SAXS,TEM,SEM, Scanning Tunneling microscopy, AFM, SPM technique, Biomolecular sensing for cancer diagnostics using carbon nanotubes, Carbon nanotube biosensors, Magnetic nanoparticles for MRI imaging, Nano-devices in biomedical applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Tai-Ran Hsu, “**MEMS & Microsystems- Design, Manufacture and Nanoscale Engineering**”, John Wiley & Sons, 2nd Edition, 2008.
2. Nitaigour Premch and Mahalik, “**MEMS**”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Reprint 2008.
3. Wanjun Wang & Steven A. Soper, “**BioMEMS – Technologies and applications**”, CRC Press, First Edition 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Steven S. Saliterman, “**Fundamentals of BioMEMS & Medical Microdevices**”, International Society for Optical Engineering, 1st Edition 2006.
2. Gerald A Urban, “**BioMEMS**”, Springer, 1st Edition 2006.
3. Abraham P. Lee and James L. Lee, “**BioMEMS and Biomedical Nanotechnology**”, Volume-I, Springer, 1st Edition, 2006.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. M.Ravindiran	Professor & Head	BME	ravindiran@avit.ac.in
2	Mr. R. Ezhilan	Assistant Professor	BME	ezhilan@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Mr.S.Kannan	Assistant Professor	BME	kannan@vmkvec.edu.in

17BMEC12	HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
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HOSPITAL INFECTION CONTROL

Importance of infection control – hand hygiene – aseptic techniques – isolation precautions – disinfection and Sterilization – clinical laboratory standards to infection control – health care workers safety.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kunders G D, “**Biomechanics: Hospitals, facilities planning and management**”, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2008.
2. Sakharkar B M, “**Principles of hospital administration and planning**”, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt. Limited, 2nd Edition, 2009.

REFERENCE:

1. Sanjiv Singh, Sakthikumar Gupta, Sunil Kant, “**Hospital infection control guidelines, principles and practice**”, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt Limited, 1st Edition, 2012.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs. S.Vaishnodevi	Assistant Professor	BME	vaishnodevi@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. R.Ezhilan	Assistant Professor	BME	ezhilan@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Ms.S.Mythrehi	Assistant Professor (G-I)	BME	mythrehi@avit.ac.in

17BMEC20	HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS										Category	L	T	P	Credit
											EC-PS	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE With an objective of imbibing a professional approach amongst students towards hospital management. The subject encompasses management principles, staffing and marketing processes, discussing their significance and role in effective and efficient management of health care organizations.															
PREREQUISITE:NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand the hospital information system and supporting service.														
2	To study the hospital management information systems.														
3	To know about the concepts of staffing process.														
4	To study the concept of marketing and management.														
5	To plan the maintenance of records in the other supportive departments of hospital.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Explain the information system of hospital & supporting service.													Understand		
CO3. Discuss the various concept of staffing process.													Understand		
CO4. Describe the concept of marketing and management.													Understand		
CO5. Utilize computer to maintenance of records in the other supportive departments of hospital.													Apply		
CO2. Analyze the principle of hospital management.													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	L	--	--	M	M	S	S
CO2	M	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	L	--	--	M	--	--	--
CO3	M	--	--	--	-	L	--	--	L	--	--	M	--	--	--
CO4	S	L	--	--	--	M	--	--	L	--	--	M	M	M	S
CO5	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	L	--	--	M	M	S	S
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															

SYLLABUS

HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS & SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

Management Decisions and Related Information Requirement - Clinical Information Systems - Administrative Information Systems - Support Service Technical Information Systems – Medical Transcription, Medical Records Department – Central Sterilization and Supply Department – Pharmacy – Food Services - Laundry Services.

PRINCIPLE OF HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT

Importance of management and Hospital, Management control systems. Forecasting techniques decision - making process.

STAFFING

Staffing pattern in hospitals, Selection, Recruiting process, Training of staff, Organizational structures, Career development

MARKETING AND MANAGEMENT

Basic concepts marketing, Principles of social marketing, Social marketing in health sector, Consumer behavior and research health, Advertising in Health Sector, Relevance of e-marketing of Health care services

COMPUTER IN HOSPITAL

System Development life cycle, Reasons to use computers in hospital, main categories of information systems in hospitals

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Goyal R.C., “**Human Resource Management in Hospital**”, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000.
2. G.D.Kunders, “**Hospitals – Facilities Planning and Management**” – TMH, New Delhi – Fifth Reprint 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Nauhria R.N. and Rajnish Prakash, “**Management & systems**”, New Delhi Wheeler publishing, 1995.
2. Koontz, “**Essentials of Management**”, McGraw Hill, 1995.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr. R. Ezhilan	Assistant Professor	BME	ezhilan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.R.Sandhiya	Assistant Professor (Gr-I)	BME	sandhiya@avit.ac.in

17BMEC05	HOME MEDICARE TECHNOLOGY	Category	L	T	P	Credit
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		EC-PS	3	0	0	3									
PREAMBLE															
The purpose of the course on home medicare technology for biomedical engineering students is to outline the health care that can be made available at home along with recent digital and tele-health technologies.															
PREREQUISITE – NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To introduce the biomedical instruments that can be used at home.														
2	To understand the skills required for home medicare for the elderly and the children.														
3	To emphasize the need for home medicare system.														
4	To learn the advances in healthcare technologies and wireless technology related to healthcare system.														
5	To provide the advance medical technology in home medicare.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Describe the biomedical instruments that can be used at home.						Understand									
CO2. Examine the healthcare technologies and wireless technology.						Apply									
CO3. Analyze the skills required for home medicare for the elderly and the children.						Analyze									
CO4. Summarize the organization and the need for home medicare system.						Evaluate									
CO5. Develop the digital technical advancements with home medicare.						Create									
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	L	L	--	--	--	L	--	--	--	M	--	--	M
CO2	S	M	M	L	L	--	--	M	L	L	--	M	--	--	M
CO3	S	S	M	M	L	M	--	M	M	M	--	S	M	M	M
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	S	--	S	S	M	--	S	M	M	M
CO5	S	S	S	S	M	S	--	S	S	M	--	S	M	S	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION TO HOME MEDICARE															
Home health care, purpose, legal and ethical aspects, Organization of homecare system, Historical development of home care, Environmental influences on home care, Home care organization, Home care nursing practice, Role of home care nurse and orientation strategies, Infection control in home, Patient education in home.															
WORKING WITH USERS															
Basic human needs, communication and interpersonal skills, Caregiver observation, recording and reporting, confidentiality, Working with elderly, aged, Working with children, need for home care, Mobility transfers and ambulation, range of motion exercises, Skin care and comfort.															
MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS AND DEVICES AT HOME															
Medical devices at home and its implementation, Scope of market for home medical devices, Unique challenges to the design & implementation of hightech home care devices, Infant monitors, Medical alert services, Activity monitors.															
DIGITAL HOME CARE															

Video communication to support care delivery to independently living seniors, Establishing an infrastructure for telecare, Implementation of mobile computing in home care programs, Home medicare management by videophone, Continuous home care through wireless bio-signal monitoring system.

ADVANCES IN MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIES

Dynamic configuration of home services, Personalized ambient monitoring, Support for mental health at home, Multi model interaction and technologies for care at home, User centered design of technologies to support care at home.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Robyn Rice, “**Home care nursing practice: Concepts and Application**”, Elsevier, 4th Edition, 2006.
2. Lodewijk Bos, “**Handbook of Digital Homecare: Successes and Failures**”, Vol.3, Springer, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Yadin David, Wolf W. von Maltzahn, Michael R. Neuman, Joseph.D,Bronzino, “**Clinical Engineering**”, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2010.
2. KenethJ. Tumer, “**Advances in home care technologies**”, AT research series, Vol 31, 1st Edition, IOS press, 2012.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.S.Vaishnodevi	Assistant Professor	BME	vaishnodevi@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.S.Mythrehi	Assistant Professor (G-I)	BME	mythrehi@avit.ac.in

17BMEC10	BODY AREA NETWORKS AND MOBILE HEALTHCARE								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC-PS	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE To enable the students to gain knowledge in various aspects of BAN related to health and the techniques to apply these in proper health care delivery.															
PRERQUISITE – NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To Learn about body area network.														
2	To study the different BAN hardware related to it.														
3	To Provide knowledge in the applications of Body Area Networks.														
4	To study the concept of telemedicine.														
5	To Provide knowledge in the applications of Telemedicine.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Explain about concept of Body Area Network.													Understand		
CO2. Describe about fundamentals of telemedicine.													Understand		
CO3. Illustrate the applications of telemedicine & BAN in health care.													Apply		
CO4. Analyze the Hardware for BAN in physiological system.													Analyze		
CO5. Compare BAN and telemedicine.													Evaluate		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	--
CO2	M	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	M
CO3	S	M	L	L	L	M	--	--	--	L	--	M	M	--	M
CO4	S	M	L	L	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	M
CO5	S	S	L	L	M	S	--	S	M	M	M	M	--	M	S
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION

Definition, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges – Sensor design, biocompatibility, Energy Supply, optimal node placement.

HARDWARE FOR BAN

Processor – Low Power MCUs, Mobile Computing MCUs, Integrated processor with radio transceiver, Memory, Antenna – nodes.

APPLICATIONS OF BAN

Monitoring patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, Cardiac arrhythmias monitoring, Multi patient monitoring.

FUNDAMENTALS OF TELEMEDICINE

History of telemedicine, definition of telemedicine, tele-health, tele-care, scope, Telemedicine Systems, benefits & limitations.

APPLICATIONS OF TELEMEDICINE

Teleradiology, telepathology, telecardiology, teleoncology, teledermatology, telesurgery, e Health and Cyber Medicine.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Annalisa Bonfiglio, Danilo De Rossi, **"Wearable Monitoring Systems"**, Springer, 2011.
2. Norris A C, **"Essentials of Telemedicine and Telecare"**, John Wiley, New York, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Zhang, Yuan-Ting, **“Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems”**, Springer, 2013.
2. H K Huang, **“PACS and Imaging Informatics: Basic Principles and Applications”**, Wiley, New Jersey, 2010.
3. Guang-Zhong Yang (Ed.), **“Body Sensor Networks”**, Springer, 2006.
4. Mehmet R. Yuce, Jamil Y. Khan, **“Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation, and applications”**, Pa
5. Khandpur R S, **“Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation”**, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	
1	Mr.S.Kannan	Assistant Professor	BME	kannan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Ms.B.Farhana Ansoor	Assistant Professor (G-I)	BME	farhanaansoor@avit.ac.in

17ATEC04	SPECIAL TYPES OF VEHICLES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE This course reviews the fundamental concepts of earth moving equipments, power train concepts, sub systems of special types of vehicles, farm equipment, military and combat vehicles and special purpose vehicles for industrial applications.						
PREREQUISITE: Nil						

COURSE OBJECTIVES	
1	To learn the detailed study of earth moving and constructional equipments
2	To learn the detailed study of power train concepts
3	To learn the detailed study of sub systems of special types of vehicles
4	To learn the detailed study of farm equipments, military and combat vehicles
5	To learn of detailed study of special purpose vehicles for industrial applications

COURSE OUTCOMES	
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On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand earth moving and constructional equipments	Understand
CO2: Know the power train concepts	Understand
CO3: Know the sub systems of special types of vehicles	Understand
CO4: Use farm equipments, military and combat vehicles	Apply
CO5: Use special purpose vehicles for industrial applications	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO2	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO3	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO4	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO5	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

CLASSIFICATION AND REQUIREMENTS OF OFF ROAD VEHICLES

Construction layout, capacity and applications. Power Plants, Chassis and Transmission, Multivalve vehicles.

EARTH MOVING MACHINES

Earthmovers like dumpers, loaders - single bucket, Multi bucket and rotary types- bulldozers, excavators, backhoe loaders, scrappers, drag and self powered types, Bush cutters, stumpers, tree dozer, rippers etc. – Power and capacity of earthmoving machines.

SCRAPPERS, GRADERS, SHOVELS AND DITCHERS

Scrapers, elevating graders, motor graders, self powered scrapers and graders, Power shovel, revolving and stripper shovels – drag lines – ditchers – capacity of shovels.

FARM EQUIPMENTS, MILITARY AND COMBAT VEHICLES

Power take off, special implements. Special features and constructional details of tankers, gun carriers and transport vehicles.

VEHICLE SYSTEMS, FEATURES

Brake system and actuation – OCDB and dry disc caliper brakes. Body hoist and bucket operational hydraulics. Hydro-pneumatic suspension cylinders. Power steering system. Kinematics for loader and bulldozer operational linkages. Safety features, safe warning system for dumper. Design aspects on dumper body, loader bucket and water tank of sprinkler.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Off the road wheeled and combined traction devices – Ash gate Publishing Co.Ltd. 1988

2. Satyanarayana. B., Construction planning and equipment, standard publishers and distributors, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Abrosimov.K. Branberg.A and Katayer.K, Road making machinery, MIR Publishers, Moscow, 1971.

2. Bart H Vanderveen, Tanks and Transport vehicles, Frederic Warne and Co Ltd., London.

3. Nakra C.P., “Farm machines and equipments” Dhanparai Publishing company Pvt. Ltd.

Robert L Peurifoy, “Construction, planning, equipment and methods” Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department/College	Mail ID
1	T.Raja	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	rajat@vmkvec.edu.in
2	R. Prabhakar	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	prabhakar@vmkvec.edu.in
3	M.Saravana Kumar	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	saravanakumar@avit.ac.in
4	B. Samuvel Michael	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	samuvelmichael@avit.ac.in

17ATEC06	AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE To study and purpose is to understand Automotive Safety.						
PREREQUISITE: Nil						
COURSE OBJECTIVES						

1	To understand the Safety Systems														
2	To understand the Safety Concepts.														
3	To understand the Safety Equipments														
4	To understand the Collision Warning and Avoidance														
5	To understand the Comfort and Convenience System Standards														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: To understand about vehicle safety while running													Understand		
CO2: To understand about the vehicle operating system													Understand		
CO3: To learn about how to handle the safety equipment's in vehicle													Understand		
CO4: How to drive the vehicle in safety method and avoid the accidents													Apply		
CO5: To learn about how to use the modern technology in vehicle													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO2	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO3	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO4	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO5	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION															
Design of the body for safety, energy equation, engine location, deceleration of vehicle inside passenger compartment, deceleration on impact with stationary and movable obstacle, concept of crumple zone															
SAFETY CONCEPTS															
Active safety: driving safety, conditional safety, perceptibility safety, operating safety, passive safety: exterior safety, interior safety, deformation behavior of vehicle body, speed and acceleration characteristics of passenger compartment on impact															
SAFETY EQUIPMENTS															
Seat belt, regulations, automatic seat belt tightener system, collapsible steering column, tilttable steering wheel, air bags, electronic system for activating air bags, bumper design for safety															
COLLISION WARNING AND AVOIDANCE															
Collision warning system, causes of rear end collision, frontal object detection, rear vehicle object detection system, object detection system with braking system interactions															
COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE SYSTEM															
Steering and mirror adjustment, central locking system, Garage door opening system, tyre pressure control system, rain sensor system, environment information system															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Bosch, "Automotive Handbook", 8th Edition, SAE publication, 2011.															
2. Powloski. J., "Vehicle Body Engineering", Business books limited, London, 1969.															
REFERENCE BOOKS:															
Ronald.K.Jurgen, "Automotive Electronics Handbook", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill Inc.,															

MaheswarDayal, " Energy today & tomorrow ", I & B Horishr India, 1982

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. " Alcohols and motor fuels progress in technology ", Series No.19, SAE Publication USA 1980.
2. SAE Paper Nos. 840367, 841156, 841333, 841334.
3. " The properties and performance of modern alternate fuels " - SAE Paper No.841210.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department/College	Mail ID
1	T.Raja	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	rajat@vmkvec.edu.in
2	R. Prabhakar	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	prabhakar@vmkvec.edu.in
3	M.Saravana Kumar	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	saravanakumar@avit.ac.in
4	B. Samuvel Michael	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	samuvelmichael@avit.ac.in

17ATEC15	VEHICLE TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	C
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		EC(PS)	3	0	0	3									
PREAMBLE															
This course reviews the methods of training and training procedure in the transport management, scheduling and fare structure of various public and private and state government undertaking vehicles , maintenance and motor vehicle act															
PREREQUISITE: Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study the various test of selection processes and personal management														
2	To learn the various transport system														
3	To learn the various fare collecting methods and problems on scheduling														
4	To study the Motor vehicle Act of India														
5	To study the maintenance of transport industry and design of Bus depot layout														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Apply the personal management and training for selection processes						Understand									
CO2; Understand the various division of transport management						Apply									
CO3: Construct table for various fare collecting methods and apply it						Apply									
CO4: Know the motor vehicle Act of India						Apply									
CO5: Apply the maintenance system of transport						Apply									
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO2	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO3	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO4	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO5	S	S	S	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION															
Personnel management; objectives and functions of personnel management, psychology, sociology and their relevance to organization, personality problems. Selection process: job description, employment tests, interviewing, introduction to training objectives, advantages, methods of training, training procedure, psychological tests..															
TRANSPORT SYSTEMS															
Introduction to various transport systems. Advantages of motor transport. Principal function of administrative, traffic, secretarial and engineering divisions. Chain of responsibility forms of ownership by state, municipality, public body and private undertakings															
SCHEDULING AND FARE STRUCTURE															
Principal features of operating costs for transport vehicles with examples of estimating the costs. Fare structure and method of drawing up of a fare table. Various types of fare collecting methods. Basic factors of bus scheduling. Problems on bus scheduling															
MOTOR VEHICLE ACT															

Traffic signs, fitness certificate, registration requirements, permit insurance, constructional regulations, description of vehicle-tankers, tippers, delivery vans, recovery vans, Power wagons and fire fighting vehicles. Spread over, running time, test for competence to drive.

MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance system in transport industry, tyre maintenance procedures. Causes for uneven tyre wear; remedies, maintenance procedure for better fuel economy, Design of bus depot layout.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John Duke, "Fleet Management", McGraw-Hill Co, USA, 1984.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Government Motor Vehicle Act, Publication on latest act to be used as on date.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department/College	Mail ID
1	T.Raja	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	rajat@vmkvec.edu.in
2	R. Prabhakar	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	prabhakar@vmkvec.edu.in
3	M.Saravana Kumar	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	saravanakumar@avit.ac.in
4	B. Samuvel Michael	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	samuvelmichael@avit.ac.in

17ATEC17	VEHICLE AIR-CONDITIONING	Category	L	T	P	C
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		EC(PS)	3	0	0	3									
PREAMBLE To teach the students about the vehicle air-conditioning															
PREREQUISITE: Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	Understand the principles and applications of Air conditioning systems.														
2	To understand the air conditioner – heating system.														
3	To understands the properties of air conditioning coolant.														
4	To study about air routing and temperature control														
5	To study heater- air conditioner trouble shooting &service														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Gain knowledge about various air conditioning systems						Understand									
CO2: Gain the knowledge of cooling and heating loads in an air-conditioning system						Understand									
CO3: Evaluate the diagnostic characteristics of Refrigeration system						Apply									
CO4: Evaluate the various testing of air control and handling systems.						Apply									
CO5: Learn the various methods of Trouble shooting in air conditioning systems.						Understand									
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO2	S	M	M	M	--	--	M	M	M	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO3	S	S	S	M	--	--	M	M	M	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO4	S	S	S	M	--	--	M	M	M	--	--	M	M	--	--
CO5	S	S	S	M	--	--	M	M	M	--	--	M	M	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
AUTOMOTIVE AIR-CONDITIONING FUNDAMENTALS															
Basic Air conditioning system- Location of Air conditioning components in a car – schematic layout of a Refrigeration system. Compressor components- condenser and high-pressure service ports. Thermostatic expansion valve and Orifice tube – expansion valve calibration – evaporator temperature controls for air conditioning systems															
AIRCONDITIONER – HEATING SYSTEM															
Manually controlled air conditioner- Heater system- ford automatically controlled air conditioner- Heater systems- Chrysler automatically controlled air conditioner- heater system, general motors automatically controlled Air conditioner- heater system- Flushing and evacuating															
REFRIGERANT															
Containers- handling refrigerant – discharging, charging and leak detection – refrigeration system Diagnosis – Diagnostic procedure – Ambient conditions affecting system pressures															
AIR ROUTING AND TEMPERATURE CONTROL															
Objectives – Evaporators case air flow through the Dash recalculating unit – Automatic Temperature control – Duct system- Controlling flow – vacuum reserve – testing the air control and handling systems.															

HEATER- AIR CONDITIONER TROUBLE SHOOTING

Air conditioner maintenance and service- servicing heater system. Removing and replacing components.

trouble shooting of air conditioner- heating system- compressor service

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H Crouse and Donald L Anglin, Automotive Air Conditioning McGraw Hill inc; 1990.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Mitchell information services, Inc., Mitchell Automotive Heating and Air conditioning systems, prentice Hall Inc, 1989.
2. McDonald K.L., Automotive Air conditioning., Theodore Audel series., 1978
3. Goings.L.F., Automotive Air conditioning., American Technical services, 1974
4. Paul Weisler, Paul Weisler, Automotive Air conditioning, Restone Publishing Co. Inc., 1990.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department/College	Mail ID
1	T.Raja	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	rajat@vmkvec.edu.in
2	R. Prabhakar	Associate Professor	Auto / VMKVEC	prabhakar@vmkvec.edu.in
3	M.Saravana Kumar	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	saravanakumar@avit.ac.in
4	B. Samuvel Michael	Assistant. Professor GRII	Auto / AVIT	samuvelmichael@avit.ac.in

17EEEC10	POWER QUALITY						Category	L	T	P	Credit	
							EC-PS	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE: This course imparts knowledge about various electrical power quality issues and their origin and address the effects of power quality problems on electrical power system. It also emphasis need for PQ monitoring and measurement.												
PREREQUISITE : Nil												
COURSE OBJECTIVES												
1	Describe various power quality problems.											
2	Identify the root cause of power quality problems.											
3	Explain the impact of PQ issues on various electrical components.											
4	Interpret the need for PQ monitoring and measurement.											
5	Illustrate the harmonics distortion in the given electical drive.											
6	Determine various power quality issues and their solutions in residential / commercial / industrial facilities.											
COURSE OUTCOMES												
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to												
CO1: Explain various power quality problems.										Understand		
CO2: Discuss the root cause of power quality problems.										Understand		
CO3: Explain the impact of PQ issues on various electrical components.										Understand		
CO4: Discuss the need for PQ monitoring and measurement.										Understand		
CO5: Compute the harmonics distortion in the given electical drive.										Apply		
CO6: Analyze various power quality issues and their solutions in residential / commercial / industrial facilities.										Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES												
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M	L									L	
CO2	M	L										
CO3	M	L					M					
CO4	M	L			L					M	M	L
CO5	S	M	L	L	M		M				S	L
CO6	S	S	M	M	M		M			M	S	
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low												
SYLLABUS												
Introduction												
Power quality - Impact of PQ on end users, Need for PQ monitoring, Various PQ Problems												
Voltage disturbances												
Voltage dips, over voltages, short supply interruptions, voltage fluctuations and flicker - sources, effects, measurement and mitigation												
Transients												

Transient system model, examples of transient models and their response, power system transient model, types and causes of transients, lightning, other switching transients.

Voltage and Current Unbalance

Symmetrical components of currents and voltages, sources, effects, measurements and mitigation

Harmonics

Definition, odd and even harmonics, harmonic phase sequence, voltage and current harmonics, individual and total harmonic distortion, harmonic standards, sources, effects on various electrical components, measurements and mitigation, passive and active filters (Case Studies)

Power factor

Active and reactive power flow with nonlinear load, displacement and distortion power factor, power factor penalty, power factor improvement, applications of synchronous condensers and static VAR compensators, automatic power factor controller (Case Studies)

Grounding

Shock and fire hazards, essential of a grounded system, earth resistance tests, methods of grounding.

Solving power quality problems using CPD

Power quality measuring equipment-Smart power quality analyzers, Introduction to custom power devices (CPD) – STATCOM, DVR, UPQC.

Text Book

1. Sankaran C, "Power Quality", CRC Press special Indian edition 2009.

Reference Books

1. Angelo Baghini, "Handbook of Power Quality" John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2008.

2. Roger .C. Dugan, Mark F.Mcgranaghan & H.Wayne Beaty, "Electrical power system Quality" McGraw-Hill Newyork Second edition 2003.

3. Barry W.Kennedy, "Power Quality Primer", McGraw-Hill, New York, 2000.

4. Math H.J.Bollen, « Understanding Power Quality Problems : Voltage Sags and Interruptions », IEEE Press, New York, 2000.

5. Arrillaga.J, Watson.N.R and Chen.S, « Power System Quality Assessment », John Wiley & Sons Ltd., England, 2000

6. Bhim Singh, Ambrish Chandra and Kamal Al-Haddad: Power Quality: Problems and Mitigation Technique, Wiley Publications, 2015

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Sankarganesh	Associate Professor	EEE/VMK VEC	sankarganesh@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. S. Prakash	AP (Gr-II)	EEE/AVIT	sprakash@avit.ac.in

17EEEC11	POWER SYSTEM PLANNING AND RELIABILITY							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC-PS	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
To make students become familiar with power system operation and the various control actions to be implemented on the power system for reliability															
PREREQUISITE : NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To introduce the students learn the objectives of power system														
2	To make the students learn the reliability stability analysis of generation in power system														
3	To make the students learn the reliability stability analysis of transmission in power system														
4	To familiarize the students with the planning of expansion of power system														
5	To introduce the students with the overview of planning of distribution system														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Explain the load forecasting , Load growth patterns and their importance in planning												Understand			
CO2: Determine the reliability of iso and interconnected generation systems, reliability indices like LOLP and expected value of demand not served.												Understand			
CO3: Determine the reliability indices like LOLP and expected value of demand not Served in transmission system												Understand			
CO4: Solve the Capacitor placer problem in transmission system and radial distributions system.												Apply			
CO5: Design the primary and secondary distribution systems												Create			
CO6: Describe the planning of expansion of power system and distribution system												Understand			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	S	--	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	L	L	--
CO2	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	L	L	--
CO3	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	--	L	--
CO4	S	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	L	--
CO5	S	S	S	--	S	--	S	--	--	S	--	M	M	M	--
CO6	--	--	--	--	M	--	M	--	--	--	--	--	L	L	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
LOAD FORECASTING															
Objectives of forecasting - Load growth patterns and their importance in planning - Load forecasting Based on discounted multiple regression technique-Weather sensitive load forecasting-Determination of annual forecasting-Use of AI in load forecasting.															
GENERATION SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS															
Probabilistic generation and load models- Determination of LOLP and expected value of demand not served – Determination of reliability of iso and interconnected generation systems.															

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

Deterministic contingency analysis-probabilistic load flow-Fuzzy load flow probabilistic transmission system reliability analysis-Determination of reliability indices like LOLP and expected value of demand not served.

EXPANSION PLANNING

Basic concepts on expansion planning-procedure followed for integrate transmission system planning, current practice in India-Capacitor placer problem in transmission system and radial distributions system.

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM PLANNING OVERVIEW

Introduction, sub transmission lines and distribution substations-Design primary and secondary systems-distribution system protection and coordination of protective devices.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1.Roy Billinton and Allan Ronald, “Power System Reliability.”
- 2.J.Endreny,”Reliability modeling in electric power systems”John Wiley & sons

REFERENCES

1. Proceeding of work shop on energy systems planning & manufacturing CI.
2. R.L .Sullivan, “ Power System Planning”,.
3. Turan Gonen, Electric power distribution system Engineering ‘McGraw Hill,1986

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	P. Loganathan	Assistant Professor	EEE / VMKVEC	loganathan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. S. Prakash	AP (Gr-II)	EEE/AVIT	sprakash@avit.ac.in

Transmission configuration, Components – gears, differential, clutch, brakes regenerative braking, motor sizing.

HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Types – series, parallel and series, parallel configuration – Design – Drive train, sizing of components.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Iqbal Hussain, “*Electric & Hybrid Vehicles – Design Fundamentals*”, Second Edition, CRC Press,
2. James Larminie, “*Electric Vehicle Technology Explained*”, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Ali Emadi, “*Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles-Fundamentals*”, CRC Press, 2010.
2. Sandeep Dhameja, “*Electric Vehicle Battery Systems*”, Newnes, 2000 .<http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103009>

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Devarajan	Professor	EEE/VMKVEC	devarajan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr. P. Selvam	Professor	EEE/VMKVEC	hodeee@vmkvec.edu.in
3	Mr. V.Rattankumar	Assistant Professor	EEE/AVIT	rattankumar@avit.ac.in

MODERN WIND TURBINE CONTROL & MONITORING SYSTEM

Details of Pitch System & Control Algorithms, Protections used & Safety Consideration in Wind turbines, Wind Turbine Monitoring with Error codes, SCADA & Databases: Remote Monitoring and Generation Reports, Operation & Maintenance for Product Life Cycle, Balancing technique (Rotor & Blade), FACTS control & LVRT & New trends for new Grid Codes.

POWER CONVERTERS

Solar: Block diagram of solar photo voltaic system: line commutated converters (inversion-mode) - Boost and buck-boost converters- selection Of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing.

Wind: three phase AC voltage controllers- AC-DC-AC converters: uncontrolled rectifiers, PWM

Inverters, Grid Interactive Inverters-matrix converters.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1.Goswami, D.Y., Kreider, J. F. and & Francis., Principles of Solar Engineering, Taylor and Francis,2000
- 2.Godfrey Boyle, Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, 1996

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Sukhatme S P, J K Nayak, Solar Energy – Principle of Thermal Storage and collection, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
2. Solar Energy International, Photovoltaic – Design and Installation Manual – New Society Publishers, 2006
- 3.Twidell, J.W. and Weir, A., Renewable Energy Sources, EFN Spon Ltd., 1983
4. John D Sorensen and Jens N Sorensen, Wind Energy Systems, Woodhead Publishing Ltd, 2011
5. Rashid .M. H “power electronics Hand book”, Academic press, 2001.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. R. Devarajan	Professor	EEE	devarajan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. V.Rattankumar	Assistant Professor	EEE	rattankumar@avit.ac.in

17EEEC21	NON CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC-PS	3	0	0	3
PREAMBLE						
Non Conventional resources include solar energy, wind, falling water, the heat of the earth (geothermal), plant materials (biomass), waves, ocean currents, temperature differences in the oceans and the energy of the tides. Non Conventional energy technologies produce power, heat or mechanical energy by converting those resources either to electricity or to motive power. It concerned with development of the national grid system will focus on those resources that have established themselves commercially and are cost effective for on grid applications. Such commercial technologies include hydroelectric power, solar energy, fuels derived from biomass, wind energy and geothermal energy. Wave, ocean current, ocean thermal and other technologies that are in the research or early commercial stage, as well as non-electric Non Conventional energy technologies, such as solar water heaters and geothermal heat pumps, are also based on Non Conventional resources, but outside the scope of this Manual.						
PREREQUISITE-NIL						
COURSE OBJECTIVES						
1	To learn about PV technology principles.					
2	To learn economical and environmental merits of solar energy for variety applications.					
3	To learn modern wind turbine control & monitoring.					
4	To learn various power converters in the field of renewable energy technologies.					
5	To study and analyse different types of Power converters for Renewable energy conversion					
COURSE OUTCOMES						
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to						
CO1	Understand to Renewable Energy Sources, Principles of Solar Radiation, Different Methods of Solar Energy Storage and its Applications, Concepts of Solar Ponds, Solar Distillation and Photo Voltaic Energy Conversion					Understand and Analyse
CO2	Learn the Flat Plate and Concentrating Collectors, Classification of Concentrating Collectors					Analyse
CO3	Learn the Wind Energy, Horizontal and Vertical Access Wind Mills, Bio Conversion					Analyse
CO4	Types of Bio-Gas Digesters and Utilization for Cooking Geothermal Energy Resources					Understand and Apply
CO5	Types of Wells and Methods of Harnessing the Energy, Ocean Energy and Setting of OTEC Plants					Understand
CO6	Tidal and Wave Energy and Mini Hydel Power Plant, Need and Principles of Direct Energy Conversion, Concepts of Thermo-Electric Generators and MHD Generators					Analyse
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	S				M			L		M	S	M	S
CO2	M	L	L				M			M			S	L	M
CO3	S	M	S	S	M									M	S
CO4	L	L	L		S		M						L	L	S
CO5	S	S	S	M	M									M	
CO6												M	S	M	

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION

Statistics on conventional energy sources, Classification of Energy Resources, Definition Concepts of NCES, Limitations of RES, Criteria for assessing the potential of NCES. - Solar, Wind, Geothermal, Bio-mass, Ocean Energy Sources, comparison of these energy sources

SOLAR ENERGY CONCEPT

Solar Energy-Energy available from Sun, Solar radiation data, Solar energy conversion into heat, Flat plate and Concentrating collectors, Mathematical analysis of Flat plate collectors and collector efficiency, Principle of Natural and Forced convection, Solar engines-Stirling, Brayton engines, Photovoltaic, p-n junction, solar cells, PV systems, Stand-alone, Grid connected solar power satellite.

WIND ENERGY CONCEPT

Wind energy conversion, General formula -Lift and Drag- Basis of wind energy conversion – Effect of density, frequency variances, angle of attack, and wind speed. Windmill rotors Horizontal axis and vertical axis rotors. Determination of torque coefficient, Induction type generators- working principle.

GEOTHERMAL AND BIOMASS ENERGY

Nature of Geothermal sources, Definition and classification of resources, Utilization for electric generation and direct heating, Well Head power generating units, Basic features Atmospheric exhaust and condensing, exhaust types of conventional steam turbines. Pyrolysis of Biomass to produce solid, liquid and gaseous fuels, Biomass gasification, Constructional details of gasifier, usage of biogas for chulhas, various types of chulhas for rural energy needs.

TIDAL AND WAVE ENERGY

Wave, Tidal and OTEC energy- Difference between tidal and wave power generation, Principles of tidal and wave power generation, OTEC power plants, Operational of small cycle experimental facility, Design of 5 Mw OTEC pro-commercial plant, Economics of OTEC, Environmental impacts of OTEC. Status of multiple product OTEC systems.

TEXT BOOK

1. Ashok V Desai, Non-Conventional Energy, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 2003
2. K M, Non-Conventional Energy Systems, Wheeler Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES

1. Ramesh R & Kumar K U, Renewable Energy Technologies, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2004
2. Wakil MM, Power Plant Technology, Mc Graw Hill Book Co, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Non – Conventional Energy Sources. Rai.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	e-Mail ID
1	P. Loganathan	Assistant Professor	EEE	loganathan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr. V.Rattankumar	Assistant Professor	EEE	rattankumar@avit.ac.in

Definition - PLM Lifecycle model - Threads of PLM - Need for PLM - Opportunities and benefits of PLM - Views - Components and Phases of PLM - PLM feasibility study - PLM visioning - Characteristics of PLM - Environment driving PLM - PLM Elements - Drivers of PLM - Conceptualization - Design - Development - Validation - Production - Support of PLM

PRODUCT DATA MANAGEMENT (PDM) PROCESS AND WORKFLOW

Engineering vaulting - product reuse - smart parts - engineering change management - Bill of materials and process consistency - Digital mock-up and prototype development - design for environment - virtual testing and validation - marketing collateral.

COLLABORATIVE PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Steady one-dimensional convection and diffusion – Central, upwind differencing schemes properties of discretization schemes – Conservativeness, Boundedness, Transportiveness, Hybrid, Power-law, QUICK Schemes.

DIGITAL MANUFACTURING – PLM

Digital manufacturing - benefits manufacturing - Manufacturing the first-one - Ramp up - virtual learning curve - manufacturing the rest - production planning.

DEVELOPING A PLM STRATEGY AND CONDUCTING A PLM ASSESSMENT

Strategy - Impact of strategy - implementing a PLM strategy - PLM initiatives to support corporate objectives - Infrastructure assessment - assessment of current systems and applications.

Text Books

1	Stark, John. Product Lifecycle Management: Paradigm for 21st Century Product Realisation, Springer-Verlag, 2004.
2	Product Lifecycle Management, Michael Grieves, Tata McGraw Hill 2012

Reference Books

1	Fabio Giudice, Guido La Rosa, Product Design for the environment-A life cycle approach, Taylor & Francis 2006
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Course Designers

S.No	Faculty Name	Designation	Department/Name of the College	Email id
1	M.SARAVANA KUMAR	ASST. PROF GRII	MECH./ AVIT	saravanakumar@avit.ac.in
2	Dr. R.Jayaraman	ASSOPROF	Mech/VMKVEC	jayaramanr@vmkvec.edu.in

17MESE21	IRON AND STEEL MAKING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC(SE)	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course aims to understand the process of production of iron and steel from raw material, primary processing to refinement to special steels. The student will understand the kinetics involved in the production of iron and steel. The student also gains knowledge on the refinement of steels to obtain a quality product.

PREREQUISITE- NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To understand the basic knowledge of raw materials and burden preparation
2	Demonstrate the principles and processes of iron making
3	Illustrate the principles and processes of steel making
4	Demonstrate on various steel making processes
5	Examine the production practice followed and recent development

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1	Understand the principle and making steel manufacturing.	Understand
CO2	Solve the problems associated with raw materials and burden preparation	Apply
CO3	Experiment with the extraction techniques of pig iron by reduction and smelting in blast furnace from iron ores.	Apply
CO4	Demonstrate the principles and need for development of steel making processes	Understand
CO5	Illustrate on various furnaces for steel manufacturing and select suitable furnaces.	Apply
CO6	Apply the modern development in the steel and cast iron making production practice	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO2	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO3	S	S	M	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO4	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO5	S	M	M	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO6	S	S	M	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

RAW MATERIALS AND BURDEN PREPARATION

Iron ore classification, Indian iron ores, limestone and coking coal deposits, problems associated with Indian raw materials.

Iron ore beneficiation and agglomeration, Briquetting, sintering, Nodulising and pelletizing, testing of burden materials, burden distribution on blast furnace performance.				
PRINCIPLES AND PROCESSES OF IRON MAKING				
Blast furnace parts, construction and design aspects, ancillary equipment for charging, preheating the blast, hot blast stoves, gas cleaning, Blast furnace operation, irregularities and remedies Blast furnace instrumentation and control of furnace Compositional control of metal and slag in blast furnace, modern trends in blast furnace practice. Reduction of iron ores and oxides of iron by solid and gaseous reductions-thermodynamics and kinetics study of direct and indirect reduction, Gruner's theorem, blast furnace reactions. C-O and Fe-C-O equilibria, Rist diagrams, Ellingham diagram, material and heat balance- Sponge Iron making.				
PRINCIPLES OF STEEL MAKING				
Development of steel making processes, physico-chemical principles and kinetic aspects of steel making, carbon boil, oxygen transport mechanism, desulphurisation, dephosphorisation, Slag Theories, slag-functions, composition, properties and theories, raw materials for steel making and plant layout				
STEEL MAKING PROCESSES				
Open Hearth process- constructional features, process types, operation, modified processes, Duplexing, pre-treatment of hot metal. Bessemer processes, Side Blown Converter, Top Blown processes-L.D, L.D.A.C., Bottom blown processes, combined blown processes, Rotating oxygen processes-Kaldo and Rotor, Modern trends in oxygen steel making processes-Electric Arc and Induction furnace-constructional features. Steel Classifications and Standards-National and International.- Alloy Designation.				
STEELS AND CAST IRON LADLE METALLURGY				
Production practice for plain carbon steels, low alloy – Cast irons and ductile iron, stainless, tool and special steels, modern developments. Secondary steel making processes, continuous steel casting process – De-oxidation and teeming practice. Principle, methods and their comparison, Killed, Rimmed and Capped steels, Degassing practices, ingot production, ingot defects and remedies. Recent trends in steel making technology.				
Text Books:				
1. Tupkary, R. H., “Modern Iron Making”, 4th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi. 2. Tupkary, R. H., “Modern Steel Making”, 4th Edition, Khanna Publications, New Delhi.				
Reference:				
1. Biswas, A. K., “Principles of blast furnace iron making: theory and practice”, SBA Publications, Kolkata. 2. Bashforth, G. R., “Manufacture of Iron and Steel”, Vol. I, Chapman and Hall London. 3. Bashforth, G. R., “Manufacture of Iron and Steel”, Vol.2, 3rd Edition, Chapman & Hall, London. 4. “Making, Shaping and Treating of Steel”, US Steel Corporation, 11th edition. 5. AhindraGhosh and Amitchatterjee, “Iron Making and Steel Making – Theory and Practice”, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi.				
COURSE DESIGNERS				
S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department / Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C.THANGAVEL	Assistant Professor	Mech/VMKVEC	thangavel@vmkvec.edu.in`
2	A.ELANTHIRAIYAN	AP-II	Mech/AVIT	aelanthirayan@avit.ac.in

GOVERNING EQUATIONS FOR CFD				
Introduction, the continuity equation, the momentum equation, the energy equation, the additional equations for turbulent flows, generic form of the governing equations for CFD, boundary conditions.				
CFD TECHNIQUES				
Derivation of finite difference equations – Simple Methods – General Methods for first and second order accuracy- Finite volume formulation for steady state One, Two and Three -dimensional diffusion problems				
FLOW FIELD ANALYSIS				
Finite volume methods -Representation of the pressure gradient term and continuity equation – Staggered grid – Momentum equations – Pressure and Velocity corrections – Pressure Correction equation, SIMPLE algorithm and its variants – PISO Algorithms.				
TURBULENCE MODELS AND MESH GENERATION				
Turbulence models, mixing length model, Two equation (k-ε) models – High and low Reynolds number models – Structured Grid generation – Unstructured Grid generation – Mesh refinement – Adaptive mesh – Software tools.				
Text Books				
1	Versteeg, H.K., and Malalasekera, W.,”An Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics”: The finite volume Method, Pearson Education Ltd. Third Edition – 2014.			
2	Ghoshdastidar, P.S., “Computer Simulation of flow and heat transfer”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.,			
Reference Books				
1	John D. Anderson “Computational Fluid Dynamics - The basics with Applications”, McGrawHill International Editions.			
2	Anil W. Date, “Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics”, Cambridge University Press, Reprinted 2010.			
3	Yogesh Jaluria & Kenneth E. Torrance, “Computational Heat Transfer”, CRC press, 2nd Edition.			
4	John. F. Wendt, “Computational Fluid Dynamics – An Introduction”, Springer, Third Edition, 2013.			
Course Designers				
S.No	Faculty Name	Designation	Department/Name of the College	Email id
1	S.PRAKASH	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	Mech / AVIT	prakash@avit.ac.in
2	R CHANDRASEKAR	Assistant Professor	Mech / VMKVEC	chandrasekar@vmkvec.edu.in

17MESE34	Failure Analysis of Materials					Category	L	T	P	Credit					
						CC	3	0	0	3					
Preamble The primary aim of this course is to provide knowledge on the procedures and mechanisms involved in failure analysis.															
Prerequisite –Strength of Materials															
Course Objective															
1	To understand the various types of fracture of materials														
2	To study the failure modes and root cause of the materials failure														
3	To study the fracture toughness of materials														
4	Apply the various metallurgical factors influencing the fatigue performance of materials														
5	Apply the appropriate processing route for the life enhancement of materials														
Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.	Explain reasons for failure of materials.									Understand					
CO2.	Describe the failure modes and root cause of the materials failure based on fracturemechanics and fractography approach.									Apply					
CO3.	Determine fracture toughness of materials.									Apply					
CO4.	Analyze the various metallurgical factors influencing the fatigue performance of materials for different structural engineering applications.									Analyze					
CO5.	Analyze appropriate processing route and alter the microstructure for the life enhancement of materials at room and elevated temperatures.									Analyze					
Mapping with Programme Outcomes and Programme Specific Outcomes															
CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3	S	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L
CO5	S	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
Introduction to Fracture of Materials															
Fracture modes:Shear mode, cleavage mode, other fracture modes, factors affecting the ductile-brittle relationship, stress systems related to fracture of ductile and brittle metals: Pure loading systems-Tension, Torsion, Compression, Bending and Fatigue. Effect of stress concentration, study of fractograph of metallic components.															
Fracture Mechanics															
Introduction, types of fracture in metals, theoretical cohesive strength of metals, Griffiththeory of brittle fracture, fracture of single crystals, metallographic aspects of fracture,fractography, fracture under combined stresses.															
fracture toughness															

Introduction, strain energy release rate, stress intensity factor, fracture toughness and design, KIC plane strain toughness testing, plasticity corrections, crack opening displacement, J integral, R curve, toughness of materials.				
Fatigue of Materials				
Characteristics of fatigue failure, initiation and propagation of fatigue cracks,; methods of improving fatigue behavior, fatigue testing; analysis of fatigue data, fracture mechanics of fatigue crack propagation, corrosion fatigue, case studies				
Creep of Materials				
Introduction to creep - creep mechanisms, creep curve, Presentation and practical application of creep data; accelerated creep testing, time-temperature parameters for conversion of creep data; creep resistant alloys, creep testing, stress rapture test,				
Text Books				
1	S. Suresh, Fatigue of Materials, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1998.			
2	G.E. Dieter, Mechanical Metallurgy (SI Metric Edition), McGraw-Hill, 1988.			
3	W.F. Hosford, Mechanical Behavior of Materials, Cambridge University Press, 2009.			
Reference Books				
1	A.J. McEvily, J. Kasivitamnuay, Metal Failures: Mechanisms, Analysis, Prevention, Wiley-Interscience, 2013.			
2	ASM Metals Hand Book, Failure Analysis and Prevention, Vol. 11, 10th Edition, ASM International, 2002.			
3	S. Suresh, Fatigue of Materials, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1998.			
4	Richard W. Hertzberg, Deformation and Fracture Mechanics of Engineering Materials, 5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2012.			
Course Designers				
S.No	Faculty Name	Designation	Department/ Name of the College	Email id
1	Dr.S.Venkatesan	Professor	Mech / VMKVEC	venkatesan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	J.Senthil	Assistant Professor	Mech / AVIT	senthilj@avit.ac.in

17MESE27	POWER PLANT ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC(SE)	3	0	0	3

Preamble

Power Plant Engineering is the subject involving study of applying the thermal engineering concepts and machineries in the process of power generation. Power Plants are the backbone of a country involving in the generation of electric power.

Prerequisite - Thermal Engineering

Course Objective

1	To understand the objectives of power plants in a country's electrical power requirement.
2	To understand the operational methods of power generation using different energy sources.
3	To provide the knowledge of instrumentation involved in the operation and control of power plants.
4	To estimate the cost and economics of power generation in different types of power plants.
5	To inculcate the knowledge of environmental impact of power plants on the society.

Course Outcomes: On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1.	Understand the need and methods of power generation using different energy Sources, knowledge of instrumentation, different costs involved , Environmental impacts due to power plants.	Understand
CO2.	To understand the layout of various power plants and its the environmental impacts.	Understand
CO3.	To apply thermodynamic cycles to calculate efficiency of the power plants.	Apply
CO4.	To calculate performance and operation characteristics of power plants and estimate the costs of electrical energy production.	Apply
CO5.	Applications of power plants while extend their knowledge to power plant economics and environmental hazards.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes and Programme Specific Outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO5	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION
<p>Power Generation: Global Scenario, Present status of power generation in India, Role of private and governmental organizations, Load shedding, Carbon credits, Power reforms, concept of cascade efficiency.</p> <p>General layout of modern power plant with different circuits, working of thermal power plant, coal classification, coal, ash and dust handling, selection of coal for Thermal Power Plant, FBC boilers, high pressure boiler, cogeneration power plant (with numerical)</p> <p>Steam Condenser: Necessity of steam condenser, Classification, Cooling water requirements, Condenser efficiency, Vacuum efficiency, Cooling towers, air Leakage, Effects of Air Leakage on condenser performance, (Numerical Treatment)</p>
HYDROELECTRIC AND NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS
<p>HEPP : Introduction, Plant Layout, Site Selection, Advantages and Disadvantages of HEPP, Hydrograph , Flow duration curve ,Mass Curve, Classification of HEPP with layout.</p> <p>NPP : Elements of NPP, Nuclear reactor & its types, fuels moderators, coolants, control rod, classification of NPP, N-waste disposal</p>
DIESEL & GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT
<p>DEPP : Plant Layout, Diesel Engine Power Plant Performance Analysis, application, selection of engine size, advantages & disadvantages of diesel power plant.</p> <p>GTPP : Introduction, fuels, materials selection for GTPP, Brayton Cycle analysis, Thermal Efficiency, Work ratio, maximum & optimum pressure ratio, Actual cycle effect of operating variables on thermal efficiency, inter-cooling reheating, & regeneration cycle, Open, Closed & Semi Closed cycles Gas Turbine Plant , combined cycle plant (Numerical Treatment).</p>
NON-CONVENTIONAL POWER PLANTS
<p>Wind Power plant : Introduction, wind availability measurement, types of wind machines, site selection, and wind power generation.</p> <p>Solar Power Plant : Introduction, components ,Types of Collectors & Solar Ponds, Low & High Temperature Solar Power Plant. Photovoltaic Power System, Helio stat Tidal, OTEC, geothermal, magneto hydrodynamics, fuel cell, hybrid power plants, Challenges in commercialization of Non-Conventional Power Plants.</p>
INSTRUMENTATION , ECONOMICS AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT
<p>Power Plant Instrumentation Layout of electrical equipment, generator, exciter, short circuits & limiting methods, switch gear, circuit breaker, power transformers, methods of earthing, protective devices & Control system used in power plants, Control Room.</p> <p>Economics of Power Generation: Introduction, Cost of electric energy, Fixed and operating cost, (with numerical treatment), Selection and Type of generation, Selection of generation equipment, Performance and operation characteristics of power plants and Tariff methods.</p> <p>Environmental impact due to power plants. Environmental aspects, introduction, constituents of atmosphere, different pollutants due to thermal power plants and their effects of human health, Environmental control of different pollutant such as particulate matter, Oxides of sulphur, nitrogen, global warming & green house effect, thermal pollution of water & its control. Noise pollution by power plants.</p>

Text Books				
1	E.I.Wakil, —Power Plant Engineering II , McGraw Hill Publications New Delhi			
2	P.K.Nag, —Power Plant Engineering II , McGraw Hill Publications New Delhi			
3	K K Ramalingam , II Power Plant Engineering, SCITECH Publications Pvt Ltd.			
4	Domkundwar & Arora, —Power Plant Engineering II , Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi			
Reference Books				
1	R.K.Rajput, —Power Plant Engineering II , Laxmi Publications New Delhi			
2	R.Yadav , —Steam and Gas Turbines II ,Central Publishing House, Allahabad			
3	G.D.Rai, — Non-Conventional Energy Sources II Khanna Publishers,Delhi			
4	S.P.Sukhatme, —Solar Energy II Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, New Delhi			
Course Designers				
S.No	Faculty Name	Designation	Department/Name of the College	Email id
1	N.Lakshminarayanan	Associate Professor	MECH / AVIT	nlakshminarayanan@avit.ac.in
2	R ANANDAN	Associate Professor	MECH / VMKVEC	anandan@vmkvec.ac.in

17ECEC04	DSP WITH FPGA	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC(PS)	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE This course provides the students, the knowledge about implementation of Communication blocks on FPGA. It provides both the fixed point and floating point representation of data used for implementation. It considers algorithms and techniques for the optimal way of implementing the communication system blocks efficiently on FPGA.

PREREQUISITE – Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To program FPGA device.
2	To discriminate floating point arithmetic for other arithmetic logic.
3	To implement FIR and IIR filters using pipelining and parallel processing
4	To design communication blocks using different types of FFT algorithms

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Explore the design flow of FPGA and programming language.	Apply
CO2. Compute simple FPGA logic using floating point arithmetic, MAC and SOP units	Apply
CO3. Implement FIR and IIR Filters using distributed arithmetic, pipelining and/or parallel processing	Apply
CO4. Examine the different types of FFT algorithms including Cooley-Tukey, Winograd and Good-Thomas.	Analyze
CO5. Design communication blocks for modulation, demodulation, convolution codes	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	S	-	-
CO2	S	S	L	M	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	-	-	-
CO3	S	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	M	S	-	-
CO4	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	M	-	S	M
CO5	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	M	-	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

FPGA Technology

Introduction to FPGA, FPGA Design flow, Programming languages, programming technology

Basic Building Blocks

Number Representation, Binary adders, Binary dividers, Floating point arithmetic, MAC & SOP unit

Digital filter implementation

FIR filter - Theory and structure, Filter Design, Constant coefficient, FIR Design, IIR filter - IIR theory, Coefficient computation, Implementation detail, Fast IIR filter

Fourier Transform

DFT algorithms, Goertzel algorithm, Hartley transform, Winograd DFT, Bluestein chirp-z transform, Rader algorithm, FFT algorithms, Cooley-tukey, Good thomas, Winograd FFT

Communication blocks

Error control codes, Linear block code, Convolution codes, Modulation and Demodulation, Adaptive filters, LMS, RLS, Decimator and Interpolator, High Decimation Rate filters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Uwe.Meyer-Baese, —Digital Signal Processing with Field Programmable Gate Arrays, Springer, Third edition, May 2007.
2. Keshab K. Parhi, —VLSI Digital Signal Processing systems, Design and implementation, Wiley, Inter Science, 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. John G. Proakis, —Digital Communications, Fourth Ed. McGraw Hill International Edition, 2000.
2. Michael John Sebastian Smith, — Applications Specific Integrated Circuits, Pearson Education, Ninth Indian reprint, 13th edition, 2004.
3. Sophocles J. Orfanidis, —Introduction to Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1996

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Sheela	Assistant Professor	ECE	sheela@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Mr.S.Selvam	Assistant Professor (Gr-II)	ECE	selvam@avit.ac.in

17ECEC06	MEMS AND SENSORS	Category	L	T	P	Credits
		EC (PS)	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE
To gain basic knowledge on MEMS (Micro Electro Mechanical System). This enables them to design, analyze, fabricate and test the MEMS based components.

PREREQUISITE: Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To understand the concepts of basic MEMS structures.
2	To learn about the various MEMS Sensors and its construction.
3	To learn about the micro machining products.
4	To understand the functioning of various optical MEMS Sensors.
5	To study the various applications of MEMS Sensors

Course Outcomes

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Understand the basic fabrication of MEMS systems.	Understand
CO2. Design various MEMS sensors for required applications.	Apply
CO3. Apply the different micromachining process in MEMS sensor fabrication.	Apply
CO4. Analyze the light source utilization in MEMS sensors.	Analyze
CO5. Evaluate the various real time applications of MEMS Sensors.	Evaluate

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2	S	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	S	M	-
CO3	L	S	M	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	S	S	-
CO4	S	S	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	M	-
CO5	S	S	S	-	M	M	M	M	-	-	-	L	S	M	-

S – Strong; M – Medium; L – Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION
MEMS and Microsystems, Typical products of MEMS and Microsystem products, Micro sensors, Micro actuator, Evolution of Micro fabrication, Microsystems and Microelectronics, MEMS materials.

MICRO SENSORS AND MICROSYSTEMS
Micro sensors- Acoustic wave sensors, Biomedical Sensors and Biosensors, Optical Sensors, Pressure sensors, Micro actuation- Actuation using Thermal Forces, Piezoelectric Crystals, Electrostatic Forces, MEMS with Micro actuators- Micro grippers , Micro motors , Micro valves, Micro accelerometers.

PRINCIPLES OF MICROMACHINING
Introduction, Photolithography, Bulk Micromachining, Thin Film Deposition, Etching, surface Micromachining, LIGA .

OPTICAL MEMS
Fundamental Principle of MOEMS Technology, Review Properties of Light, Light Modulators, Beam Splitter, Micro lens, Micro mirrors, Digital Micro mirror Device (DMD), Light Detectors, Grating Light Valve, Optical Switch.

REAL TIME UTILISATION OF MEMS SENSORS
Health Care, Micro fluid Dispenser, Micro needle, Micro pumps, Chem-Lab-On-A-Chip(CLOC), E-Nose, DNA sensors, Surface Acoustic Wave(SAW) Sensors.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Tai Ran Hsu, "MEMS & Micro systems Design and Manufacture" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
- Liu, "MEMS", Pearson education, 2000.
- N. P. Mahalik. "MEMS". Tata McGraw hill. Sixth reprint. 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Stephen Santer, "Microsystems Design", Kluwer publishers, 2000.
2. Nadim Maluf, "An introduction to Micro electro mechanical system design", ArtechHouse, 2000.
3. Mohamed Gad-el-Hak, editor, "The MEMS Handbook", CRC press Boca Raton, 2000

17ECEC21	ADVANCED ROBOTICS						Category	L	T	P	Credit					
							EC(PS)	3	0	0	3					
PREAMBLE Advanced Robotics will explore in great depth areas relevant to not only industrial robotics but service robots (i.e. robots outside a factory environment particularly mobile robots) and the application of this technology to real world environments e.g. driverless vehicles, unmanned aerial vehicles and tele-robots. Students will also master robot kinematics and dynamics.																
PREREQUISITE – NIL																
COURSE OBJECTIVES																
1	To gain knowledge in robotic elements															
2	To explore the kinematics of serial and parallel robotics															
3	To know the motion of robot in various coordinates and surfaces															
COURSE OUTCOMES																
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to																
CO1. Illustrate the kinematics of parallel robotics														Apply		
CO2. Examine about the kinematics of serial robot such as the direct and inverse kinematic problems														Apply		
CO3. Discriminate various robotic elements like sensors and actuators														Analyze		
CO4. Investigate the motion of robot in various coordinates														Analyze		
CO5. Explore the motion of robot in several surfaces like flat surface, uneven terrain														Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES																
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	
CO2	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	
CO3	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	
CO4	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	
CO5	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	S	M	M	
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low																
SYLLABUS																
Elements of robots -- joints, links, actuators, and sensors																
Position and orientation of a rigid body, Homogeneous transformations, Representation of joints, link representation using D-H parameters, Examples of D-H parameters and link transforms, different kinds of actuators – stepper, DC servo and brushless motors, model of a DC servo motor, Types of transmissions, Purpose of sensors, internal and external sensors, common sensors – encoders, tachometers, strain gauge based force-torque sensors, proximity and distance measuring sensors, and vision.																
Kinematics of serial robots																
Introduction, Direct and inverse kinematics problems, Examples of kinematics of common serial manipulators, workspace of a serial robot, Inverse kinematics of constrained and redundant robots, Tractrix based approach for fixed and free robots and multi-body systems, simulations and experiments, Solution procedures using theory of elimination, Inverse kinematics solution for the general 6R serial manipulator.																
Kinematics of parallel robots																

Degrees-of-freedom of parallel mechanisms and manipulators, Active and passive joints, Constraint and loop-closure equations, Direct kinematics problem, Mobility of parallel manipulators, Closed-form and numerical solution, Inverse kinematics of parallel manipulators and mechanisms, Direct kinematics of Gough-Stewart platform.

Motion planning and control

Joint and Cartesian space trajectory planning and generation, Classical control concepts using the example of control of a single link, Independent joint PID control, Control of a multi-link manipulator, Non-linear model based control schemes, Simulation and experimental case studies on serial and parallel manipulators, Control of constrained manipulators, Cartesian control, Force control and hybrid position/force control, Advanced topics in non-linear control of manipulators.

Modeling and analysis of wheeled mobile robots

Introduction and some well known wheeled mobile robots (WMR), two and three-wheeled WMR on flat surfaces, Slip and its modeling, WMR on uneven terrain, Design of slip-free motion on uneven terrain, Kinematics, dynamics and static stability of a three-wheeled WMR's on uneven terrain, Simulations using Matlab and ADAMS.

Reference Books

1. Ghosal, A., Robotics: Fundamental Concepts and Analysis, Oxford University Press, 2nd reprint, 2008.
2. Fu, K., Gonzalez, R. and Lee, C.S. G., Robotics: Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence, McGraw- Hill, 1987.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.L.K.Hema	Professor	ECE	hemalk@avit.ac.in
2	N.Manikanda Devarajan	Assistant Professor	ECE	manikandadevarajan@vmkvec.edu.in
3	G.Murali	Assistant Professor	ECE	muraligvmkvec@vmkvec.edu.in

17ECEC22	INNOVATIVE PROJECT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC(PS)	0	0	6	3

PREAMBLE

This course is an introductory course on Project. It focuses on providing you with the knowledge and fundamental understanding of Creativity, Innovation, and some contemporary approaches to innovation including design thinking.

PREREQUISITE – Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To Develop Creativity and Innovation
2	To Recognize the significance of innovation
3	To Examine the approaches of innovation practiced by various organizations

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Discuss both individual and contextual factors that are linked to creativity	Analyze
CO2. Discuss key concepts and principles that guide innovative practices	Analyze
CO3. Discuss the need for and significance of adopting a design thinking mindset	Analyze
CO4. Explain design thinking practices and their applications	Create
CO5. Develop the design thinking principles and process	Evaluate

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	M	L	-	-	-	M	M	-	M	M	-	-
CO2	S	L	L	M	M	-	-	-	M	M	-	M	M	-	-
CO3	M	M	M	M	L	-	-	-	M	L	-	M	M	-	-
CO4	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	S	M	S	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	M	M	S	S	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Norms

1.Group Case Studies/Assignments

- Overall understanding of the case/assignment
- Highlighting innovations and various approaches adopted
- Clarity and coherence of presentation

2.Group Project

- Overall, application of Innovation and Design thinking process
- Originality of ideas from the modernization
- Quality and relevance of final prototype
- Preparation of Project Report
- Preparation and Submission of Projects to funding agencies.(Optional)

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Dept	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Muthumanickam	Professor	ECE	muthumanickam@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr. L. K. Hema	Professor	ECE	hemalk@avit.ac.ins
3	Mr. S. Selvaraj	Professor	ECE	selvaraju@vmkvec.edu.in
4	Dr. D. Vijendra Babu	Professor	ECE	vijendrababu@avit.ac.in

17ECEC23	MACHINE VISION				Category	L	T	P	Credit						
					EC(PS)	3	0	0	3						
PREAMBLE In the current automated world, Machine Vision plays a major role in several significant applications such as imaging-based automatic inspection and analysis, Intelligent transportation system, Logistics, Robot guidance, Packaging industries and many. It provides an detailed view of the various process involved.															
PREREQUISITE - Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand the Image filtering operations, Morphological operationsThresholding Images.														
2	To determine the concepts of Binary shape & Boundary Pattern analysis, Detection & Pattern matching techniques.														
3	To examine the concepts of 3-D Vision, Image Transformations & Motion.														
4	To illustrate the automated visual inception, in vehicle vision systems, inspection of cereal grains & surveillance.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.Intrepret the Low Level Vision techniques and methods of Machine Vision										Understand					
CO2.Demonstrate the Intermediate Level Vision techniques.										Apply					
CO3.Paraphase the 3-D Vision and Motion procedures.										Apply					
CO4.Infer the various Real-Time Pattern Recognition systems.										Analyse					
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	P O 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PS O2	PSO 3
CO1	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	-
CO2	S	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M
CO3	S	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO4	S	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS:															
LOW-LEVEL VISION Images and Imaging Operations, Basic Image Filtering Operations, Thresholding Techniques, Edge Detection, Corner and Interest Point Detection, Mathematical Morphology, Texture															
INTERMEDIATE-LEVEL VISION Binary Shape Analysis, Boundary Pattern Analysis , Line Detection, Circle and Ellipse Detection, The Hough Transform and Its Nature, Pattern Matching Techniques															
3-D VISION AND MOTION The Three-Dimensional World, Tackling the Perspective n-point Problem, Invariants and Perspective, Image Transformations and Camera Calibration, Motion															
REAL-TIME PATTERN RECOGNITION SYSTEMS															

Automated Visual Inspection, Inspection of Cereal Grains, Surveillance, In-Vehicle Vision Systems, Statistical Pattern Recognition, Image Acquisition, Real-Time Hardware and Systems Design Considerations

TEXT BOOK

1. Computer and Machine Vision: Theory, Algorithms, Practicalities, E.R. Davies, Fourth Edition, 2012, Academic Press, Elsevier

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Richard Szeliski, Springer, 2010
2. Machine Vision Algorithms and Applications, C Steger, M Ulrich Christian Wiedemann, Wiley-VCH, 2007, ISBN: 3527407340.
3. Hands-On Algorithms for Computer Vision, Amin Ahmadi Tazehkandi, Packt, 2018, ISBN: 9781789130942

17MBHS06	LEAN AND START-UPS MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								HSS	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE:															
Lean and start-ups Management is an management approach to build new business standards, entrepreneurs must investigate experiment, test and iterate as they develop products. It is a methodology for developing business and products, to shorten product development cycle and discover proposed business model is viable achieved by adopting a combination of business- hypothesis-driven experimentation, iterative product releases, and validated learning.															
PREREQUISITE: Not Required															
COURSE OBJECTIVES:															
1. To understand the Lean Startups Management basics.															
2. To analyse the different managerial activities involved in lean and startups of Management															
3. To analyse the lean startups approaches and problem solving in startups.															
4. To apply the lean six sigma concepts and its application in startups management.															
5. To impart the various issues , and entrepreneurial traits.															
COURSE OUTCOMES:															
After successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Explain the concept of lean startups, objectives and functions of lean starts-ups management.												Understand			
CO2: Analyze startups management process and its execution in business.												Apply			
CO3: Analyze the lean startups approaches and its application in lean startups business.												Apply			
CO4: Reduce project completion cycle times and results by using lean six sixma methodologies and tools.												Analyse			
CO5: Assess the entrepreneurial problems and its traits.												Evaluate			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	-	-	-	-	M	S	S	-	M	-	M	L	L	-
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-	L
CO3	S	S	L	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	L	-
CO5	S	S	S	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS:															
Introduction: Startup – Entrepreneur – Self Assessment – Setting Lean Startup Methods and Non-tech small business- Picking the Right type of lean startup.															

Starting and Growing a business: Identification of Innovation – Idea Formation – Brain storming – Risk Assessment – Value and Growth - Startup company operations management – The build - Measure, Lean Loop.

Lean Approach and Problems Solving: Solving Business Challenges with a Lean Approach: Identify the problem - Identify the root causes - Brainstorm the solutions - Select the appropriate solution - Implement and check the impact of the solution - The Frugal Entrepreneur – Saving Money and Pay off Later Approach – Bootstrap Business.

Lean Startups and Lean Six Sigma: Lean Startup a stepping stone: vision and concept - Maximize the probability- Protect against making obvious mistakes - Attract co-creators - Attract finance - Attract Joint Ventures – Project track - Lean Six Sigma reduce costs for Startup Businesses.

Startup Issues: Niche Marketing: Meaning, Benefits – Strategy for Niche Approach – Business Startup: Difference between small business and startup – Startup Problems - Becoming an entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial Traits

Text Book:

1. Harry Altman (2017), Lean Startup: Essential Guide to Build Your Lean Startup and How to Start Step-by-step, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.

Reference Books:

1. Osterwalder, A & Pigneur, Y. (2010) Business Model Generation: A Handbook for Visionaries, Game Changers, and Challengers. Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons.
2. Ries, E. (2011). The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. Random House Digital, Inc.

COURSE DESIGNERS:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr. G. Murugesan	Professor	Management Studies	murugesan@vmkvec.edu.in
2	T. Thangaraja	Assistant Professor	Management Studies	thangaraja@avit.ac.in

17CVSE01	APPLICATION OF STATISTICAL METHODS IN CONSTRUCTION									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										EC	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE This course is designed to provide the solid foundation on topics in various statistical methods which form the basis for many other areas in the mathematical sciences including statistics, modern optimization methods and risk modeling.															
PREREQUISITE Engineering Mathematics.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To gain the knowledge of Analyze the one dimensional random variable and their properties and functions.														
2	To focused on Analyze and study about the estimation theory using various methods.														
3	To study about Analyze and test the hypotheses based on different distributions and attributes														
4	To gain the knowledge Analyze the variance and perform randomized block and Latin square design.														
5	To calculate the Analyze and work on different queuing models.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.Analyze the one dimensional random variable and their properties and functions.														Analyze	
CO2. Analyze and study about the estimation theory using various methods.														Analyze	
CO3.Analyze and test the hypotheses based on different distributions and attributes														Analyze	
CO4.Analyze the variance and perform randomized block and Latin square design.														Analyze	
CO5.Analyze and work on different queuing models.														Analyze	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	--	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
CO2	M	--	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	S	M
CO3	M	--	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
CO4	M	--	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M
CO5	M	--	--	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	--	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
PROBABILITY AND DISTRIBUTIONS: Probability theory and its importance: Definition of probability, Rules of Probability, The Baye’s theorem. Random variable. Probability distribution. Mean or Expectation of Random variable. Properties of Mean of Expectation. Theoretical probability Distributions: Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution. Normal Distribution, Exponential Distribution, Beta, Gamma.															
TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS: Sampling distributions - Small and large samples -Tests based on Normal, t, Chi square, and F distributions for testing of means, variance and proportions – Analysis of r x c tables – Goodness of fit.															
CORRELATION ANALYSIS: Correlation types, co-efficient. Bi-variate Frequency Distribution, Scatter Diagram, Correlation Analysis.															
REGRESSION ANALYSIS: Regression and Multivariate Analysis, Multiple Regression Analysis on linear Regression. Use of regression analysis in resources management.															
APPLICATIONS: Use of mathematical models based on probabilistic and statistical methods, simulation in risk identification, analysis and mitigation of project risks. EOQ in civil engineering, Sensitivity analysis, ABC analysis.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. John E Freund's Mathematical Statistics: (7th Ed.), Miller & Miller, Prentice-Hall															
2. Probability and Statistics for Engineers –Miller, Freund-Hall, Prentice India Ltd. 2009															
REFERENCES:															
1. Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers---Montgomery and Runger—Wiley,India.															

2. Applied Mathematics for Engineers and Physiscists-pipes and Harvill. McGraw Hill International Edition, 1970.
3. Sampling techniques-Cochran, Wiley Series, 2008.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in

17CVSE02	ENTERPRISE WIDE INFORMATION SYSTEMS								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE This course is designed to provide the student with a thorough understanding of both the role that Enterprise Resource Planning Systems (ERPs) play in an organization and the challenging task of managing the Information Systems (IS) function.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To introduce Enterprise resource planning														
2	To make students understand the financial accounting														
3	Explain how ‘best business practices’ are incorporated in an ERP														
4	Execute an entire business process chain in the areas of sales, Procurement, Production and Accounting														
5	To study about the Materials requirement planning, billing & work centers.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.The introduce Enterprise resource planning														Apply	
CO2.Definition ‘best business practices’ are incorporated in an ERP														Understand	
CO3.The ‘best business practices’ are incorporated in an ERP														Apply	
CO4.An entire business process chain in the areas of sales, Procurement, Production and Accounting														Understand	
CO5. Apply appropriate methods to collect the Materials requirement planning, billing & work centers.														Understand	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	L	--	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--	L	--	S
CO2	M	M	L	L	--	M	L	--	M	--	--	--	--	--	--
CO3	M	M	M	--	--	M	L	--	M	--	M	--	--	L	--
CO4	M	M	M	M	--	M	M	--	M	--	--	--	S	--	M
CO5	L	--	M	L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Overview - database applications -Business function vs business process-Introduction to Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)															
FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING: Financial Accounting basics – Balance sheet, Profit and Loss Statement- General Ledger, Chart of Accounts –Posting financial transaction-Controlling – Cost centers and cost elements-Allocating Costs – Assessments and distributions.															
BUSINESS PROCESSES: Sales and fulfillment cycle -Master Data and its role in ERP systems -Creating customer master data, material master data and pricing conditions -Implementing a Sales Cycle															
PROCUREMENT PROCESSES: Forecasting raw material requirements using sales information, production requirements, sales forecast-Raw Material procurement-Vendors and pricing conditions-Payment.															
PLANNING AND CONTROL: MRP – Materials requirement planning-Independent and dependent materials requirements-Creating Production orders and schedules-Bill of Materials-Executing a Production process-Inventory and Goods movement-Routing and work centers.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Enterprise Resource Planning, 3rd Edition, by <i>Bret Wagner and Ellen Monk</i> , ISBN: 9781423901792,2009															
2. SAP R/3, Business Blueprint, 2 nd Edition, by <i>Thomas A. Curran & Andrew Ladd</i> , Prentice Hall PTR, 2000, ISBN: 0-13-085340-2															
REFERENCES:															
1. Essentials of Business Processes and Information Systems, by <u>Simha R. Magal</u> and <u>Jeffrey Word</u> , ©2010, ISBN: 978-0-470-23059-6															
2. Integrated Business Processes with ERP Systems, Preliminary Edition, by <u>Simha R. Magal</u> and <u>Jeffrey Word</u> , ISBN: 978-0-470-88424-9															

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

2. Construction Project planning & Scheduling By Charles Patrick, Pearson, 2012
3. Construction Project Management Theory & practice --- Kumar Neeraj Jha, Pearson, 2012
4. Construction management Fundamentals by Knutson, Schexnayder, Fiori, Mayo, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2011

REFERENCES:

1. Construction Project Management Planning, Scheduling and Controlling-Chitakara Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
2. Construction Management – Roy, Pilcher
3. Construction Management – O’Brien.
4. Project Management-Planning and Control---Rory Burkey 4th ed.—Wiley, India.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVSE04	CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND ADMINISTRATION								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE This course will create awareness on contracts for construction industry; impart knowledge on tender preparation, tendering process, laws on arbitration, arbitration procedure and laws on dispute resolution in India.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To construct contracts														
2	To study the procedures of contracts														
3	To understand resolution methods														
4	Conditions of contracts														
5	To study in detail about arbitration														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.Understand the laws on contracts for construction industry in India														Understand	
CO2.Apply knowledge of contracts in preparation of contract document and tendering process														Apply	
CO3. Apply appropriate methods to assess the critical factors in contracts leading to arbitration and disputes between the parties														Apply	
CO4.Apply appropriate methods to assess the critical factors in contracts leading to arbitration and disputes between the parties														Apply	
CO5.Understand the Objectives, general provisions of Indian Arbitration And Conciliation Act 1996														Understand	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	S	--	--	L	--
CO2	S	L	--	--	--	M	S	--	S	--	S	M	--	--	M
CO3	S	S	M	--	--	M	--	--	S	--	S	M	L	L	M
CO4	S	M	M	--	--	M	--	--	S	--	S	--	--	--	--
CO5	S	L	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	--	S	M	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS: Standard forms of contracts, methods of inviting tenders, pre-bid meetings, pre-qualification system, scrutiny of tenders and comparative statement-Contract formation, conditions of contracts, contracts with various stakeholders on a major construction projects, contract pricing by the client, project management consultants and the contractor, contract performance, contract correspondence and contract closure															
CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS: Extra items and causes of claims. Types of construction claims, documentation. Settlement of claims, extension of time.															
DISPUTE RESOLUTION: Causes of disputes and importance of role of various stakeholders in prevention of disputes, Alternate Dispute Resolution methods- mediation, conciliation, arbitration and Dispute Resolution Boards.															
CONTRACT CONDITIONS: a) General condition and Particular conditions, conditions of Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation- Government Of India. Model forms of contract. Role of Planning Commission. b) ICE conditions-Introduction, FIDIC conditions- evolution of FIDIC document, types based on whether design is of employer or contractor, Design & Build contract, EPC contract, short forms of contract- Colour Code.															
ARBITRATION: Indian Arbitration And Conciliation Act 1996 Difference between 1940 Act and 1996 Act. Extent of application of 1996 Act. Objectives, general provisions. Composition of the arbitral tribunal, jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal, duties, power of arbitrators															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates - B. S. Patil – Universities Press- 2006 Edition reprinted, in 2009.															
2. The Indian Contract Act (9 of 1872), 1872- Bare Act- 2006 edition, Professional Book Publishers.															
3. The Arbitration and Conciliation Act,(1996), 1996 (26 of 1996)- 2006 Edition, Professional Book Publisher.															
REFERENCES:															
1. Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems- Dr. S.R. Myneni- 2004 Edition,															

2. Standard General Conditions for Domestic Contracts- 2001 Edition- Published by Ministry Of Statistics and Program Implementation, Government of India.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

2. Calin M. Popescu, Chotchal Charoenngam, “Project Planning, Scheduling and Control in Construction: An Encyclopedia of terms and Applications”, Wiley, New York, 2005.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE06	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE To Understand the most theoretical models and key concepts in Human Resources Management within in organizations.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	Understand HRD parameters														
2	Understand the principle techniques concerning people management within organizations														
3	To understand HRD policies														
4	To calculate manpower														
5	To plan for career and development														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.Discuss how to strategically plan for the human resources needed to meet organizational goals and objectives														Apply	
CO2.Define the process of job analysis and discuss its importance as a foundation for human resource management practice														Understand	
CO3. Comprehend the human resource management and evaluative practices														Apply	
CO4. Remember and understand the Techniques of manpower planning, Estimation of manpower for company project														Understand	
CO5. Understand the Career & Development Planning and market surveying.														Understand	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	L	--	M
CO2	S	M	L	S	--	--	M	--	--	L	S	--	S	--	M
CO3	S	M	M	S	--	--	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	--
CO4	M	L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	--	M	S
CO5	M	L	S	--	--	M	--	--	--	--	M	L	--	M	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Need of HRD in the context of globalization, various HRD parameters viz. performance appraisal, potential appraisal, training rewards and recognition etc. Elements of the ICDP i.e. integrated construction development paradigm, key elements of HRD such as basic literacy, functional skills, supervisory skills, entrepreneurship skills. Personal Management – Concept of Personal Management, Role and Function of Personal Manager, Necessity of Personal Management.															
TRAINING: Training of multi-skilled workforce, quality, productivity and employee relations in construction, training of engineers related to issues such as management capabilities, formation 26 of joint ventures, privatization and BOT type of systems															
HRD DEPARTMENT AND HRM: Structure of department, personal office at head office and project site, personal selection, placement, training, transfer, promotion, retirement, health, welfare, working conditions, relation with other departments, workers participation in management, distinct processes associated with human resource management viz. sourcing, outsourcing, de-centering, flexi working, multi-skilling issues related with subcontracting.															
MANPOWER CALCULATIONS: Techniques of manpower planning, Estimation of manpower for company project, Manpower estimation at various stages, considering Risk due to Lead – time. Remuneration – Remuneration of personal, Job evaluation, performance appraisal, merit – rating, various methods of deciding the Remuneration.															
EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT AN RETENTION: Career & Development Planning- Approaches to Employee Career Development- Mentoring, Coaching and Succession Planning- Managing Turnover- Measuring & Monitoring Job Satisfaction- External Equity & Market Surveys															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Human Resource Management by Biswajeet Pattanayak,2005															
2. Personnel Management by Monappa A. – Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi1997															
3. Nair M. R. R, “Excellence through Human Resource Development”, Tata McGraw Hill.,2006															

REFERENCES:

1. Rao T, “HRD in the New Economic Environment”, Tata McGraw Hill, 1994.
2. Pareck , “HRD in the New Millenium”, Tata McGraw Hill,1999

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Professor	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansuprianair@gmail.com

2. ERP and Supply Chain Management by Christian N. Madu, Publisher: CHI 4. Implementing SAP ERP Sales & Distribution by Glynn C. Williams, Publisher McGraw-Hill,2013

REFERENCES:

1. Gordon B. Davis, “Management Information System: Conceptual Foundations Structure and Development”, McGraw Hill 2004

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr. Sudip Das	Asst. Prof	AVIT	sudipdas@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

GROUND WATER: Aquifers - Geological formations influencing ground water - Darcy's law - Permeability Conductivity - Transmissivity - Well hydraulics - Pump tests

RESERVOIRS: Types - Storage capacity and yield estimation - Rule curve of operation - Design flood and PMF

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Garg S.K. Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, 9th Edition, Khanna Publications, 1996.
2. Linsley R.K. and Franzini J.B., Water Resources Engineering, McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, 1990.
3. Raghunath H.M., Hydrology, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1985.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Todd,D.K., Ground Water Hydrology 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Limited,1985.
2. Ven Te Chow, Hand book of Applied Hydrology, McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York 1964

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com

17CVSE09	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF IRRIGATION PROJECTS						Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE To introduce the students to environmental impact assessment and enabling the students to conduct and implement EIA studies in the agricultural sector and other related industry for the betterment of society															
PREREQUISITE Irrigation Engineering															
COURSE OBJECTIVEGS															
1	Understand the EIA studies and help in carrying out the EIA studies at various hydro and irrigation projects														
2	Obtain essential skills to understand, critically read and evaluate, review and begin to conduct impact assessments and to balance and integrate environmental, social and economic needs														
3	Apply Knowledge and skills in relation to the framework and procedures of environmental impact assessment														
4	Use basic knowledge and skills to practice a number of selected methods used in Environmental impact assessments														
5	Understand the basic critical information to guide decisions about whether some hydro and irrigation projects and policies should be rejected														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. To expose the students to the need, methodology, documentation and usefulness of environmental impact assessment in water resources development											Apply				
CO2. The student will appreciate the importance of environment in water resources development and understand current methods of environmental assessment.											Apply				
Co3. Students will become aware of future challenges facing water resources management											Analyze				
Co4. Calculate the components of environmental impacts											Apply				
Co5. Analyze the environmental issues											Analyze				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	L	-	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	M	M	L		-	-	S	S	-	-	-	-	L	M	S
CO3	S	L	L	--	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
CO4	S	M	M		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES: Water resources development and environmental issues – Environmental regulations and requirements - The EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment) notification															
EIA FUNDAMENTALS: Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) – EIA in Project Cycle – Legal and Regulatory aspects in India according to Ministry of Environment and Forests – Types and limitations of EIA – Participation of Public and Non-Governmental Organizations in environmental decision making															
ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS: Hydrological and water quality impacts – Ecological and biological impacts – Social and cultural impacts – Soil and landscape changes – Agro economic issues – Human health impacts – Ecosystem changes.															
METHODS OF EIA : EIA team formation– Development of scope, mandate and study design – Base line survey – Check lists – Ad hoc procedures – Network and matrix methods – Semi-quantitative methods – ICID checklist – Economic approaches – Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) preparation.															

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN: In-stream ecological water requirements - Public participation in environmental decision making – Sustainable water resources development – Ecorestoration – Hydrology and global climate change – Human ecology – Ecosystem services – Environmental monitoring programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. L.W. Canter, “Environmental Impact Assessment”, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1995
2. Liu and Liptak, “Environmental Engineer’s Handbook”, CRCnet Base, 2008
3. Anjaneyulu and Valli Manickam, “Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies”, BS Publications, 1998.

REFERENCES:

1. Barthwal, R.R., Environmental Impact Assessment. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi. 2002.
2. .Petts, J., Handbook of Environmental Impact Assessment, Vol., I and II, Blackwell Science London. 1999.
3. Lawrence, D.P., Environmental Impact Assessment– Practical solutions to recurrent problems, Wiley- Inter Science, New Jersey. 2003.
4. Arnel, N., Hydrology and global environmental change. Prentice Hall, Harlow. 2002.
5. Chari. B., Richa Sharma and S.A. Abbasi, Comprehensive Environmental Impact Assessment of Water Resources Projects : With Special Reference to Sathanur Reservoir Project (Tamil Nadu)/K. Discovery Pub., New Delhi, 2005.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com

17CVSE10	WATERSHED CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE To introduce the students to surface and groundwater hydrology and enabling the students to work professionally in the environmental engineering sector and other related industry.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand concept of need for Water conservation .														
2	To analyze degradation of soil and water resources														
3	To perform of the measures for soil and water conservation.														
4	To provide a comprehensive treatise on the engineering practices for watershed management.														
5	To acquire knowledge on national programs on watershed conservation and soil degradation														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Students are able to develop and apply numerical model for various application along with better understanding aquifer characteristics.														Apply	
CO2. Students are able to understand aquifer properties and its dynamics after the completion of the course. It's imparts exposure towards well design and practical problems of ground water aquifers.														Apply	
Co3. Analyze the watershed management														Analyze	
Co4. Calculate the components of aquifer characteristics														Apply	
Co5. Analyze the wasteland development														Analyze	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO2	M	M	L		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-
CO3	S	M	M	--	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L
CO4	S	M	M		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	M	L
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Watershed concept - Classification - Characteristics – Land use classifications.															
SOIL CONSERVATION: Water eristic - Types of erosion - Estimation of soil loss - Conservation measures - Agricultural land, wastelands, gully - Mechanical and agronomical options - Design details - Wind erosion and its effects - Estimation of soil loss - Prevention measures Silting of reservoirs - Catchment treatment.															
WATERSHED MANAGEMENT: Basics of remote sensing technique - Data collection - Preparation of overlays use of GIS for data processing - Drought prone area program - Integrated watershed management															
WATER CONSERVATION : Need for water conservation - Augmentation - Water harvesting in agricultural land and Urban lands - Traditional and new concepts															
WASTELAND DEVELOPMENT : Degradation of land - Role of human and cattle - Waste land development program in India - Role of NGO - Participatory approach - Case studies															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Datta S.K., Soil Conservation and Land Management, International Book distribution, Dehra Dun, India, 1986.															
2. Glenn O.Schwab et al., Soil and Water Conservation Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1981															
REFERENCES:															
1. Garde R.J., Reservoir Sedimentation, INCOH Secretariat, National Institute of Hydrology, Roorkee, 1995.															
2. Murthy JVS., Watershed Management in India, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1995.															
3. Report of the High Level Committee on Waste Land, Development Department of Waste Land development, Ministry of Rural Areas and Employment, GOI, New Delhi, 1995															
COURSE DESIGNERS															

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE11	IRRIGATION SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE To introduce the students to surface and groundwater hydrology and enabling the students to work professionally in the environmental engineering sector and other related industry.															
PREREQUISITE Irrigation Engineering															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To inculcate the different types of irrigation systems and their performance based on service oriented approach														
2	To acquire knowledge on advancements in irrigation systems														
3	To analyze various irrigation system practices														
4	To perform irrigation scheduling														
5	To develop participatory irrigation system														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1 Students will understand the concept of soil-water-plant relationship and can apply it to schedule irrigation. Students can design surface, drip and sprinkler irrigation systems for various crops												Apply			
CO2 Students can design surface, drip and sprinkler irrigation systems for various crops												Apply			
Co3. To understand the climate change phenomenon and its related issues on water, irrigation and its social implications.												Analyze			
Co4. To orient towards the global climate change and its impact on water resources.												Apply			
Co5. Analyse the wasteland development												Analyze			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	M	M	L	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M
CO2	M	M	L		-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	L	-
CO3	S	M	M	S	S	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	S
CO4	S	M	M		-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	L	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	M	S	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
IRRIGATION DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA : Importance of Irrigation in Agriculture - Historical evolution of irrigation in India – Irrigation development during pre-colonisation – Colonisation and post-colonization – Different types of Irrigation prevalent in India: Warabandi, Shejpali and South Indian systems - Focus of Irrigation in India – Command area development approach and farmers participation.															
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS : Systems classification - Institutions for irrigation management–Diagnostic Analysis of Irrigation Systems -Rehabilitation and modernization – Performance indicators – Improving system performance – Conjunctive management – constraints faced.															
MAIN SYSTEM MANAGEMENT : Main system components – Reservoir allocation rule, Operating rule and optimization methods to improve main system performance - irrigation scheduling – Constraints															
COMMAND AREA DEVELOPMENT AND PARTICIPATORY IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT: Command area development principles – Participatory Irrigation Management and Irrigation management transfer – Constraints – Case studies															
IRRIGATION POLICY AND INSTITUTIONS: Present status of irrigation policy and institutions – Irrigation related conflicts – Institutional transformation needed – Constraints in effecting institutional transformation – Irrigation financing – Water pricing – Water market – Policy changes.															

TEXT BOOKS:

5. Rakesh Hooja, Management of Water for Agriculture: Irrigation, Water sheds and Drainage Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
6. Kijne, J.W., Barker, R and Molden, D, Water Productivity in Agriculture; Limits and Opportunities for improved, CABI Publishing, Walling ford, U.K, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Giodano. M and Villbolth K.G, The Agricultural Ground Water Revolution -Opportunities and threats to development, CABI Publishing, Walling ford, U.K, 2007

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.R.Johnson Daniel	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	johnsondaniel@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVSE12	COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT						Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE To understand the knowledge of necessary information about the location of records, media upon which records are stored, methods of protection, and the value of individual records.															
PREREQUISITE Nil															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To acquire basic knowledge on various computational methods														
2	To execute various models used for irrigation engineering														
3	To simulate irrigation practices using computed based software														
4	Application of advanced simulation techniques for irrigation practices														
5	To acquire basic knowledge about estimating water quality using current methods														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1 Students would have knowledge of soils and crops, which they can beneficially use as specialists in irrigation water management.											Apply				
CO2 Students could relate water quality and its dependence on sources of water pollution.											Apply				
Co3. Students would understand and interpret water quality data for beneficial uses and in water quality models.											Analyze				
Co4. On completion of this course the students will be able to solve various problems in the field of engineering employing probability and statistical methods.											Apply				
Co5. Students will able to estimate water quality using current methods and make evaluation of it for beneficial uses.											Analyze				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	M	L	S	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	S
CO2	M	M	L		-	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO3	S	M	L	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	M	M	L		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	M	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
ADVANCED COMPUTING TECHNIQUES: Computing methods in water resources -Computing techniques - Solution to ordinary and partial differential equation using Finite difference and Method of Characteristics- Numerical integration and differentiation Design of digital models - Visual programming															
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE: Principle of Artificial Neural Network (ANN), Fuzzy Logic concepts and Applications –Genetic Algorithms-Heuristic Optimization techniques -Application of Artificial Intelligence to Hydrology and Crop Water Requirement model.															
DIGITAL DATA MANAGEMENT: Data base structure -Data acquisition -Data warehouse -Data retrieval-Data format Attribute -RDBMS -Data analysis -Network data sharing -Statistical Analysis (SYSTAT) -Regression -factor analysis - histogram -scatter diagram -Goodness of fit															
SIMULATION SOFTWARE IN WATER RESOURCES: Surface water models (HMS) -Storm Water Management Models (SWMM) – culvert hydraulic design(HY) – River Analysis system models (HEC-RAS)-Ground Water Flow models															
SIMULATION MODELS IN IRRIGATION WATER MANAGEMENT : Soil water assessment simulation models (SWAT) -Basin simulationmodels (MITSIM, VASIM) Real time operation models -Water Resources Information System, Management Information System. Decision support system for Irrigation management.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
4. Aliev R. A, and Aliev Rashad "Soft Computing and its Applications"World Scientific Publications Co. Pvt. Ltd. Singapore, 2001.															
5. Janusz Kacprzyk Applied Decision with Soft Computing Springer, 2003															

6. Carlos A. Coello, David A Van Veldhuizen, Gary B Lamont, "Evolutionary Algorithms for Solving Multi-objective problems", Springer, 2002.
7. Tayfur Gökmen "Soft computing in water resources engineering", WIT Press, Great Britain, UK, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Remson I, Hornberger G.M. and Moiz F.J., "Numerical methods in Sub-Surface Hydrology". Wiley Inter Science, 1985
2. Kazda, I., "Finite element Techniques in ground water flow studies (with Applications in Hydraulic and Geotechnical Engineering)", Else vier, 1990.
3. Abbott M.B, and Minns A.W. "Computational hydraulics" Ashgate, London, UK, 2007.
4. Loucks Daniel P., Jery R Stedinger and Douglas, A. Haith, Water Resources systems Planning and Analysis. Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Clifts, New Jersey, 1981

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Ms.P.Subathra	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE13		AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS					Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE To introduce the students to computational methods in irrigation management and enabling the students to work professionally in the agricultural sector and other related industry.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand nature and scope of agricultural economics														
2	To infer Monetary policy , Money supply and economic activity														
3	To determine demand and supply; its applications to agricultural goods, Theory and cost of production														
4	To acquire knowledge on consent of farm management and whole farm planning.														
5	To understand the Role of welfare economics, welfare economics in comparison with agricultural economics.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1 To provide an overall exposure on the use of economic concepts in irrigation development.										Apply					
CO2 To impart knowledge on economic planning so as to enable viable allocation of resources in the irrigation sector.										Apply					
Co3. The students will understand the economic concepts useful for overall irrigation development based on the current trends of production, consumption and farm economics.										Analyze					
Co4 The students will acquaint themselves in the allocation of resources and financial analysis in the irrigation sector.										Apply					
Co5. To enable the students to understand application of the latest information technology to water resources engineering										Analyze					
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L	M	L	S	S	-	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	L
CO2	M	L	L		-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-
CO3	S	M	L	S	M	S	-	-	L	L	-	-	S	M	L
CO4	S	L	L		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	L	-	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION : Definition – Nature and scope of agricultural economics – Basic skills of Agricultural economist															
MACRO – ECONOMICS: Monetary policy – Money supply and economic activity – Inflation and deflation – Fiscal policy – Agricultural policy – Discounting techniques															
MICRO – ECONOMICS: Demand and supply; its applications to agricultural goods – Concept of elasticity – Money and financial market – Market supply function – Price determination – Theory and cost of production – Production function – Production management – Conditions of competition.															
WELFARE ECONOMICS: Role of welfare economics – Welfare economics in comparison with agricultural economics – Social welfare function – Economy stabilization – Income redistribution – regional development.															
FARM ECONOMICS: Concept of farm management – Whole farm planning – Farm records and budgeting – Uncertainty in farming – Farm business analysis															
TEXT BOOKS:															
3. Allan C.Deserpa., Micro – economic theory – Issues and applications Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Massachusetts, 1985.															
4. Mithani D.M., Macro-economics-Analysis and Policy Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1981															
REFERENCES:															
1. Douglas James L and Robert R.Lee., Economics of Water Resources Planning McGraw Hill Co., New Delhi, 1994.															

2. John W. Goodwin and Evan Drummond H., Agricultural Economics Reston Publishing Co., Virginia, 1982.
3. Ronald D. Kay., Farm Management, Planning, control and Implementation-McGraw Hill Co., 1981.

COURSE DESIGNERS:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com

17CVSE14	MODERNIZATION OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
To introduce the students to modern irrigation methods and enabling the students to work professionally in the irrigation technology and agricultural sector and other related industry.															
PREREQUISITE Irrigation Engineering															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the nature of system modernization and rehabilitation														
2	To know about the essential of system maintenance.														
3	To study about the history of inflow, Operational constraints, Management constraints, Resource constraints														
4	To know about deferred maintenance-causes-criteria used for taking rehabilitation.														
5	To study about the case study of rehabilitation and modernization of old projects														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Understand various irrigation methods and techniques														Understand	
CO2: Apply modern technique in irrigation management														Apply	
CO3: Construct and maintain various water bodies for irrigation purposes														Apply	
CO4: Posses knowledge on the various scenario for water management for irrigation purpose														Understand	
CO5 : Understand case study of rehabilitation and modernization of old projects														Understand	
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	L	-
CO2	S	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	-
CO3	S	-	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	S
CO4	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-
CO5	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Irrigation system-Classification-Nature of system modernization and rehabilitation															
SYSTEM MAINTENANCE: Maintenance - Essential, Catch up, Preventive and normal- Diagnostic analysis of flow, seepage, participatory rural appraisal- Rapid rural appraisal- Walk through survey- Development of maintenance program- Kudimaramath- Turnover to WUA															
PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION: System Performance- History of inflow, cropping pattern , system alterations, distribution performance-Operational constraints –Management constraints-Resource constraints															
REHABILITATION: Base line survey-Deferred maintenance-Causes-Criteria used for taking rehabilitation programs- software and hardware improvements-prioritization-Role of WUA-Monitoring and evaluation															
CASE STUDIES: Rehabilitation and modernization programs- Periyar Vaigai Project- Walawe Project-Tank modernization project-Water resources consolidation project.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Base Line Survey of Irrigation Command, Centre for Water Resources, Anna University, Chennai-25, 2000. Diagnostic analysis of Irrigation Systems, Volume2, Evaluation Techniques, Water Management Synthesis Project, Colorado State University, 1984.															
2. Improving Irrigation (performance through the use of MIS). The case of Mahi Kadana Gujarat, India.															
3. International Irrigation Management Institute and WALMI, Gujarat, 1994.															

REFERENCES:

1. Lecture Notes Sixth Training of Trainers Course, volume 2 Centre for water Resources, Anna University, Chennai-25, 1997.
2. Phase II Extension Tank Modernization Project with EEC Assistance, Monitoring and Evaluation Final Report, Centre for Water resources, Anna University, Chennai, November 2000.
3. Planning and Mobilization of Farmers Organization and Turnover- Tamil Nadu Water Resources Consolidation Project –Centre for Water Resources and Ocean Management, Anna University, Chennai-25, 1997.
4. Tank Modernization Project with EEC assistance – Monitoring and Evaluation: Final Reports-Centre for Water Resources, Anna University, Chennai, November, 2000.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com

17CVSE15	TYPOLOGY OF NATURAL AND MANMADE DISASTERS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to agricultural economics and enabling the students to manage information throughout the total life cycle, from creation or inception, through its use, storage, retrieval, to its final disposition, are more likely to properly place disaster planning in their total management program.

PREREQUISITE

Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To Understand basic concepts of disaster
2	To understand causes and factors controlling natural and technological disasters.
3	To distinguish between processes controlling various disasters.
4	To participate in various disaster mitigation program
5	To participate in various disaster management program

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand various factors causing disaster	Understand
CO2: Understand various types of disaster and their causes	Understand
CO3: Apply various criteria in understanding the effect of disaster	Apply
CO4: Posses knowledge on various management measures during a disaster	Apply
CO5: Participate in disaster management activities during a disaster	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	-
CO2	S	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	-
CO3	S	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	S	M	-
CO4	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	S	-	L
CO5	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	-	-	M		S	-	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Introduction - Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability, Disaster - Meaning, Nature, Importance, Dimensions & Scope of Disaster Management - Disaster Management Cycle

NATURAL DISASTERS - GEOLOGICAL: Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects - Hydrological Disasters - Flood, Flash flood, Drought, cloud burst - Geological Disasters- Earthquakes, Tsunamis, Landslides, Avalanches, Volcanic eruptions, Mudflow.

NATURAL DISASTERS - HYDROLOGICAL & METEOROLOGICAL Types of Natural Disasters Wind related- Cyclone, Storm, Storm surge, Tidal waves, Heat and cold Waves - Climatic Change - Global warming - Sea Level rise - Ozone Depletion.

TECHNOLOGICAL DISASTERS: Man – made Disasters Chemical disasters, biological disasters, radiological disasters, nuclear disasters - Fire – building fire, coal fire, forest fire, Oil fire-Types of Man – made Disasters - Accidents- road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents - Pollution - air pollution, water pollution - Deforestation, Industrial waste.

FACTORS AFFECTING DISASTER MANAGEMENT: Disaster Determinants-Factors affecting damage – types, social status, habitation pattern, physiology and climate - Factors affecting mitigation measures, prediction, preparation, communication, area and accessibility, population, physiology and climate.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bryant Edwards (2005): Natural Hazards, Cambridge University Press, U.K.
2. Carter, W. Nick, 1991: Disaster Management, Asian Development Bank, Manila.

REFERENCES:

1. Central Water Commission, 1987, Flood Atlas of India, CWC, New Delhi.
2. Central Water Commission, 1989, Manual of Flood Forecasting, New Delhi.
3. Government of India, 1997, Vulnerability Atlas of India, New Delhi.
4. Sahni, Pardeep et.al. (eds.) 2002, Disaster Mitigation Experiences and Reflections, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr. D. S. Vijayan	Asso.Prof	AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in
2	Mr. S. Arvindan	Asst.Prof	AVIT	arvindsivasuriyan@avit.ac.in

17CVSE16	CRISIS COMMUNICATION & MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to agricultural economics and enabling the students to manage information throughout the total life cycle, from creation or inception, through its use, storage, retrieval, to its final disposition, are more likely to properly place disaster planning in their total management program.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To possess knowledge on Foundational principles and theory of crisis communication
2	To understand various phases of a crisis management
3	To understand various types theoretical fundamentals in crisis management
4	To acquire knowledge on the role of culture and organizational context in crisis communication
5	To understand various crisis communication theory, crisis management approaches

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand foundational principles and theory of crisis communication	Understand
CO2: Analyze various factors involving fundamental management during crisis and recovery activities	Analyze
CO3: Evaluate various crisis phases	Evaluate
CO4: Understand role of culture and organizational context in crisis communication	Understand
CO5: Analyze various crisis communication theory, crisis management approaches	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	L	-	-	L	L	-	-	L	-	L	-	-
CO2	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	S	S	-
CO3	S	-	-	S	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	-	-	S	-	M
CO5	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	S	S	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Introduction- Before, During, and after crisis - How to Handle - Preparing for a Crisis - Implementing a Crisis Audit-Creating, Simulating, revising a Crisis Plan-Technology Attacks

TERM RELATED TO CRISIS: Types of Crises- Natural, Man-made, Combination -Technologies

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN BEFORE CRISIS: Long-range preparation- reputation management - issues identification- crisis audit

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING THE CRISIS: Implementing the plan-conduct situation - prioritize actions- dos and don'ts in dealing with media-human issues in crisis situations

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN AFTER THE CRISIS AND RECOVERY: Short-term and long-term - immediate organizational resumption - long-term recovery -updating the plan – lessons learned

TEXT BOOKS:

- Fearn-Banks, Kathleen Crisis Communications, A Casebook Approach, 3rd Ed. (2007) Pub: Erlbaum. "Textbook" Cases.
- Rumors and Cybercrises. Natural Disasters. Cultures: Foreign and Domestic. Death and Injury.Consumer-Caused Crises. The Crisis Communications Plan. Appendices

REFERENCES:

- Central Water Commission, 1987, Flood Atlas of India, CWC, New Delhi. Central Water Commission, 1989, Manual of Flood Forecasting, New Delhi. Government of India, 1997, Vulnerability Atlas of India, New Delhi.

2. Sahni, Pardeep et.al. (eds.) 2002, Disaster Mitigation Experiences and Reflections

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Dr.D.S.Vijayan	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE17	DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND DECISION MAKING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to agricultural economics and enabling the students to understand the plan and to identify specific risks such as building and equipment hazards that can result in flooding to records storage areas, dangerous storage practices that increase the risk of fire near irreplaceable research and development records, and periodic electric storms or tornados that endanger electronically generated vital records

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To create appropriate planning, preparation and response for emergency treatment in disaster situation.
2	To understand the role of various institution in disaster management
3	To implement disaster drills and provide opportunities to participate in disastrous situation.
4	To learn efficient emergency skills for providing support to disaster survivors.
5	To coordinate disaster management activity

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the importance of preparedness in disaster management	Understand
CO2: Perform various preparedness related activities during disaster management	Apply
CO3: Understand the role of various institutions in disaster management and response activities	Understand
CO4: Prepare response plan for disaster management	Apply
CO5: Participate and coordinate disaster management activity	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	P O 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1 1	PO12	PSO 1	PSO2
CO1	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	S	S		-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	S	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-
CO4	S	-	S	-	L	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-
CO5	S	-	S	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS: Disaster Preparedness- concept and significance - Disaster Preparedness Measures - Institutional Mechanism for Disaster Preparedness - Disaster preparedness with special needs/ vulnerable groups - Disaster Preparedness: Policy and Programs

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS PLAN: Concept and Significance of Disaster Preparedness Plan - Disaster Preparedness Plan essentials - Community Based Disaster Preparedness plan - Prediction, Early Warnings and Safety Measures of Disaster

ROLE OF DIFFERENT ORGANIZATIONS/INSTITUTIONS: Role of Information, Education, Communication, and Training - Role of Government, International and NGO Bodies - Role of Information Technology (IT) in Disaster Preparedness - Role of Geographers on Disaster Management

DISASTER RESPONSE: Essential Components of Disaster Response, Disaster Response Plan, Resource Management- Financial, Medical, equipment, communication, Human, transportation, Food and essential commodity (Identification, Procuring, Propositioning and deployment), Directing and controlling functions - Communication, Participation &

activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan, Logistics Management, Emergency support functions, Need and damage assessment

COORDINATION IN DISASTER RESPONSE: Disaster Response Plan - Communication, Participation, and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan - Search, Rescue, Evacuation and Logistic Management - Psychological Response and Management - Psychological Response and Management (Trauma, Stress, Rumor and Panic) - Relief and Recovery - Medical Health Response to Different Disasters

TEXT BOOKS:

5. Bryant Edwards (2005): Natural Hazards, Cambridge University Press, U.K.
6. Roy, P.S. (2000): Space Technology for Disaster management: A Remote Sensing & GIS Perspective, Indian Institute of Remote Sensing (NRSA) Dehradun

REFERENCES:

1. M Sharma, R.K. & Sharma, G. (2005) (edition) Natural Disaster, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
2. www.gis.development.net
3. www.iirs.nrsa.org
4. <http://quake.usgs.gov>.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Ms.C.Vaidevi	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	vaidevi.c@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE18	VULNERABILITY MAPPING TECHNIQUES FOR DISASTERS							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								CC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
To introduce the students to agricultural economics and enabling the students to know Risk assessment is a management tool for determining the likelihood of a disaster and its financial impact on the area. A specific amount is placed on each potential disaster by calculating an Annual Loss Expectancy (A.L.E.)															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	Discuss the foundational principles and theory of vulnerability mapping techniques for disasters														
2	Describe the phases of a hazard and theoretical foundations of vulnerability mapping techniques for disasters														
3	Understand the importance of in vulnerability mapping in cultural context														
4	Understand the role of various organizations in vulnerability mapping														
5	To acquire knowledge of remote sensing and GIS for risk assessment														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Understand the importance of risk and vulnerability in disaster management													Remember		
CO2: Analyze various risk techniques													Analyze		
CO3:Understand vulnerability parameters and importance of organizational structure in vulnerability analysis													Apply		
CO4: Apply remote sensing and GIS for Risk assessment													Apply		
CO5: Possess knowledge on Indian Scenario in Risk management													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	L	-	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	S	-	-
CO2	S	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	M
CO3	S	M	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	M	-
CO4	S	S	-	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	S	-
CO5	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
HAZARD, RISK AND VULNERABILITY: Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability: Concept and Relationship- Understanding Risk: Concepts and Elements - Disaster Risk Reduction- Risk Analysis Techniques- People Participation in Risk Assessment															
VULNERABILITY CONCEPT AND PARAMETERS: Vulnerability: Concept and Parameters- Vulnerability Analysis- Observation and Perception of Vulnerability - Vulnerability Identification															
SURVIVAL: Socio-Economic Factors of Vulnerability-Vulnerability of Shanty Town- Experience of Vulnerability in India- Strategies for Survival															
TECHNIQUES OF RISK AND VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS: Risk Assessments and Vulnerability Analysis Techniques, Remote Sensing and GIS Basic															
CASE STUDIES: Regional planning in India - Regional planning-National & International case studies															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. White, Gilbert F. and J. Eugene Hass, 1975, Assessment of Research on Natural Hazards, Cambridge, the MIT Press, MA.NOAA Coastal Services Center, “Linking People Information and Technology,:															
2. “Risk and Vulnerability Assessment Tool”.															
REFERENCES:															

1. <http://www.csc.noaa.gov/rvat/criticaledd.html>

2. www.nidmindia.nic.in

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.Pa.Suriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	suriya@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE19	INDUSTRIAL HAZARDS PREVENTIVE MANAGEMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								CC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE To introduce students to industrial hazard and enabling them in assessing various industrial hazard and plan for safe disposal for the betterment of related industry and society.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To understand various industrial hazards and their effects.														
2	To assess risk and hazard analysis of Industries.														
3	To prepare offsite and onsite plans.														
4	To understand the importance operating procedures in disaster management														
5	To understand the importance of training and mock drills in disaster management														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Understand factors affecting various technological disaster													Understand		
CO2: Categorize various industrial disasters based on their occurrence													Understand		
CO3:Analyze various factors affecting Risk													Analyze		
CO4: Prepare onsite and offsite plans for disaster management													Apply		
CO5: To participate in training and mock drills in disaster management activities													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L
CO2	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO3	S	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	S	-
CO4	S	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	-	L	M	S
CO5	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	S	-	S	-	S	M	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION : Concept, Need and Importance of Industrial Disaster Management															
INDUSTRIAL HAZARDS : Chemical hazards, Biological hazards, Radiological hazards, nuclear hazards, Physical hazards, Electrical hazards, Fire hazard, Gas hazards etc..															
RISK ASSESSMENT & HAZARD IDENTIFICATION : Checklist procedure, Preliminary hazard analysis, What if analysis, Failure mode effect analysis, Hazard and operability (HAZOP) studies, Hazard analysis techniques: Fault tree analysis, Event tree analysis, General outline of DOW index, Risk estimation and management, Major hazard control. Identification of hazard, Categorization methods for elimination of hazard, Mechanical hazards.															
DISASTER MANAGEMENT ONSITE PLANS : Standard operating procedures, control room, safety officer, and Different committees for Disaster management, rescue team, training, exercises and mock drills.															
DISASTER MANAGEMENT OFFSITE PLANS : Dissemination of information, identification of vulnerable locations, need and damage assessment, rescue and relief plans, compensation.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
3. Disaster Administration and Management, Text & Case studies- SL Goel-Deep and Deep Publications.															
4. Hazardous Materials Disaster Management-Arun kumar Talwar, Commonwealth Publisher.															
REFERENCES:															
1. Heinrich H.W. “Industrial Accident Prevention” McGraw-Hill Company, New York,															

2. “Safety in Industry” N.V. Krishnan Jaico Publisher House, 1996

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mrs.R.Abirami	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

film resolution, electronic imaging, aerial videography, multi band imaging,. Elements of aerial photo interpretation, Preparation of photogeological map

TEXT BOOKS:

3. P.A. Burrough, 2007, Principles of Geographical Information System for Land Resource Assessment, Oxford University Press, p.345.
4. Tor Bernhardsen, 2009, Geographic information system an introduction, 3rd edition, Wiley student edition, p.428
5. P.A. Longley, M.F. Goodchild, D.J. Manguire, D.W. Rhino, Geographical Information System, Volume I: Principal and Technical Issues, Volume II: Management Issues and Applications, John Wiley & Sons, p432.
6. Thomas M. Lillesand, Ralph W. Kiefer, Jonathan W. Chipman, 2007, Remote sensing and image interpretation, Fifth edition, Wiley student edition.
7. Agarwal, C.S. and Garg, P.K. 2000, Textbook on remote sensing in natural resources monitoring and management, Wheeler Publishing, A division of A.H.Wheeler & Co. Ltd., New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. Seelye Martin, 2004, An introduction to Ocean Remote sensing, Cambridge
2. Lee-Lueng Fu Anny Cazenave, 2010, Satellite altimetry and earth sciences, Academic press, International geophysics series, p.432.
3. John. R. Schott, 2007, Remote sensing the image chain approach, Oxford university press, p.394.
4. Ian Heywood, 2006, An introduction to GIS, Prentice Hall, 464p.
5. Paul A. Longley, 2010, Geographic Information Systems and Sciences, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 536p.
6. Michael f. Goodchild, 2005, Geographical Information System

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.K.Naveen Kumar	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	naveen.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVSE21	FINANCE AND INSURANCE IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT									Category	L	T	P	Credit	
										EC	3	0	0	3	
To introduce the students to understand the finance and insurance related records that are normally used and filed as a unit that can be evaluated.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To introduce to various banking practices														
2	To acquire knowledge on various rules and regulation of RBI & LIC														
3	To acquire knowledge on various rules and regulation in insurance practices														
4	To expertise in disaster related insurance policies														
5	To participate in disaster management activities														
6	To introduce to various banking practices														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1: Understand importance of banking in disaster management													Understand		
CO2: Understand importance of RBI & LIC in Indian Scenario													Understand		
CO3: Carryout various banking practices during emergency and crisis situation													Apply		
CO4: Perform various disaster related banking practices including insurance													Apply		
CO5: Advocate various insurance policies in disaster management activities													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L
CO2	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	S	S	-	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	M
CO4	S	S	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	M
CO5	S	S	-s	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	S	-	L	-	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION TO BANKING & FINANCE: Concept of Banking, Types of banks, Functions of banks; Tax administration; Public budgeting and finance systems; State and local finances															
CENTRAL BANK / RESERVE BANK : Role and function of central bank, RBI and Monetary Policy															
INTRODUCTION TO INSURANCE: Evolution and Features of Insurance, Classification of Insurance, Conditions relating to risk, selection or Risk															
LIFE INSURANCE & GENERAL INSURANCE: Principles of LIC, Privatization of Life Insurance Business, Role and performance of LIC, Non-life insurance – Fire, Automobile, Marine, Health, Rural, Social and miscellaneous insurances.															
INSURANCE POLICIES FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT: Evaluation of risk funding and risk transfer policies; Catastrophe insurance pool; Reserve funds and contingent credit policies; Role of Government and market participants; Insurance policy design; Fiscal cost of relief and reconstruction; Grants and low interest loan for reconstruction															
TEXT BOOK															
1. Money, Banking & Public Finance – T.N.Hajela- Ane Books Pvt. ltd-8th Edition.															
2. Banking and Financial Markets in India – BhasinNiti-New Century Publications-1947 to 2007.															
3. Banks & Institutional Management- Vasant Desai-Himalaya PublishingHouse-1st Edition.															

4. Banking theory and practices – K.C.Shekhar, LekshmyShekhar – Vikas Publishing House-19th Edition.

REFERENCES:

5. Insurance principles & practice –M.N.Mishra, S.B.Mishra -S.Chand Publication- 17th Edition
6. Life Insurance in India- H. Sadhak (Response Books) 1stEdition
7. Insurance in India- P.S.Palande, R.S.Shah, M.L.Lunawat (Response Books) 6th Edition
8. National Disaster Response Plan, NCDM, New Delhi, 2001.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Mail ID
1	Mr.D.Parthiban	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	parthiban.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE22	ADVANCED SYSTEM DYNAMICS MODELING IN TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To provide advanced level of knowledge in System Dynamics Modeling in Transportation Engineering

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To gain knowledge the simulation techniques in System Dynamics Modeling in Transportation Engineering
2	To learn subsystems modelling
3	To learn system dynamic modelling
4	Learn alternative view of dynamic modelling
5	To analyze case studies on dynamic modeling of transport systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Students would have understood the simulation techniques used in Transportation Engineering	Understand
Co2. Students would have understood subsystems modelling	Apply
Co3. Students would have understood system dynamic modelling	Apply
Co4. Students would have understood alternative view of dynamic modelling	Apply
CO5. Students would have analyses case studies on dynamic modeling of transport systems	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO 1	S	S	L	-	--	--	L	--	--	--	--	--	M	L	--
CO 2	S	M	L	S	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M	--	L
CO 3	S	M	S	S	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	--	--	M	--
CO 4	S	S	M	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	M
CO 5	S	M	S	-	--	--	--	--	L	--	--	--	L	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

COMPLEXITY AND SYSTEMS THINKING: Change – Complexity and Interdependency – Systems thinking – Floundering – Level of abstractions - Tools and Transitions in Systems Thinking – Synthesis and Organizational Learning

ADVANCED MODELING EFFORTS: Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series - Half-range Sine and Cosine series - Parseval's identity – Harmonic Analysis.Steady State Modeling – Discrete vs. Continuous – Generic infrastructures –Subsystems – Sensitivity parametering - Case Studies

ADVANCED SIMULATING TECHNIQUES: Graphical Bulletin function – Conveyor flows – Converter – Flow substitutes – Connector – Normalizing Inputs – Generic flow activities – Case Studies

MODELING PROCESS: System Dynamics Modeling challenges – Steps in Modeling Process – Guidelines – Model Boundary– Modeling soft variables – Quantification vs. Measurement

SOPHISTICATED DYNAMICS MODELING:Need – Isolation Process – Demand Expansions – Cycle functions – Sensitivity Analysis – Alternative view of Dynamic Modeling

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pratab Mohapatra K.J. et al., "Introduction to System Dynamics Modeling", University Press, Hyderabad, 1994
2. Thirumurthy A.M., Environmental Facilities and Urban Development in India – A System Dynamics Model for Developing Countries, Academic Foundations, India, 1992

REFERENCES:

3. Technical Manual on An Introduction to Systems Thinking – STELLA Research Software, High Performance Systems Inc., Hannover, 1996
4. Advanced Manual on An Introduction to Systems Thinking – STELLAII Research Software, High Performance Systems Inc., Hannover, 2002

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Mr.Sanjay Kumar	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	sanjay.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVSE23	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS I	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To expose the students to the need, methodology, documentation and requirements of environmental and social impact assessment of Transportation Projects..

PREREQUISITE - NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Provides an exposure to various Environmental Laws and importance of EIA on Transportation Projects with respect to noise, air pollution, visual intrusion etc
2	Students would have understood the impact of Transportation projects on the environment and are able to develop and implement mitigation measures.
3	They will also know about the legal requirements of Environmental Assessment for projects
4	Students would have understood Impact of Traffic on Environment and Energy Efficiency strategies
5	Students would have understood Measures for Air and Noise Pollution Policies

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Provides an exposure to various Environmental Laws and importance of EIA on Transportation Projects with respect to noise, air pollution, visual intrusion etc.,	Analyze
CO2. Students would have understood the impact of Transportation projects on the environment and are able to develop and implement mitigation measures	Analyze
CO3. They will also know about the legal requirements of Environmental Assessment for projects	Apply
CO4. Students would have understood Impact of Traffic on Environment and Energy Efficiency strategies	Apply
CO5. Students would have understood Measures for Air and Noise Pollution Policies	Understand

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	L
CO2	-	M	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	S	-	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS IN URBAN AREAS AND EIA Laws concerned with protection of the environment such as Environmental Protection Act, Air and Noise Pollution Act, Motor Vehicle Act, Town and Country Planning Act, Development Control Regulation, Coastal Regulation Zone

MEASUREMENT AND POLLUTION PREDICTION: Stability and equilibrium of plane frames - perfect frames - types of trusses - analysis of forces in truss members - Method of joints - Method of tension coefficients - Method of section
Measurement of Air and Noise Pollution, Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation, Collection, Compilation and Presentation of Pollution and Impact Data, Measuring Impact before construction, at the time of construction and after construction, Prediction, Modeling and Validations.

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND MANAGEMENT Importance of EIA, Environmental Appraisal, EIA Statement, Vehicle and Traffic Noise, Ambient Noise Level, Health Effects, Vibration – Damage to building, Exhaust Emission – Pollutant, Health effects, Air Pollution, Urban Ambient Air Quality Standards, Effects on Human being

ENVIRONMENTAL MAINTENANCE AND LEGAL SYSTEMS: Impact of Traffic on Environment – Network Pattern, Urban Growth Indicators of Environmental Quality, Energy use, Fuel Economy in Transportation, Energy Efficiency strategies

MITIGATIVE MEASURES AND POLICIES Mitigate Measures for Air and Noise Pollution Policies and Strategies, Involvement of Stakeholders, Public Participation, And Institutional Arrangements.

TEXT BOOKS:

6. Larry W Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", McGraw Hill Publishers, 1996.
7. Rao V. Kolluru; "Environmental Strategies Handbook", McGraw Hill Publishers, 1994.
8. David Banister; "Transport Policy and Environment" E&FN Spain, 1999

REFERENCES:

10. World Bank; "the Impact of Environmental Assessment – A Review of World Bank Experience, Washington, 1997.
11. World Bank; Road and the Environment, Washington, 1997.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.C. Kathirvel	Asso. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	geologykathir@gmail.com
2	Dr. D. S. Vijayan	Asso.Prof	Civil / AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CVSE24	INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS						Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							CC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE															
<ul style="list-style-type: none">To learn the fundamentals of ITS.To study the ITS functional areasTo have an overview of ITS implementation in developing countries															
PREREQUISITE - NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	The Students should be able to Understand the sensor and communication technologies.														
2	The Students should be able to Apply the various ITS methodologies														
3	The Students should be able to Define the significance of ITS under Indian conditions														
4	The Students should be able to understand Dynamic Traffic Assignment														
5	The Students should be able to understand advanced traveler and information system														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. The Students should be able to Understand the sensor and communication technologies.											Understand				
CO2. The Students should be able to Apply the various ITS methodologies											Apply				
CO3. The Students should be able to Define the significance of ITS under Indian conditions											Understand				
CO4. The Students should be able to Understand the Dynamic Traffic Assignment											Understand				
CO5. The Students should be able to Understand the advanced traveler and information system											Apply				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	----	M
CO2	S	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	--	--
CO3	S	S	-	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L
CO4	S	S	-	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	L
CO5	M	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															

INTRODUCTION TO INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEM Definition – Role and Responsibilities – Advanced Traveler Information System – Fleet Oriented ITS Services – Electronic Toll Collection – Critical issues – Security – Safety

ITS ARCHITECTURE AND HARDWARE ITS Architecture Framework – Hardware Sensors – Vehicle Detection – Techniques – Dynamic Message Sign – GPRS – GPS – Toll Collection.

INTERSECTION MANAGEMENT: Video Detection – Virtual Loop - Cameras - ANPR – IR Lighting – Integrated Traffic Management – Control Centre – Junction Management Strategies

ADVANCED TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: ATMS – Route Guidance – Issues - Travel Information – Pre Trip and Enroute Methods – Historical – Current – Predictive Guidance – Data Collection – Analysis – Dynamic Traffic Assignment (DTA) – Components – Algorithm

ADVANCED TRAVELLER AND INFORMATION SYSTEM: ATIS Concepts – Smart Route System – Data Collection – Process – Dissemination to Travelers – Evaluation of Information – Value of Information – Business Opportunities

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Intelligent Transport Systems, Intelligent Transportation Primer, Washington, US, 2001
2. Henry F.Korth, and Abraham Silberschatz, Data Base System Concepts, McGraw Hill, 1992
3. E.Turban, "Decision Support and Export Systems Management Support Systems", Maxwell Macmillan, 1998

REFERENCES:

1. Sitausu S.Mitra, "Decision Support Systems – Tools and Techniques", John Wiley, New York, 1986
2. Cycle W.Halsapple and Andrew B.Winston, "Decision Support Systems – Theory and Application", Springer Verlag, New York, 1987

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr. D. S. Vijayan	Asso.Prof	AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

FREIGHT TRANSPORT: Econometric Models for Freight Forecasting – Input Output Models – Regional Network Systems – Graph Theory Application in Network Planning

DISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT: Supply Chain – Warehousing – Facility Location, Inventory – Mode Choice – Distribution System, Vehicle Routing and Scheduling

LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT: Logistics out sourcing – IT Application in Freight Logistics – Technology in Logistics Management – Intermodal Transportation

APPLICATION IN FREIGHT TRANSPORT: Commercial Fleet Management, Toll Plaza Analysis

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Blanchard ST.Benjamin, "Logistics Engineering and Management", Prentice Hall, Inc, Eaglewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632, 1986
2. Coyle J.J.Bardi JE, "The Management of Business Logistics", West Publishing Company, New York, 1984
3. Daganzo F.C and Newell FG, Vol.19B, No.5, pp.397-407, Physical Distribution from a Warehouse; Vehicle Coverage and Inventory Levels, Transportation Research, 1985
4. Edwin Bacht J.A., "Geography of Transportation and Business Logistics", Wm C Brown Company Publishers, Dubuque, IOWA, 1970
5. Herron P.David, "Managing Physical Distribution for Profit", Harvard Business Review, 1979

REFERENCES:

1. Khanna K.K., "Physical Distribution Management", Logistical Approach, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1985
2. Planning Commission, Government of India, Total Transport System Study – Report on Commodity Flows, Railways, Highways and Coastal Shipping, (Interim) by RITES, New Delhi, 1987
3. Shapiro D. Roy and Heskett L.James, "Logistics Strategy-Cases and Concepts", Wesg Publishing Company, New York, 1985

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr. D. S. Vijayan	Asso.Prof	AVIT	vijayan@avit.ac.in

17CVSE26	PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the concepts of design, evaluation and performance of existing and new flexible and rigid pavements with due emphasis on systems approach and performance prediction models.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To introduce the concepts of design, evaluation and performance of existing and new flexible and rigid pavements with due emphasis on systems approach and performance prediction models.
2	Students will have a knowledge on the evaluation of pavement performance
3	Students will have a knowledge on the design objectives and constraints
4	Students will have a knowledge on the Techniques for developing prediction models
5	Students will have a knowledge on the Repair of pavement defects

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Students will have a knowledge on the concepts of design, evaluation and performance of existing and new flexible pavements with due emphasis on systems approach and performance prediction models.	Understand
CO2. Students will have a knowledge on the evaluation of pavement performance	Apply
CO3. Students will have a knowledge on the design objectives and constraints	Understand
CO4. Students will have a knowledge on the Techniques for developing prediction models	Apply
CO5. Students will have a knowledge on the Repair of pavement defects	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	L	--	L
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	--	--
CO3	S	L	M	S	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	M
CO4	S	M	L	M	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	--	L	S
CO5	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	M	S

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PROCESS Historical background – general nature and applicability of systems methodology – basic components of Pavement Management System –Network and Project level of PMS - PMS functions- planning pavement investments

EVALUATION AND PERFORMANCE: General concepts – economic and functional evaluation – evaluation of pavement performance – evaluation of structural capacity – pavement distresses – condition surveys – safety evaluation

DESIGN STRATEGIES: Framework for pavement design – design objectives and constraints – basic structural response models – characterization of physical design inputs – generating alternative pavement design – economic evaluation of alternative design – analysis of alternative design strategies – selection of optimal design strategy.

PERFORMANCE PREDICTION MODELS: Techniques for developing prediction models – AASHO, CRRI and HDM models – computer applications – Identification of alternatives –deterioration modeling- priority programming Methods

REHABILITATION : Repair of pavement defects – maintenance of flexible and rigid pavements – bituminous and cement concrete overlays – system analysis,

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ralph Haas, W.Ronald Hudson and John Zaniewski, Modern Pavement Management, Kreigar Publishing Company, New York, 1994
2. M.Y.Stalin, Chapman and Hall Pavement Management for Airports, Roads and Parking Lots , New York, 1992

REFERENCES:

1. Michael Sargious, Pavements and Surfacing for Highways and Airports, AppliedScience Publishers Limited, London, 1975

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.J.Srija	Asst. Professor	Civil / AVIT	srija.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com

17CVSE27	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS IN TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
Introduce the students, the recent techniques of Remote Sensing and GIS and I Its application in Traffic and Transportation Engineering															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	The Students would have knowledge on the basics of remote sensing														
2	The Students would have knowledge on the basics of gis techniques and their application in the transport sectors														
3	The Students would have knowledge on the data structures and analysis														
4	The Students would have knowledge on the basic applications in transportation														
5	The Students would have knowledge on the Advanced Traveler Information System														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. The Students would have knowledge on the basics of remote sensing													Apply		
CO2. The Students would have knowledge on the basics of gis techniques and their application in the transport sectors													Apply		
CO3. The Students would have knowledge on the data structures and analysis													Analyze		
CO4. The Students would have knowledge on the basic applications in transportation													Apply		
CO5. The Students would have knowledge on the Advanced Traveler Information System													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	M	L	S
CO2	S	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	-
CO4	S	L	M	M	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	L	-	M
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-L	-	L	-	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															

INTRODUCTION TO REMOTE SENSING: Definition – Components of Remote Sensing – Energy, Sensor, Interacting Body – Active and Passive Remote Sensing – Platforms – Aerial and Space Platforms – Balloons, Helicopters, Aircraft and Satellites – Electromagnetic Radiation – EMR Spectrum

INTRODUCTION TO GIS: Basic Concept and Components – Hardware, Software – Data Spatial and non-spatial – Geo-referencing – Map Projection – Types of Projection – Simple Analysis – Data retrieval and querying **DATA**

STRUCTURES AND ANALYSIS: Database – Raster and Vector data structures – Data storage – Run length, Chain and Block coding – Vector data storage – Topology – GIS Modelling - Raster and Vector data analysis – Buffering and overlaying techniques – Network Analysis – Spatial Analysis

BASIC APPLICATIONS IN TRANSPORTATION: Highway and Railway Alignment, location of transport terminals and roadside facilities, bus stops – Route optimization – Bus route rationalization – Accident analysis – Applications of Aerial Photography and Satellite Imageries

ADVANCED APPLICATIONS: GIS as an integration technology – Integration of GIS,GPS and Remote Sensing Techniques – Advanced Traveler Information System (ATIS) – Automatic Vehicle Location System (AVLS)

TEXT BOOKS:

3. Anji Reddy, "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York, 1987.
1. M.G.Srinivas, "Remote Sensing Applications", Narosa Publishing House, 2001.
2. Burrough P.A, "Principles of GIS for Land Resources Assessment", Oxford Publication, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. Jeffrey Star and John Ester, Geographical Information System – An Introduction, Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffe, 1990.
2. Marble, D.F, Calkins, H.W and Penquest, Basic Readings in GIS, Speed System Ltd., New York, 1984.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in

17CVSE28	URBAN TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE– PLANNING AND DESIGN	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Helps in Design of Intersections, Interchanges, Parking and Terminal Facilities to be provided in an urban area

PREREQUISITE – NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Helps in Design of Intersections, Interchanges, Parking and Terminal Facilities to be provided in an urban area
2	The students would have gained knowledge on Rail Infrastructure Management
3	The students would have gained knowledge on Design of Grade Separators and intersections
4	The students would have gained knowledge on Design of Multi-Storey and Surface Parking facility
5	The students would have gained knowledge on Design and Case Studies of Inter Modal Transfer Facilities

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. The students would have gained knowledge on Rail Infrastructure Planning, Operation and Management.	Apply
CO2. The students would have gained knowledge on Rail Infrastructure Management.	Understand
CO3. The students would have gained knowledge on Design of Grade Separators and intersections	Apply
CO4. The students would have gained knowledge on Design of Multi Storied and Surface Parking facility	Apply
CO5. The students would have gained knowledge on Design and Case Studies of Inter Modal Transfer Facilities	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	L	-	-	S	L
CO2	S	-	L	S	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-
CO3	S	-	M	S	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	S	M	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	-	-	-	M	L	L
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	-

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PRINCIPLES OF INTERSECTION DESIGN: Basic considerations – simplicity – uniformity – Manoeuvre Elements – Separation of conflict points – Design Elements – Design Speed – Intersection Curves – Super elevation for curves at Intersection – Intersection Sight Distance

DESIGN OF AT-GRADE INTERSECTIONS: Capacity and LOS, Design of Rotary and Signalised Intersections, Vehicle Actuated Signals, Signal Co-ordination, Area Traffic Control System (ATCS), Pedestrian Planning at Grade Intersections

DESIGN OF GRADE SEPARATED INTERSECTIONS: Design of Grade Separators – Principles , Design Criteria – Layout Design, GAD Preparation – Pedestrian Foot Over-bridge and Subway Design – Pedestrian Planning for Grade Separated Intersections

PARKING FACILITIES : Parking – Demand – Characteristics – Space Inventory – Accumulation – Duration – Turn over – Index – Design of Multi Storey and Surface Parking facility

DESIGN OF TERMINAL FACILITIES: Bus Terminus – Design Principles – Design Elements – Design and Case Studies of Inter Modal Transfer Facilities – Design – Case Studies of Bus and Rail Terminals.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Robert F Baker, (Edition) "Hand Book of Highway Engineering, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, New York, 1975
2. Kanna, S.K. and Justo, C.E.G. "Highway Engineering, Nemchand.

REFERENCES:

- 1 .New Jersey, "Transportation and Traffic Engineering Hand Book, Institute of Transportation Engineers, Prentice Hall, INC, 1982

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Dr.T.Subramani	Professor & Head	Civil / VMKVEC	tsm2007@rediffmail.com
2	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in

17CVSE29	PRINCIPLES OF VALUATION	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to understand about the importance and need of valuation, concepts of valuers and appraisers, to know about the depreciation, the market value and depreciated replacement cost

PREREQUISITE : Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | To learn about the importance, need and advantages of valuation. |
| 2 | To develop the knowledge regarding concept of land and property. |
| 3 | To understand about the different types of assets and properties. |
| 4 | To know about the price, cost, market and value. |
| 5 | To study about the Depreciated Replacement Cost (DRC) |

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|---|------------|
| CO1 Remember the importance, need and advantages of valuation. | Remember |
| CO2 Understand the knowledge regarding concept of land and property. | Understand |
| CO3 Understand about the different types of assets and properties. | Understand |
| CO4 Remember the price, cost, market and value. | Remember |
| CO5 Remember the Depreciated Replacement Cost (DRC) | Remember |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	P O 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	L	L	-	-	-	S	L	L
CO3	S	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	S	-	L
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	S	M	L	L	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Importance Of Valuation – Need Of Valuation – Do's And Don'ts In Valuation – Advantages Of Valuation.

LAND AND PROPERTY CONCEPTS: Valuation of Land – Property - personal property - Property Valuers - Asset Valuers – Appraisers - Price changes over time result from specific and general effects of economic and social forces.

REAL ESTATE, PROPERTY, AND ASSET CONCEPTS: Real Estate - Real Property - Personal Property- Current Assets - Non-Current Assets - Property, Plant, and Equipment - Other Non-Current Assets – Depreciation.

PRICE, COST, MARKET AND VALUE : Price – Cost – Market and Value - Professional , Valuers - The Market Value
VALUATION APPROACHES : Valuation Approaches - Cost Approach - Sales Comparison Approach- 3 Income Capitalization Approach- Depreciated Replacement Cost (DRC)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Principles of Valuation Paperback – Import, 27 May 2009 by John Armatys, Phil Askham & Mike Green
2. Valuation of Real Properties, PB by Rangwala.

REFERENCES:

1. Economics and Property, by Danny Myer
2. Advanced Valuation for Secured Lending by Banks and Financial Institutions, by Syamales Datta
3. Valuation of Immovable Properties under Direct Taxes, by Girish C. Gupta
4. Real Estate Investment: A Strategic Approach, by Andrew Baum.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE30	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT & ECONOMICS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to understand about the concept of management in real-estate and implementation procedure, how to use real estate in urban development, regulatory laws and about the developers and promoters and how to do management of housing and Ownership and tenancies in real estate.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To understand about the Concept of management in real-estate development and administration.
2	To learn about the Housing Finance Development Corporation and other financial institutions.
3	To understand about the developers and promoters and regulatory laws for construction.
4	To study about the Management of different types of housing and public buildings.
5	To learn about the Ownership and tenancies in real estate.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1.Understand about the Concept of management in real-estate development and administration.	Understand
CO2.Remember about the Housing Finance Development Corporation and other financial institutions.	Remember
CO3.Understand about the developers and promoters and regulatory laws for construction	Understand
CO4.Remember about the Management of different types of housing and public buildings	Remember
CO5.Remember about the Ownership and tenancies in real estate.	Remember

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	L	-	M	-	-	-	-	S	L	M
CO2	S	L	L	S	-	-	-	M	M	-	-	M	--	S	--
CO3	S	M	M	S	-	-	L	-	-	M	-	-	L	--	--
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	L	-	--	M	M
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	L	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Concept of management in real-estate development and administration; aims, objects and practices renewal of leases and alternate methods for efficient estate management.

REAL ESTATE IN URBAN DEVELOPMENT: Urban development finance with particular reference to real-estate: role of Housing Finance Development Corporation and other financial institutions and agencies.

DEVELOPERS, PROMOTERS AND LAWS: Private development enterprises by developers and promoters; regulatory laws for construction of multi-storied buildings, transfers and administration.

MANAGEMENT OF HOUSING: Management of co-operative housing, apartment housing, corporate housing and public buildings

OWNERSHIP IN REAL ESTATE: Ownership and tenancies in real estate: effect of rent control and other laws. Methods of fixing rent, rigidity and flexibility

TEXT BOOKS:

1) Michael Thorncroft, Principles of Estates Management

2) W.A Leach, Urban Estates Management Vol. I and II

REFERENCES:

1) John P. Macey, Housing Management, Estate Gazettes.

2) Lichfield, Economics of Planning development

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.M.Senthilkumar	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	senthilkumar@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE31	REAL ESTATE HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		CC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To introduce the students to understand about the strategic HRM, human resource environment, recruitment and retention strategies, performance management strategies and global hr strategies

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To study about the various types of strategies and HR plans and policies
2	To understand about the Global environment; Global competition and Global sourcing of labour
3	To learn about the recruitment process outsourcing, employee empowerment and employee involvement
4	To study about the performance management strategies
5	To know about the global HR strategies

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Remember the various types of strategies and HR plans and policies	Remember
CO2. Understand about the Global environment; Global competition and Global sourcing of labor	Understand
CO3. Remember the recruitment process outsourcing, employee empowerment and employee involvement	Remember
CO4. Remember the performance management strategies	Remember
CO5. Understand the global HR strategies	Understand

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	S	-	L	-	-	L	-	-	M	L	M
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	M	--	L
CO3	L	L	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	--	
CO4	S	M	L	M	S	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	--	--	L
CO5	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	L	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO STRATEGIC HRM: Definition, need and importance; Introduction to business and corporate strategies; Integrating HR strategies with business strategies; Developing HR plans and policies.

HUMAN RESOURCE ENVIRONMENT : Technology and structure; Workforce diversity; Demographic changes Temporary and contract labour; Global environment; Global competition Global sourcing of labour; WTO and labour standards

RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION STRATEGIES: Online recruitment; Employee referrals; Recruitment process outsourcing Head hunting; Executive education; Flexi timing; Telecommuting Quality of work life; Work - life balance; Employee empowerment Employee involvement; Autonomous work teams

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES Defining key result areas (KRA); Result based performance Linking performance to pay; Merit based promotions

GLOBAL HR STRATEGIES:Introduction to global HR strategies; Developing HR as a value added function

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Strategic HRM – Jeffery Mello, Thompson publication, New Delhi
2. Strategic HRM – Charles Greer, Pearson education Asia, New Delhi
3. Strategic HRM - Michael Armstrong, Kogan page, London

REFERENCES:

1. Strategic HRM – Agarwal, Oxford university press, New Delhi
2. Human resource management – Garry dessler, PHI, New Delhi

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.R.Divahar	Asso. Professor	Civil / AVIT	divahar.civil@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE32	LAWS FOR ACQUISITION AND CONTRACT								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									CC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE															
To introduce the students to understand about the Legislative laws and its application, Salient features of the Indian Constitution, features of local Government, types of contract and its application and Land Acquisition Act.															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about laws, Legislative enactments and Judicial precedents.														
2	To understand about features of the Indian Constitution, legal system and fundamental rights.														
3	To learn about types of Government, revenue system, etc.														
4	To study about types of contract and its guidelines, valuation etc.														
5	To learn about the contract and conveyance, Land Acquisition Act and Rent control laws.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Understand the laws and Judicial precedents													Understand		
CO2. Understand about the Indian Constitution, legal system and fundamental rights.													Understand		
CO3. Learn about types of Government, revenue system, etc.													Remember		
CO4. Understand about types of contract and its guidelines, valuation etc.													Understand		
CO5. Remember about the contract and conveyance, Land Acquisition Act and Rent control laws.													Remember		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	M	-	M	-	-	L	-	M	-	M	--	M
CO2	L	M	L	S	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	L	S
CO3	S	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	--	--
CO4	S	M	L	M	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	L	--
CO5	L	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	L	L	L	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															

ELEMENTARY JURISPRUDENCE: Law – its origin, source and ramifications. Legislative enactments – subordinate legislation – Judicial precedents.

INDIAN LEGAL SYSTEM: Salient features of the Indian Constitution, fundamental rights: directive principles of the state policy. Executive, Legislature and the judiciary Centre – State relationship.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT: Types – Rural and Urban, constitutional provisions, powers and functions Sources of revenue: Tax and fee, Municipal Finance, essential civil service.

CONTRACT AND TORT: Laws of contract and tort: formation of a contract, parties; void, voidable and unenforceable contract; contingent contract; misrepresentation and fraud-effect thereof termination of contract; remedies for breach; performance of contract; indemnity and guarantee; law of agency; general principles of tort; tort affecting valuation.

CONVEYANCING: Outline procedure for sale of immovable property: contract and conveyance; preliminary inquiries open contract; contract by correspondence. Acquisition and requisition of immovable property – enactments. Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 to 1894). Provisions for acquisition of land under the municipal laws. Law of arbitration and conciliation: salient features. Rent control laws.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) M.J.Sethna, Jurisprudence, Lakhani Book Depot. Lamington Road, Bombay – 400 007
- 2) Durga Das Basu, Introduction to Constitution of India, Lakshmi Publications (P) Ltd., (1998), Kolkatta
- 3) B.S. Sinha, Law of Torts, Eastern Book Company, 34 Lal Baugh, Lucknow – 226 001.

REFERENCES:

- 1) N.M. Tripathi, Indian Contract Act (Students Edition), Mulla Publishers, Princess Street, Bombay 400 002.
- 2) Building Bye-law of Muncipal Corporation of Ahmedabad, Bombay, Delhi & Madras.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	Professor	Civil / AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

SYLLABUS

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT: An Overview. Evolution of finance, The Basic Goal: Creating Shareholder Value, Agency Issues, Business Ethics and Social Responsibility, Time value of money concept.

STRATEGIC INVESTMENT DECISIONS: Capital Budgeting Decisions – Capital Budgeting: Process and Techniques - Payback period, Accounting rate of return, NPV, IRR, MIRR, Profitability index, Discounted payback period, Estimation of cash flows, NPV vs. IRR, Risk analysis in Capital Budgeting - Sensitivity analysis, Certainty Equivalent Approach, Calculation of RADR, Real options.

OVERVIEW OF MARKETING STRATEGY: Relationship with Corporate Vision, Mission and Objectives. Market-led strategic management.

STRATEGIC MARKETING ANALYSIS: Identification of attractive markets, Industry/business analysis and sustaining competitive advantage.

INTEGRATION OF MARKETING STRATEGIES: Application to different business sectors – FMCG, Industrial, & Services. Constraints in marketing strategy implementation. Periodical assessment.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhalla V.K. (2009). Financial Management. New Delhi: Anmol Publications
2. Brealey, R. R., Myers. S., Allen, F., & Mohanty, P. (2009). Principles of corporate finance (8th ed.). New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Brigham, E F., & Davis, P. (2009). Intermediate financial management (10th ed.). USA: South Western

REFERENCES:

1. Brigham, E. F., & Houston, J. F. (2007). Fundamentals of financial Management (11th Ed.). USA: Thomson
2. Chandra, P. (2008). Financial management (7th ed.). New Delhi: McGraw Hill.
3. Hickman, K. A., Hunter, H. O., & Byrd, J. W. (2008). Foundations of corporate finance (2nd ed.). USA South Western.
4. Horne, V. (2008). Fundamentals of financial Management (12th ed.). New Delhi: Pearson Education.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	HOD-Civil	AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVSE34	VALUATION & DOCUMENTATION WRITING								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE															
To introduce the students to understand about the essential structure of a report, purpose and properties of valuation and to consequences of report.															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To learn about the various methods of Essential structure of a report.														
2	To know about the different types of structure in valuation.														
3	To understand the purpose of valuation														
4	To learn the procedure of report writing as per court of law														
5	To understand about the pattern of the examination														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Remember the various methods of Essential structure of a report.													Remember		
CO2. Understand the different types of structure in valuation.													Understand		
CO3. Understand the purpose of valuation													Understand		
CO4. Remember the procedure of report writing as per court of law													Remember		
CO5. Understand the pattern of the examination													Understand		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	L	-	L	L	M	-	L	-	-	L	--	L
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	--	--
CO3	S	S	L	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	M	-
CO4	S	L	S	M	-	M	-	-	L	-	L	-	--	---	--
CO5	S	L	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	L	--	M	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															

INTRODUCTION: Essential structure of a report

STRUCTURE OF A REPORT : The general structure of a report

PURPOSE OF VALUATION: Details required according to the purpose of valuation - Details required according to the type of properties

REPORT WRITING:Consequences of report – Writing a report – Negotiations, Negligence and leading expert evidence in court of law.

GENERAL PRACTICES: Practice and Examination

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) Joseph C. Mancuso, Mastering Technical Writing.
- 2) Matt Young, The Technical Writer's handbook.
- 3) P.T.Hardikkar, Report writing, Academic Book Center (2006), Ahmedabad.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Arlen C. Mills, MAI, Communicating the Appraisal, /The individual condominium or PUD Unit Appraisal Report.
- 2) S. Sreenivas Rao, Hand book for writers and editors, academic Book Centre, 10 Walkeshwar, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad 380 015.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	HOD-Civil	AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVSE35		QUALITY CONTROL AND ASSURANCE IN REAL ESTATE						Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
To introduce the students to understand about the quality, strategic planning, and competitive advantage in real estate, principles of total quality management, customer relationship management techniques, quality control and quality assurance and benefits of control charts and applications															
PREREQUISITE - NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the concept of quality, planning and quality and market share														
2	To learn about the elements and benefits of total quality management														
3	To understand about the customer satisfaction measurement techniques and customer relationship management techniques.														
4	To learn about the quality control and quality assurance														
5	To know about the benefits of control charts and applications														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Understand the concept of quality, planning and quality and market share													Understand		
CO2. Remember the elements and benefits of total quality management													Remember		
CO3. Understand the customer satisfaction measurement techniques and customer relationship management techniques.													Understand		
CO4. Remember the quality control and quality assurance													Remember		
CO5. Understand the benefits of control charts and applications													Understand		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	L	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	M	L
CO2	S	L	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	--
CO3	L	M	M	S	M	M	-	-	-	M	-	-	M	L	--
CO4	S	L	M	M	-	-	-	S	-	M	-	-	--	L	L
CO5	S	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	--	--	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															

QUALITY, STRATEGIC PLANNING, AND COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE: Brief History -Definitions of Quality. Quality in Manufacturing and Service Systems. Quality and Price - Quality and Market Share - Quality and Cost - Quality & Competitive Advantage.

PRINCIPLES OF TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT: Introduction - Elements of Total Quality Management - Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Criteria. Benefits of Total Quality Management. The Deming Management Philosophy – The Juran Philosophy – The Crosby Philosophy.

CUSTOMER FOCUS: The Customer-Driven Quality Cycle - Quality Function Deployment –Customer Satisfaction Measurement Techniques – Customer Relationship Management Techniques.

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE Concept of Quality Control – Concept of Process Variation – Acceptance Sampling – Sampling Inspection Vs. 100% Inspection – Attributes and variable sampling plans – OC Curves – Producer and Consumer Risk – AQL, RQL, TQL, AOQL and AOL. (10%)

STATISTICAL PROCESS CONTROL : Control Charts – X-R, P, np and C Charts – Benefits of Control Charts and Applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Quality Control - Dale H Besterfield – Pearson Education
2. Total Quality Management – S. Sundarrajan
3. Quality Control & Total Quality Management – Jain

REFERENCES:

1. The essence of Total Quality Management – Hansen & Ghare
2. Managing for Total Quality – Logothetic
3. Quality Problem Solving – Smith
4. ISO 9000 – Kairon
5. Manuals of various standards

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	HOD-Civil	AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVSE36	RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE Energy formula and unit, various forms of energy, renewable energy, non renewable energy, Energy consumption of a building, Energy consumption of any industrial site, Energy efficiency calculation.															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the different type of energy.														
2	To learn about the principle, reconstruction and the uses of solar thermal energy.														
3	To understand the basics and advancement in Ocean and Geothermal Energy.														
4	To learn about Sustainable energy for all-planning aspect-action.														
5	To understand the concepts of Renewable Energy Policy.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. List and generally explain the main sources of energy and their primary applications in the world.													Apply		
CO2. Describe the challenges and problems associated with the use of various energy sources, including fossil fuels, with regard to future supply and the environment.													Analyze		
CO3. Discuss remedies/potential solutions to the supply and environmental issues associated with fossil fuels and other energy resources.													Analyze		
CO4. Convert units of energy to quantify energy demands and make comparisons among energy uses, resources, and technologies.													Apply		
CO5. Collect and organize information on renewable energy technologies as a basis for further analysis and evaluation.													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	S	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	S	L
CO 2	S	M	L	M	L	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	-
CO 3	S	L	M	M	-	M	L	-	M	L	-	M	L	-	M
CO 4	S	M	M	M	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	S	L	M	-	L	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	M	S	L
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Types of energy- solar energy- nuclear energy- wind energy- thermal energy- geo thermal energy- fossil fuels-hydroelectric energy- Energy reserves of India- Energy intensity- Energy efficiency- Renewable energy sources- green house effect															
SOLAR THERMAL ENERGY: Solar thermal water heating- solar distillation-solar pumping systems-solar thermal power plant- solar collectors- thermal storage-solar pond- solar pumping systems-solar cooker-solar air condition and refrigerator-energy efficient buildings- assessment of solar radiation- solar photovoltaic system															

OCEAN, HYDRO AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY: Wave and tidal energy, ocean thermal energy conversion - principle, types, power plants- small, mini and micro hydro power plants. Exploration of geothermal energy, geothermal power plants. Introduction to direct energy conversion systems – fuel cells and magneto hydrodynamic power generations

SUSTAINABLE ENERGY : Sustainable energy for all-planning aspect-action area- implementation road map-mobilizing action- Sustainable energy futures, global scenarios, promising technologies, development pathways, clean coal and carbon technologies, electric vehicles, energy fluctuation and energy storage, distributed generation and smart grids.

RENEWABLE ENERGY POLICY: Renewable energy policies, including feed-in tariffs, portfolio standards, policy targets, tax incentives, and biofuels mandates. International policies for climate change and energy security. Economic analysis and comparisons, Life cycle analysis, financial analysis, cost of conserved energy, and externalities. Cost assessment of supply technologies versus energy-efficiency.

TEXT BOOKS:

7. Rai .G .D, “Non-Conventional Energy Sources”, Khanna Publishers, 4th edition, New Delhi, 2009.
8. John E Freund's Mathematical Statistics: (7th Ed.), Miller & Miller, Prentice-Hall
9. Probability and Statistics for Engineers –Miller, Freund-Hall, Prentice India Ltd. 2009
4. Roland Wengenmayr, Thomas Buhrke,” Renewable energy: Sustainable energy concepts for the future”, Wiley-VCH, 1st edition, 2008.

REFERENCES:

5. “Fundamentals of Renewable Energy Systems”. D. Mukherjee, S. Chakrabarti
6. Godfrey Boyle, “Renewable energy”, Oxford University Press, 2nd edition, 2010
7. Hans-Josef Fell, “Global cooling strategies for climate protection”, CRC Press, 2012.
4. Ottmar Edenhofen, “Renewable energy sources and climate change mitigation”, Cambridge University Press, 2011.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	R. Abirami	Asst. Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVSE37	THERMAL INSULATION INSTALLATION								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE One must understand the concept of thermal insulation, need for thermal insulation, materials, safety hazards for a thermal insulation, OSHA standards, Building regulations, MEP works															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the Purpose and need of Insulation.														
2	To learn about the various types of thermal insulation materials.														
3	To understand the basic need for Insulation and Refractoriness.														
4	To learn about properties of Thermal Insulation Materials.														
5	To understand the concepts of Insulation Installation For Residential Housing.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Identify the correct tools for installation of specific thermal insulation processes													Apply		
CO2. Identify the correct materials required for installation of specific thermal insulation and address any defects with materials													Apply		
CO3. Identify potential installation faults and carry out corrective actions where applicable													Apply		
CO4. Ensure installation area is cleaned in accordance with contractual, health and safety and organizational requirements													Apply		
CO5. Demonstrate good practice in relation to the health and safety of the individual, other workers and visitors													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	--	L
CO2	S	M	L	M	-	M	-	-	L	L	-	-	M	--	L
CO3	S	L	M	M	-	L	L	-	-	-	M	-	--	L	--
CO4	M	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	--	--	--
CO5	M	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Thermal insulation, Purpose of Insulation, Need for insulation, Benefits of insulation, Feasibility in insulation, Procedure for proving insulation, heat energy transfer, heat radiation, types and Applications.															
THERMAL INSULATION MATERIALS: Types, mineral wool- Rock or slag, fiber glass, polyurethane foam, polystyrene, cellulose, cellular plastics, plastic fibers, natural fibers, insulating concrete, reflective surface, insulation board.															
INSULATION AND REFRACTORIES: Insulation and Refractories: Insulation-types and application, Economic thickness of insulation, Heat savings and application criteria, Refractory-types, selection and application of refractories, Heat loss.															
PROPERTIES OF INSULATION MATERIALS : Mechanism of heat transfer, thermal conductivity, surface emissivity, insulation thickness, density, specific heat capacity, thermal bridging, Insulations used as buildings, factors affecting insulation performance, compaction effects, moisture, air infiltration, other properties, fire performance, corrosion, moisture absorption, summary.															
INSULATION INSTALLATION FOR RESIDENTIAL HOUSING: Installation tips, thermal bridging, vapour barriers, roof ventilation, gaps, bulk insulation, reflective insulation, roof and ceiling insulation, external wall insulation, flooring insulation, Advantages and disadvantages.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. “Thermal insulation, materials and systems for energy conservation in the ‘80s” by Govan, Greson, Mc Allister.															

2. “Insulation materials, testing and applications”, Mc Elroy/ Kimpflen.
3. “An assessment of Thermal insulation Materials and system for building Applications”, prepared by Brookhaven National Laboratory.

REFERENCES:

1. “Thermal Insulation Materials and systems” by Powell/ Matthews editors
2. “Thermal insulation handbook for the Oil, gas, and petrochemical Industries”, Alireza Bahadori.
3. Sustainable Energy Authority Victoria (SEAV). 2006. Energy smart housing manual, Ch. 7, Insulation

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst .Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.P.Sankar	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Sankarp35vidhu@gmail.com

17CVSE38	SUSTAINABLE URBAN SYSTEMS								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE GIS (geographic information systems) which enables students to process real urban datasets, script and perform spatial analyses, interpret results, and produce visualization. To draw the sketch of urban area in software like CAD. Student must learn to get the plan of urban area from town and country planning authorities.															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the Sustainability urban systems.														
2	To learn about the principle global Sustainable in urban system.														
3	To understand the basics ecological and environmental Sustainability.														
4	To gain the knowledge about public transport and urban development														
5	To understand the concepts of sustainable urban water management.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Identify and support the good practices in green and efficient urban development and planning.													Apply		
CO2. Review policies and foster technologies used to promote energy efficiency and reduced GHG emissions from buildings and transportation.													Apply		
CO3. Review policies and foster technologies necessary to ensure healthy water and sanitation services.													Apply		
CO4. Examine policies and foster technologies necessary for the effective collection, disposable, and possible re-use of waste and in promoting circular economy													Apply		
CO5. Examine, track, and analyze sustainability metrics and indicators for urban centers													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	-	L	-	L	-	S	M	-	L	S	L	--
CO2	S	M	L	L	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	--	S
CO3	M	L	M	S	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	M	--
CO4	S	M	L	L	-	-	S	-	-	-	M	L	--	--	L
CO5	S	L	S	-	-	-	-	M	-	L	-	-	--	L	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION TO SUSTAINABLE URBAN SYSTEM: Sustainability definition, need for sustainability for urban system, land use and urban design issues, sustainability of structures, Design procedure for urban system.															
GLOBAL SUSTAINABILITY : Urban sustainability, natural systems in crisis, climate change causes and effects, Urbanisation, sustainable urban development, complex urban systems, Urban planning strategy.															
ECOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY: Urban ecology and restoration, soil, water and air; energy and materials use, sustainable communities, Urban Planning issues.															
PUBLIC TRANSPORT & URBAN DEVELOPMENT: Sustainable construction techniques, Planning roadways, railways in urban area, Planning national highways which connect various cities, various types of transportation in urban city.															
SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE SYSTEMS: Introduction to sustainable urban water management, technical approaches to reducing water use, Control systems for surface runoff, filter strips and swales, permeable surfaces, paving, ponds and wet lands.															
TEXT BOOKS:															

1. Sustainable Urban Metabolism” by Paulo Ferrao, John E. Fernandez
2. “The Urban Climatic Map: A methodology for sustainable Urban Planning” by Edward Ng, Chao Ren.
3. “Local Sustainable Urban Development in a global world” by Lauren C. Heberie, Susn M. Opp.

REFERENCES:

1. “Pathways to Urban Sustainability: Research and Development on urban systems” by National Research council Policy and Global Affairs Science and technology for Sustainability Program Committee on the challenge of developing Sustainable Urban Systems.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst .Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2.	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE39	ENERGY AUDITING IN SPECIAL STRUCTURES								Category	L	T	P	Credit		
									EC	3	0	0	3		
PREAMBLE Before starting the course one must be able to define the energy audit and its types. Sources of energy, forms of energy and understand the clear concept of special structures.															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the detail energy audit system.														
2	To learn about the Energy resources & electricity consumption.														
3	To study about the various other sources for production of electricity.														
4	To gain the knowledge about various types of energy audit.														
5	To learn about the Estimation of energy economy of the building.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Identify and describe the energy conservation opportunities in industrial and commercial systems.													Apply		
Co2. Apply energy auditing techniques													Apply		
Co3. Describe the energy rate structures.													Apply		
Co4. Examine the economic evaluation of energy conservation solutions.													Apply		
CO5. Use computers to monitor and control energy use.													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	L	-	M	M	L	-	L	-	L	M	-
CO2	S	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	--	--	S
CO3	S	M	M	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	--	--
CO4	L	M	L	M	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	--	M	L
CO5	L	L	M	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	--	--	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Energy Audit, standard energy audit, detail energy audit, stepwise procedures for energy audit, common energy conservation measures, electrical systems, HVAC systems, Compressed air systems, Energy management controls, Indoor Water Management, New technologies, Case studies.															
ENERGY SOURCES AND UTILITY RATE STRUCTURES: Energy resources, electricity consumption, service level, Bill based on 4 RTP rates, home energy audit, Energy efficiency.															
ENERGY SAVING TECHNIQUES: Household- use of CFL, solar panels for usage of electricity. Industrial- usage of various other sources for production of electricity such as coal, hydro energy and solar panels huge size. Comparison of energy saving techniques to conventional method of electricity production.															
ENERGY AUDIT: Define energy audit, macro audit, micro audit, developing an audit plan, defining audit resources, energy analysis methodology, systematic approach, energy management opportunities, Electricity from purchase to end-use, units of energy.															
SPECIAL STRUCTURES: Estimation of energy economy of the building, control and regulation methods. Special structures – more energy consumption than conventional buildings- comparative study. Case study of few energy audit in special structures.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. “Energy Audit of building Systems: An Engineering Approach”, Second Edition by Monoef Krarti															
2. “Energy management handbook” by Wayne C. Turner.															
3. “Green energy Audit of buildings: A guide for a sustainable energy audit of Buildings”, by Giuliano Dall O.															
REFERENCES:															

1. Energy savings toolbox- An energy audit manual and tool.
2. Studies on the structure of the industrial economy : Report on energy audit of paper industry
3. “An energy audit of Kindergartens to improve their energy efficiency”, by Nikolay et.al, St. Petersburg, Russia.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst. Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE40	LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT FOR COMPLEX SYSTEMS							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE Life cycle modeling of products, industrial processes, and infrastructure/building systems; material and energy balances for large interdependent systems; environmental accounting; and life cycle costing. These methods, based on ISO 14000 standards, are used to examine emerging technologies, such as bio based products, building materials, building integrated photovoltaics, and alternative design strategies, such as remanufacturing, dematerialization, LEED, and Design for Environment: Student teams complete a life cycle assessment of a product or system chosen from industry.															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study about the Life cycle assessment & goals.														
2	To learn about the History, methodology and benefit of LCA.														
3	To study about the various process of data collection in LCI.														
4	To gain the knowledge about Green sustainable materials & biocompatible materials.														
5	To learn about the LCA on Residential building, Industrial buildings and bridges.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Articulate the value of a Life Cycle Analysis (LCA)												Apply			
CO2. Outline the steps to conduct an attributional LCA.												Apply			
CO3. Describe common environmental impacts associated with a life cycle inventory of processes.												Apply			
CO4. Approach complex problems with a systems thinking approach.												Analyze			
CO5. Conduct a life cycle assessment.												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	M	-	-	M	-	-	L	-	L	S	--
CO2	S	L	L	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	S	--	M
CO3	S	L	M	L	-	M	-	-	-	L	-	-	--	L	--
CO4	L	S	M	L	-	-	M	M	-	-	L	-	--	L	M
CO5	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	L	L	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Life cycle assessment- goals- purpose- life cycle impact assessment- life cycle inventory- life cycle energy analysis-LCA and environmental systems- risk assessment methods- environmental risk assessment.															
DATA COLLECTION AND METHODOLOGY: Environmental data collection, History of LCA, LCA methodology, LCA benefits and drawbacks.															
LCI DATABASES: Unit process, data and LCI databases, inventory data and LCIA, LCA interpretation, key points of good LCA and examples, Chemical release in environment.															
GREEN SUSTAINABLE MATERIALS: Green sustainable materials, biocompatible materials for future construction- straw, grass Crete, rammed earth, hemp Crete, bamboo, recycled plastic, wood, mycelium, ferrock, ashcrete, timbercrete, and design for sustainability.															
CASE STUDIES: Case studies – LCA on Residential building, Industrial buildings and bridges.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Life cycle of Structural Systems: Design, Assessment, Maintenance and Management, edited by Hitoshi Furuta, Dan M. Frangopol, Mitsuyoshi Akiyama.															
2. Eco-efficient Construction and Building Materials: Life Cycle Assessment, by Fernando Pacheco-Torgal, Luisa F. Cabeza, Joao Labrincha, Aldo Giuntini de Magalhaes															
REFERENCES:															
1. Life-Cycle Civil Engineering: Proceedings of the International Symposium, by Fabio Biondini, Dan Frangopol															

2. Integrated life cycle assessment of concrete structures: State-of-the-art Report, by Federation International du beton
3. NPTEL Notes by Dr. Brajesh Kr. Dubey, Associate Professor in IIT Kharagpur.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst. Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE41	INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT DEVELOPMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

To study the elements of construction planning and scheduling and to apply appropriate tools and techniques like networks and coding systems. To study the elements of quality control and safety of construction projects. To study the monitoring of projects through cost control.

PREREQUISITE

Nil.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To study about the Concepts environment relationship with focus on issues of population
2	To learn about the Application of ecological principles in sustainability.
3	To study about the Land capability and suitability analysis in location and planning of urban.
4	To gain the knowledge about Urban interference in hydrological cycle.
5	To study about the Concepts of effects of air pollution and solid wasted is posalin cavities.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Understand infrastructure organizations	Apply
CO2. Prepare infrastructure master plan	Analyze
CO3. Schedule infrastructure project activities	Analyze
CO4. Prepare project development plan	Apply
CO5. Prepare tender documents for infrastructure project contract	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	M	-	L	-	L	-	-	-	M	L	--
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	L	L
CO3	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	M	-	M	M	-	M	--	--
CO4	M	M	L	M	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	--	--	--
CO5	M	L	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	L	M	--	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INFRASTRUCTURE: Definitions of infrastructure, Governing Features, Historical overview of Infrastructure development in India, Infrastructure Organizations & Systems.

INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING: Typical infrastructure planning steps, Planning and appraisal of major infrastructure projects, Screening of project ideas, Life cycle analysis, Multi-criteria analysis for comparison of infrastructure alternatives, Procurement strategies, Scheduling and management of planning activities, Infrastructure Project Budgeting and Funding, Regulatory Framework, Sources of Funding.

PROJECT MANAGEMENT IN CONSTRUCTION: Introduction to project management processes - Initiating, Planning, Executing, Controlling, and Closing processes; Project Integration Management - Project plan development, Project plan execution, and Overall change control; Project Scope Management - Initiation, Scope planning, Scope definition, Scope verification, and Scope change control.

CONTRACTS AND MANAGEMENT OF CONTRACTS: Engineering contracts and its formulation, Definition and essentials of a contract, Indian Contract Act 1872, types of contracts and clauses for contracts, Preparation of tender documents, Issues related to tendering process, Awarding contract.

AIR QUALITY & SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Sources, types and effects of air pollution and solid wasted is posalin activities, urban industrial processes and land use and transportation implications in air and solid waste pollution;

norms, standards, laws, organizations and policies in urban air quality control and solid waste management; example stabilized organic fraction best practices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. S. Goodman and M. Hastak, Infrastructure planning handbook: Planning, engineering, and economics, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2006.
2. J. Parkin and D. Sharma, Infrastructure planning, Thomas Telford, London, 1999.
3. P. Chandra, Projects: Planning, analysis, selection, financing, implementation, and review, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. J. Kelly, S. Male and D. Graham, Value management of construction projects, Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, 2003.
2. Vasant Desai, "Project Management", Himalaya Publishing , 1st Edition, 2010
3. James C. Van Horne, John M. Wachowicz, "Fundamentals of Financial Management",
4. PHI, 2nd Edition, 2000 Ronald W Hudson, "Infrastructure Management: integrating design, Construction, maintenance, rehabilitation and renovation", MGH, 1st Edition, 1997.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst. Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.J. Karthick Rajan	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	Karthickrajan078@gmail.com

17CVSE42	GREEN BUILDING AND ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

Before starting with this course one must get a clear knowledge on the basics of green building, learning the plan details of HVAC for a building, energy efficient modeling.

PREREQUISITE

Nil.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To study about the Development & Plan Implementation.
2	To learn about the fundamentals of electric power systems and building electric wiring.
3	To study about the Bioclimatic design and concepts.
4	To gain the knowledge about Water conservation & water management systems.
5	To learn about the Key components of remodelling project.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Describe what green building	Apply
CO2. Understand the benefits and advantages of green building practices	Apply
CO3. Identify and describe green systems and features in residential and commercial buildings	Analyze
CO4. Define what makes up a healthy building	Apply
CO5. Describe green and sustainable materials and practices	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	M	-	S	-	-	M	-	--	--	M
CO2	M	L	L	M	-	-	S	-	M	L	-	-	L	--	--
CO3	S	M	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	--	--	--
CO4	S	M	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	M	L
CO5	M	L	L	-	-	-	M	-	-	M	L	L	L	M	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

GREEN BUILDING BASICS AND PRACTICES: Site Design / Development & Plan Implementation, Resource Efficiency, Energy Efficiency, Water Efficiency, Indoor Environmental Quality and Homeowner Education, Operation, Maintenance & Practices. Assessment of building design and construction, emission of CO₂, SO₂, and NO₂ of building materials, elements, and construction process.

ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OF BUILDINGS: The objective of the course is to provide students the necessary tools to control, monitor and optimize the building's facilities, mechanical and electrical equipment for comfort, safety, and efficiency. It starts with the fundamentals of electric power systems and building electric wiring and then works through building automation systems (BAS) principles. The course allows students to acquaint applying BAS to commercial HVAC equipment, lighting systems, fire systems and security/observation systems.

LOW ENERGY ARCHITECTURE, PASSIVE BUILDING DESIGN: Solar geometry, climate/regional limitations, natural lighting, passive design and sustainability initiatives, insulating and energy storing material. Bioclimatic design and concepts. Case studies will be used extensively as a vehicle to discuss the success/failure of ideas and their physical applications.

WATER MANAGEMENT, BUILDING METHODS & MATERIALS : Water conservation, water management systems, water efficient landscaping, green roofing, rainwater harvesting, sanitary fixtures and plumbing systems, wastewater treatment and reuse, and process water strategies. AAC (Aerated Auto clave Concrete), ICF (Insulated Concrete Forms), new Advanced Framing & Insulation Techniques, SIPs (Structural Insulated Panels), Straw Bale and Pumice-crete Rammed Earth, Timber Frame, Straw Clay, and Earth ship buildings.

ENERGY EFFICIENT REMODELING : Key components of remodeling projects-windows, walls, roofs, heating and ventilation, insulation, tighten up the building envelope, Advances in building technology and materials, Incorporate active and passive solar into the home or commercial building, Mistakes to avoid, various improvements cost

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kibert, C. J. "Sustainable Construction: Green Building Design and Delivery," Second Edition, New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2008.
2. Thermal analysis and design of passive solar buildings by A. K. Athienitis and Mat Santamouris.
3. Passive building design by N.K. Bansal, G. Hauser, and G. Minke

REFERENCES:

1. McDonough, W. and Braungart, M. "Cradle to Cradle: Remaking the Way We Make Things," New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2002

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1.	R. Abirami	Asst. Prof-I	AVIT	abirami.civil@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVES43	INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING AND URBANIZATION PROCESS	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course offers the various methods of Demonstrate knowledge of and a critical understanding of, statistical methodologies and Show an awareness of how different statistical models and techniques can be applied to financial problems

PREREQUISITE

Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	This course is designed to provide a general understanding of various issues caused by the Infrastructure.
2	Students can be able to approach a design aspect of the exact urban infrastructure requirements
3	They can appreciate the planning methodology after the successful learned from the core
4	We can suggest and comprehend the challenges in the construction Industry exactly the Infrastructure Maintenance
5	The major emphasis in this course will be on water supply, sewerage, storm water drainage, roads and solid water management.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Demonstrate knowledge of, and a critical understanding of, statistical methodologies (including the main concepts and methods of inference and modelling)	Apply
CO2. Understand and apply a range of statistical techniques based on the main theories and concepts which comprise the syllabus, including the central limit theorem	Apply
CO3. Show an awareness of how different statistical models and techniques can be applied to financial problems	Apply
CO4. Appreciate the Knowledge gained by the Fire Fighting Techniques in the Urban Infrastructure Buildings	Understand
Co5. Ability to understand the procurement process required in the field of power requirements and the communication Networks	Understand

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	S	M	L	--	--	--	L	--	L	M	--	--	--	M
CO2	S	S	M	--	L	--	M	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
CO3	L	L	L	--	--	--	--	--	--	L	--	M	L	L	M
CO4	M	S	L	--	--	L	--	--	M	--	--	--	--	S	--
CO5	L	S	M	--	--	--	--	-M	--	L	--	--	L	S	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Concepts of basic needs, formation of objectives and standards. Data requirements for programme planning of urban networks and service; feasibility planning studies for structure the infrastructure systems General Introduction to Infrastructure and its components and overview of the course contents.

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL AND MANAGEMENT: Resource recovery, technology options and determination of type and choice of systems as related to land use, density, economic levels and location of urban industrial and commercial activity areas. Quantity of sewage, quantity of storm water, run off, time of concentration, design of sewers, flow diagrams, laying of sewers, sewer appurtenances. Design and layout of sewerage system. Project Management (Need Assessment, Structure, MIS, Project Management Packages (Brief Introduction to MSPROJ/WINPROJ). Integrated Infrastructure Planning:

WATER SUPPLY: Planning water supply; resource analysis quality of water system design; technological choices of alternatives Issues related to the choice of centralized city water supply versus decentralized systems. Water demand (Context, Need Assessment and Planning requirements) - data to be collected, rate of demand, variations in rate of demand and effects of variations on design. Measurements of water qualities, forecasting demand. Conveyance and distribution system - General considerations, methods of distribution, service reservoirs, systems of supply, methods of lay out distribution pipes, wastage of water and permissible factors.

FIRE FIGHTING: Planning for fire protection, services and space standards. Prevention fire requirements, fire classification of construction, firefighting, fittings and fixtures and design for tall building and neighborhood lay out fire hazards, water demand calculations.

OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE: Concepts and theories for design and operation of electricity networks, power generation (conventional and non-conventional) communication networks like telephone facilities, WLL, cable TV, Fibre optic and other broadband communications networks, etc.

TEXT BOOKS:

3. John E Freund's Mathematical Statistics: (7th Ed.), Miller & Miller, Prentice-Hall
4. Probability and Statistics for Engineers – Miller, Freund-Hall, Prentice India Ltd. 2009

REFERENCES:

1. Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers---Montgomery and Runger—Wiley, India.
2. Applied Mathematics for Engineers and Physicists—Pipes and Harvill. McGraw Hill International Edition, 1970
3. Sampling techniques—Cochran, Wiley Series, 2008.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs. Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr. S. Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVES44	URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND LAW							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE This course offers the various methods of knowledge of Building Laws & Principles of Management designed to provide the student with a thorough understanding of both the role that Enterprise Resource Planning Systems															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	This course is designed to provide the student with a thorough understanding of both the role that Enterprise Resource Planning Systems (ERPs).														
2	It is also plays an organization growth towards learned technologies														
3	This makes a key role importance in the challenging task of managing the Information Systems (IS) function														
4	Production unit has huge scope on ERP and cost cutting elemental tools helps a huge amount of savings in terms of large scale business industry														
5	Audit is the important key note which is upholding tool for this ERP so that it can stand the marketing gain and losses into simple balance sheet														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Describe the role of an ERP in carrying out business processes in a company												Apply			
Co2. Explain how ‘best business practices’ are incorporated in an ERP												Apply			
Co3. Execute an entire business process chain in the following areas (i)Sales, (ii)Procurement, (iii)Production, (iv)Accounting.												Apply			
Co4. Strategize pricing, production and sales in a competitive commodity market												Apply			
CO5. Analyze sales data in an ERP to dynamically respond to changing market conditions to maximize profits												Apply			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	M	--	M
CO2	S	M	L	M	-	M	-	-	L	L	-	-	M	L	--
CO3	S	L	M	M	-	L	L	-	-	-	M	-	--	--	--
CO4	S	M	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	--	L	M
CO5	S	M	M	L	S	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	--	L	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION TO URBAN GOVERNANCE: Meaning Of Governance And Government; Scope Of Governance, Evolution Of Concept Of Governance; Theories Of Local Government; History Of Urban Local Bodies In India, Evolution Of Modern Urban Local Governments During British Rule; Decentralization Of Local Government; Recommendations Of Various Committees; Politics And Progress Of Decentralization.															
GOVERNANCE AND THE GOVERNMENT: Government, governing and governance; Determinants and indicators of good governance; Citizens charter and other instruments; Decision making processes; Need for openness and transparency; People’s participation, collaborative management; Local governance															
GOVERNANCE FOR URBAN MANAGEMENT: Evolution of development and management systems; Scope of development management at the National, state and local levels; Hierarchy of urban settlements; Institutions and organizations; Stake holders, their perceptions and role in urban management															
GOVERNANCE AND URBANIZATION Processes of urbanization, developmental conflicts, resource constraints, systems deficiencies; Urban poverty and exclusion from development process; Sustainable development; Impact of globalization and economic reforms; Social diversities; Defects in planning approaches, multiplicity of organizations and authorities.															
GOVERNANCE IN POST 74TH AMENDMENT SCENARIO: Planning, governance and spatial strategy; Best practices of planning and quality of governance															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Enterprise Resource Planning, 3rd Edition, by <i>Bret Wagner and Ellen Monk</i> , ISBN: 9781423901792, ©2009															
2. SAP R/3, Business Blueprint, 2 nd Edition, by <i>Thomas A. Curran & Andrew Ladd</i> , Prentice Hall PTR, ©2000, ISBN: 0-13-085340-2															

REFERENCES:

1. Essentials of Business Processes and Information Systems, by *Simha R. Magal and Jeffrey Word* , ©2010, ISBN: 978-0-470-23059-6
2. Integrated Business Processes with ERP Systems, Preliminary Edition, by *Simha R. Magal and Jeffrey Word*, ISBN: 978-0-470-88424-9

COURSE DESIGNERS

S. No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

1. Professional Construction Management Barrie-Paulson-McGraw Hill Institute Edition, 2011.
2. Construction management Fundamentals by Knutson, Schexnayder, Fiori, Mayo, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2015.

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2	Mr.S.Prakash	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	tsprakashcivil@gmail.com

17CVES46	CONSTRUCTION & CONTRACT SAFETY MANAGEMENT						Category	L	T	P	Credit				
							EC	3	0	0	3				
PREAMBLE This course offers the various methods quality aspects in a construction project economic, financial and management, legal and administrative aspects.															
PREREQUISITE Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To study the quality aspects in a construction project														
2	To study in detail the quality control tools														
3	Management aspects of the traffic flow control and social activities														
4	Slum board clearance and improvement aspects schemes has to be understand allotments for the building bylaws														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Maintain the quality aspects in a construction Projects											Apply				
CO2. Learnt the Quality control tools											Apply				
CO3. Appraise the social aspects of conservation, traffic and management issues											Apply				
CO4. Slum board clearance and improvement schemes has to be understand the bylaws for the allotment has to be apprehended											Understand				
CO5. Implement urban renewal programs archaeological facts tend to be considered for the conservation of sites in India and abroad											Understand				
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
CO S	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	S	M	L	-	-	M	L	M	L	-	-	L	L	--	S
CO 2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	M	L	M	L	-	M	--	--
CO 3	M	L	M	-	-	S	S	-	M	L	M	-	M	M	--
CO 4	M	L	M	-	-	S	S	-	M	L	M	M	--	L	L
CO 5	-	S	-	-	M	L	M	L	-	-	S	-	--	L	--
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Overview and introduction of the basic concepts of conservation; values, attitudes and principles for judging the conservation importance of sites, areas and related Typology; scope and basic technique of urban conservation; Urban renewal as a part of metropolitan plan; identification of urban renewal areas; conservation, rehabilitation and redevelopment urban renewal policies and strategies															
ECONOMIC, FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT ASPECTS: Economic and spatial implications of urban renewal programs, mobilization of resources; incentive zoning-management of urban renewal areas															
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT: Economic and social aspects of conservation, traffic and management issues; Conservation policies- case studies															
SLUMS: Clearance and improvement schemes, planning aspects, land management, social economic issues, public participation, government schemes and their critical evaluation															

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE ASPECTS: National and international experience in implementing urban renewal programs; Legal and administrative aspects, archaeological acts / charters pertaining to conservation, development and conservation; Case studies of proposals for urban conservation of sites / areas in India and abroad

TEXT BOOKS:

5. Mantri Handbook – A to Z of Construction – Mantri Publications ,2001
6. Juran's Quality Handbook – Joseph M. Juran, A. Blanton. Godfrey – McGraw Hill International Edition (1998)

REFERENCES:

3. Chitkara. K.K. “Construction Project Management: Planning Scheduling and Control”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
4. Calin M. Popescu, Chotchal Charoenngam, “Project Planning, Scheduling and Control in Construction: An Encyclopedia of terms and Applications”, Wiley, New York, 2005.

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1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVES47	ICT BASED CITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course offers the various methods of changing scenario in the spatial order of cities and regions as well as the emergence of virtual societies in the world social networks among communities across the city, country and globe demand for paradigm shift in the spatial planning outlook and governance edge

PREREQUISITE

Nil.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	To make students aware and exposed to changing scenario of virtual societies in the world
2	The spatial order of cities like drinking water provision, transportation, sanitation facility etc.,
3	The students will be in a position to understand the use and power of emerging new technologies
4	Social networks among communities across the city, country and globe
5	Paradigm shift in the spatial planning outlook and governance edge.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Students are able to cope up with the application technology	Apply
CO2. Students understand its impact on the infrastructure Planning and development at the house, neighborhood and city levels.	Analyze
CO3. Appraise the spatial order of cities like drinking water provision, transportation, sanitation facility etc.,	Analyze
CO4. Building smart cities and smart communities with the help of Social networks among communities across the city, country and globe	Apply
CO5. Ability to Understand the Paradigm shift in the spatial planning outlook and governance edge.	Analyze

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	-	-	M	M	S	M	M	-	M	M	L
CO2	-	L	-	-	M	M	M	-	-	L	-	-	-	L	-
CO3	-	-	L	L	L	-	L	M	M	M	M	M	-	-	L
CO4	M	M	-	L	-	L	-	L	L	L	-	M	M	M	-
CO5	-	L	-	M	M	-	-	L	-	L	-	-	-	L	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

PLANNING VS TECHNOLOGY: Tradition to modernity – Spatial planning and technology interface - Socio-economic planning and technology interface – Planning cities and local technologies - Technological innovations and responsive city planning - Planning responsive technology Vs technology responsive planning.

CITIES-TECHNOLOGY-INFRASTRUCTURE: Transportation and technology, water, sanitation and technology, energy efficient technology for home, street, neighborhoods and city - Telecommunication, health and education – Security and safety for buildings and people in cities.

TECHNO CITIES: Digital cities, virtual cities, technology parks - Smart planning and infill development – Planning, design and communication system - Socio-economic and environmental Impact of techno cities..

GOVERNANCE: Role of law and technology, administration and organization, industry and corporate, communities and people in building smart cities and smart communities.

CASE STUDIES: Best practices in India and around the world.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Brkovic, M. B., 'Planning in the Information Age: Opportunities and Challenges of e-Planning, CORP, 2004

2. City Government of Naga, 'The Naga City Citizen Charters- A Guide Book of City Government Services. 2004

REFERENCES:

1. Elizabeth, S. Frans, V. 'IDENSITY: Planning Paradigms for the Information Communication Age', Isocarp Congress, 2001.
2. Intelligent Community forum, 'Innovation and Employment in the Intelligent Community", Intelligent Community forum, 2012
3. Komakech, D., 'Achieving More Intelligent Cities", Municipal Engineer, 2005.

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2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVES48	URBAN FINANCE							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE															
This course offers the various methods of institutional mechanism in place for the governance at the local level and their functional and financial powers, capabilities and opportunities to prepare financial operating plans for the municipal bodies and suggest appropriate approaches and financial resources for implementation of various city level projects.															
PREREQUISITE															
Nil.															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	To give an understanding to the students of the institutional mechanism														
2	The Student must be able to appreciate the knowledge in place for the governance at the local level														
3	The systematic approaches from the government local bodies and their functional relationships between the government and the people has to appraised														
4	The financial powers of the local government implementation in the infrastructure development														
5	Government rural bodies development and implication capabilities and opportunities which is available in the local government bodies.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. The students will gain necessary skills to prepare the kind of five year plan has to be adopted and created for the people scope of knowledge												Apply			
CO2. Students can acquire the sufficient knowledge in the field of Financial Management for the regulatory bodies												Understand			
CO3. Acknowledge the learned values for the sake of Privatization in the Civil Services												Apply			
CO4. Funds from various appropriate approaches for the city enrichment implementation towards the growth												Apply			
CO5. Financial resources for implementation of various city level												Understand			
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	L	-	M	M	M	M	M	L	-	-	L	-	M
CO2	S	S	M	L	-	M	L	M	-	-	S	L	M	L	-
CO3	S	S	-	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	S	L	-	-	S
CO4	M	L	M	-	-	M	L	M	-	L	L	-	M	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	L	L	-	-	S	-
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
AN OVER-VIEW: Organization of local self governments - The 74th CAA-context and implications - Election of local body governments-need and process - Urbanization process and its Impacts on civic services - Urban development through Five Year Plans - Status of civic services in urban Sector - Investment requirements - Limitation of funds in government and private Sectors.															
MUNICIPAL FINANCE: Nature and composition of income and expenditure - Limitations and need for revenue enhancements - Expenditure control methods and mechanisms - Budgetary allocation from central and state governments for urban development - Assistance from foreign donors and multilateral agencies - Non traditional sources of funding – Market access – Pool finance-prerequisite - Conditions for accessing non-traditional funds.															
ADDITIONAL FUNDING SOURCES : Types of partnership approaches - Privatization of civic services - Public private partnership Mechanisms - Types of contracts and ownerships - Emerging cost- effective technology interventions - User charged projects – Pricing of services.															

RESOURCES BASED ON ACHIEVEMENT OF URBAN REFORMS : Role of state government and urban local bodies - City's challenge fund - Urban Reforms implications on resources - Incentive fund - State level pooled - Finance development fund.

INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT: Better finance management and management process – Accounting and budgeting, Asset management and receivables management - Cost centre approach – Financial operating plan - City corporate plan - Development of urban indicators – Computerization and management information system.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Narayanan, Access to Market Fund, EDATEN
2. Course Materials for Training Finance Officers of ULBs by TNUDP II at Anna Institute of Management, Chennai – Administrative Staff College, Hyderabad – HSMI, HUDCO, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. Broadbent, 'Planning and Profit in the Urban Economy', Meuthen & Co. Ltd, U.K. 1997.
2. Edward J. Blakely, 'Planning Local Economic Development', SAGE Publications, New Delhi, 1994

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1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVES49	URBAN DESIGN PROJECT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This course offers the various methods of institutional mechanism in place for the governance at the local level and their functional and financial powers, capabilities and opportunities to prepare financial operating plans for the municipal bodies and suggest appropriate approaches and financial resources for implementation of various city level projects.

PREREQUISITE

Nil

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Read a lot of new theories and ideas
2	Connect disparate ideas and literatures
3	Brainstorm how these ideas affect our interests.
4	Be present for, contribute to, and participate in excellent discussions
5	At the end of this course students will be conversant with Urban Infrastructure Challenges at Present in India

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Learnt a knowledge about Infrastructure and Needs for an Infrastructure	Understand
Co2. How to manage Infrastructure Projects by using different ideas and literatures	Understand
Co3. Privatization effects in Infrastructure has been understood clearly	Understand
Co4. Case Studies has been understood for to avoid future Problems	Apply
CO5. Analyse the framework and Mitigation Managements in the Sustainable development	Apply

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1.	-	S	S	M	L	M	L	M	L	M	L	-	-	S	--
CO1.	S	M	L	-	M	M	M	M	M	L	-	-	M	--	--
CO2.	-	M	L	M	L	M	-	S	-	S	L	L	-	L	--
CO3.	L	L	-	L	M	L	M	L	M	L	-	-	M	--	L
CO4.	M	L	M	L	-	S	-	-	-	L	-	L	M	--	L

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

AN OVERVIEW OF BASIC CONCEPTS RELATED TO INFRASTRUCTURE: Introduction to Infrastructure, An overview of the power, water supply, sanitation, road, rail, air, port, telecommunications, urban & rural infrastructure sectors in India.

INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT: A Historical overview of Infrastructure Privatization-Benefits, Problems. Challenges in Privatization of water supply: A case study of Cochabamba, Bolivia. Challenges in Privitization of Power: Case study from the Philipines. Privitization of Infrastructure in India: Case study of the Tirupur Water supply project. Privitization of Road Transportation Infrastructure in India.

CHALLENGES TO SUCCESSFUL INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION: Mapping and Facing the Landscape of Risks in Infrastructure Projects. Economic and Demand Risks: The case of the Vadodhara-Halol Expressway. Political Risks-I: The case of the Chand-Cameroon Pipeline. Political Risks-II: The Dabhol Powerplant case study. Socio-Environmental Risks-I: The case of Bujagali Dam in Uganda, Socio-Environmental Risks-II: The case of Conoco's Oil Exploration in South America. Cultural risks in International Infrastructure Projects. Legal and Contractual Issues in Infrastructure. Challenges in Construction and Maintenance of Infrastructure.

PRIVATE INVOLVEMENT IN INFRASTRUCTURE: A Historical overview of Infrastructure Privatization-Benefits, Problems. Challenges in Privatization of water supply: A case study of Cochabamba, Bolivia. Challenges in Privitization of Power: Case study from the Philipines. Privitization of Infrastructure in India: Case study of the Tirupur Water supply project. Privitization of Road Transportation Infrastructure in India.

STRATEGIES FOR SUCCESSFUL INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION: Risk Management Framework for Infrastructure Projects. Shaping the Planning phase of Infrastructure Projects to mitigate risks. Designing

Sustainable Contracts, Introduction to Fair process and Negotiation. Negotiating with multiple Stakeholders on Infrastructure Projects. Sustainable development of Infrastructure. Information technology and Systems for successful Infrastructure Management. Innovative Design and Maintenance of Infrastructure Facilities. Infrastructure Modelling and Life Cycle Analysis Techniques

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Urban Planning, “Anthony James catanese, James C. snyder”
2. Urban Infrastructure in Transition: Networks, Buildings and Plans, “ Timothy Moss, Simon Marvin”
3. Narayanan, Access to Market Fund, EDATEN
4. Course Materials for Training Finance Officers of ULBs by TNUDP II at Anna Institute of Management, Chennai – Administrative Staff College, Hyderabad – HSMI, HUDCO, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. Broadbent, ‘Planning and Profit in the Urban Economy’, Meuthen& Co. Ltd, U.K. 1997.
2. Edward J. Blakely, ‘Planning Local Economic Development’, SAGE Publications, New Delhi, 1994

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1	Mrs.Subathra	AP Gr II	AVIT	subathra@avit.ac.in
2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

REFERENCES:

1. John G. Rau and David C. Wooten, "Environmental Impact Analysis", McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1980.
2. Petts, J., Handbook of Environmental Impact Assessment, Vol., I and II, Blackwell Science London. 1999.
3. Biswas, A.K., and Agarwala, S.B.C. Environmental Impact Assessment for Developing Countries, Butterworth Heinemann, London. 1994.
4. The World Bank Group, Environmental Assessment Source Book Vol. I, II and III. The World Bank, Washington, 1991.
5. Kolluru Rao et.al "Risk assessment and management handbook", McGraw-Hill Inc., 1996.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	C. Nivetha	Assistant Professor	AVIT	nivethachandru92@gmail.com
2	Mr.A.Fizoor Rahman	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	fizoorrahman@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE51		INSTRUMENTAL MONITORING OF ENVIRONMENT								Category	L	T	P	Cre dit	
										EC	3	0	0	3	
PREAMBLE															
This Course helps in understanding the basics of instrumental measurements of environment and gives knowledge about chromatography, Electro and radio analytical methods.															
PREREQUISITE															
NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	Understand the basics of instrumental measurement and its preliminary corrections while doing the experiments														
2	Gain knowledge on various spectroscopic instruments														
3	Gain knowledge on chromatographs and working principles of various types of chromatographs.														
4	Gain knowledge on basic and working principle of Electro and radio analytical methods.														
5	Understand the principle behind continuous monitoring and the various instruments used for continuous monitoring.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1.Perform the experiments individually for various environmental parameters													Understand		
CO2.Work on the various spectrographic instruments used for environmental quality monitoring.													Analyze		
CO3.Work with various chromatographs in environmental quality monitoring areas.													Analyze		
CO4.Use and access various electro and radio instruments in various environmental quality monitoring area.													Apply		
CO5.Understand the principles behind continuous monitoring, for analyzing the various gaseous emissions and water.													Apply		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	M	M	S	M	-	-	L	-	L	-	M	S	L	M
CO2	S	M	L	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-	--	--	M
CO3	M	L	L	S	-	M	M	-	L	-	-	-	L	--	--
CO4	M	M	M	S	-	-	-	-	-	M	L	L		S	--
CO5	S	M	M	S	-	-	L	-	-	-	-		L	--	L
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
INTRODUCTION: Instrumental Methods, Selection of method, Precision and Accuracy, Errors in measuring signals, Noise/signal ratio, base line drift, Indicator tubes.															
SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS: Electromagnetic radiation, matter radiation interactions, Colorimetry and spectrophotometry, fluorimetry, nephelometry and turbidimetry, flame photometry Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS), Atomic Emission Spectrometry (AES) - Inductively coupled plasma (ICP) and Direct Current Plasma (DCP) spectrometry. ICP - MS (Mass spectrometry).															
CHROMATOGRAPHIC METHODS: Classical methods, Column, Paper and thin layer chromatography (TLC), Gas Chromatography (GC), GC-MS, High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and Ion chromatography (IC).															
ELECTRO AND RADIO ANALYTICAL METHODS: Conductometry, potentiometry, coulometry, amperometry polarography, Neutron Activation Analysis (NAA), X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) and X-ray Diffraction (XRD) methods.															
CONTINUOUS MONITORING INSTRUMENTS: Non-dispersive infra-red (NDIR) analyzer for CO, chemiluminescent analyzer for NOx, Fluorescent analyzer for SO2, Auto analyzer for water quality using flow injection analysis; permeation devices.															
TEXT BOOKS:															
1. Ewing "Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis", 5th Edition., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1995															
REFERENCES:															
1. Willard, H., Merritt, L., Dean, D.A. and Settle. F.A. "Instrumental methods of analysis, 7th Edition, Worlds Worth, New York, 2004															

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1	C. Nivetha	Assistant Professor	AVIT	nivethachandru92@gmail.com
2	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in
2	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	HoD -Civil	AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in

2. Constitutional Law of India - J.N. Pandey 1997 (31st Edition) Central Law Agency, Allahabad.
3. Administrative Law U.P.D. Kesari 1998. Universal Book Trade, Delhi.
4. Environmental Law H.N. Tiwari, Allahabad Law Agency 1997.
5. Environmental Policy. Forest Policy, Bare Acts - Government Gazette Notification.

COURSE DESIGNERS

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1	C. Nivetha	Assistant Professor	AVIT	nivethachandru92@gmail.com
2	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

2. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publications, London, 1998. 3. Bowers, J., Sustainability and Environmental Economics - An Alternative Text, Longman London, 1997.

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2	Mr.Sathiyaraj R	Asst.Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	sathiyaraj@vmkvec.edu.in

17CVSE55	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL APPLICATION							Category	L	T	P	Credit			
								EC	3	0	0	3			
PREAMBLE This Course helps in gaining knowledge about remote sensing and GIS for environment application.															
PREREQUISITE NIL															
COURSE OBJECTIVES															
1	Be acquainted with the concepts of Remote sensing, EMR interaction with Environmental issues.														
2	Be familiar with remote sensing platform systems, its satellites and sensors.														
3	Gain knowledge on data processing using image processing software.														
4	Gain knowledge on GIS and GIS software.														
5	Be familiar with monitoring environment using remote sensing and GIS.														
COURSE OUTCOMES															
On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to															
CO1. Develop knowledge on concept of remote sensing.													Understand		
CO2. Be aware of remote sensing platforms and sensors.													Understand		
CO3. Identify the steps in Image processing software.													Apply		
CO4. Relate the problems in GIS software.													Apply		
CO5. Describe the environmental application using remote sensing and GIS.													Analyze		
MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES															
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	-	-	S	-	S	S	M	-	L	L	L
CO2	M	L	M	L	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	L	M	L
CO3	S	M	M	L	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	M	--	-
CO4	S	S	M	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	S	M	L
C05	S	-	M	-	M	L				L	L		-	--	M
S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low															
SYLLABUS															
PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRO MAGNETIC RADIATION: Concepts of Remote Sensing - Energy sources and radiation principles, Energy interactions in the atmosphere - Spectral reflectance of earth surface features. REMOTE SENSING PLATFORMS: Aerial Photographs, Photographic Systems - Visible, Infra Red and Microwave sensing - Active and passive sensors - Satellites and their sensors, Indian Space Program - Satellite data products DATA PROCESSING: Photogrammetry - Satellite data analysis - Visual Interpretation, Interpretation equipments - Digital Image Processing - Image rectification, enhancement, classification, data merging and biophysical modeling - Image Processing software.															
GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM : Introduction to GIS concepts - Data base structure - Data analysis - GIS software															
REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATIONS: Management and monitoring of environment, conservation of resources, coastal zone management - Limitations.															
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W., Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2004.															
REFERENCES: 1. Burrough, P.A. and McDonnell, R.A., Principles of Geographic Information Systems, Oxford University Press, New York, 2001. 2. Lintz, J. and Simonet, Remote Sensing of Environment, Addison Wesley Publishing Company, New Jersey, 1998.															
COURSE DESIGNERS															
S.No	Name of the Faculty			Designation		Name of the College				Mail ID					
1	Mrs.S. Supriya			Asst. Professor		Civil / VMKVEC				jansupriyanair@gmail.com					
2	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha			HoD -Civil		AVIT				sangeetha@avit.ac.in					

17CVSE56	WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT	Category	L	T	P	Credit
		EC	3	0	0	3

PREAMBLE

This Course helps in understanding about various methods of wastewater treatment and management.

PREREQUISITE

NIL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Be familiar with the concept of aerobic and anaerobic treatment of waste water.
2	Be acquainted with the origin of various units of Aerobic treatment of waste water.
3	Be acquainted with the design and concepts of various units of Anaerobic treatment of waste water.
4	Gain knowledge on sludge treatment and disposal.
5	Understand the operations, maintenance and management of sewage treatment plants.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1. Describe the concept of aerobic and anaerobic treatment of waste water.	Understand
CO2. Develop knowledge on the design of various unit of Aerobic treatment of waste water.	Understand/Apply
CO3. Develop knowledge on the design of various unit of Anaerobic treatment of waste water.	Understand/Analyze
CO4. Identify the ways of treatment of sludge and its disposal.	Analyze
CO5. Be aware of the operation, maintenance and management of sewage treatment plants.	Understand

MAPPING WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	S	L	L	L	-	-	S	-	S	S	M	-	M	-	--
CO2	M	L	M	L	M	-	-	M	-	-	-	-	L	M	L
CO3	L	L	M	M	M	-	M	-	-	-	-	M	L	--	-
CO4	S	S	L	L	-	-	-	-	M	-	-	-	S	L	L
C05	L	-	M	-	M	L				L	L		-	--	M

S- Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Objectives of biological treatment - significance - aerobic and anaerobic treatment - kinetics of biological growth - Factors affecting growth attached and suspended growth - Determination of Kinetics coefficients for organics removal - Biodegradability assessment - selection of process.

AEROBIC TREATMENT OF WASTEWATER: Design of sewage treatment plant units - screen chamber, Grit chamber with proportional flow weir, sedimentation tank - Trickling filters, Rotating Biological contactor, activated sludge process & variations, aerated lagoons, waste stabilization ponds - nutrient removal systems - natural treatment systems - Disinfected disposal options - reclamation and reuse - Flow charts, layout, hydraulic profile - Recent advances.

ANAEROBIC TREATMENT OF WASTEWATER: Attached and suspended growth, Design of units - UASB, up flow filters, Fluidized beds - Septic tank and disposal - Nutrient removal systems - Layout and Hydraulic profile - Recent advances.

SLUDGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL: Design of Sludge management facilities, sludge thickening, sludge digestion, Biogas generation, sludge dewatering (mechanical and gravity) - upgrading existing plants - ultimate residue disposal - Recent Advances.

OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT AND CASE STUDIES: Operational problems - Trouble shooting, Planning, Organizing and Controlling of plant operations - capacity building, Case studies on sewage treatment plants - sludge management facilities.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Metcalf & Eddy, Inc. "Wastewater Engineering, Treatment and Reuse, Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Arceivala, S.J., Wastewater treatment for pollution control, TMH, New Delhi, 1998.
2. Manual on "Sewerage and Sewage Treatment" CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, GOI, New Delhi, 1999.
3. Qasim, S.R, Wastewater Treatment Plant, Planning, Design & Operation Technomic Publications, New York, 1994.

COURSE DESIGNERS

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Name of the College	Mail ID
1	Mrs.S. Supriya	Asst. Professor	Civil / VMKVEC	jansupriyanair@gmail.com
2	Dr.S.P.Sangeetha	HoD -Civil	AVIT	sangeetha@avit.ac.in